CALIFORNIA STATE

Part 1—News Sheet—Pages 1 to 8.

The Los Angeles Times

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XVITH YEAR. [At the Counter... 3 Cents. By the Month.....75 Cents.] SATURDAY MORNING, JANUARY 30, 1897.—TWO PARTS: 14 PAGES. PRICE {On Streets and Trains / At All News Agencies} 5c

Cal State Library

AMUSEMENTS—
With Dates of Events.

LOS ANGELES THEATER— C. M. WOOD, Lessee. H. C. WYATT, Manager
MATINEE TODAY. Last Performance Tonight.
Denman Thompson's Famous Play,
The Old Homestead, Under the Management of Frank Thompson and Wm. Warmington.
The Original Old Homestead Double Quartette. Select Company of 23 Players. Wonderful Electrical Effects. Prices, 25c, 50c, 75c and $1.00. Seats now on sale.

BURBANK THEATER.— A. Y. PEARSON, Manager.
TONIGHT AND REMAINDER OF WEEK, INCLUDING SUNDAY.
"Uncle Tom's Cabin."
An Extra Announcement---On account of the enormous demand for tickets, and in order to accommodate all who wish to attend, THE BURBANK THEATER will give
2 = = TWO MATINEES TODAY = = 2
Of "UNCLE TOM'S CABIN." A Morning Performance and an Afternoon Performance. Doors will be open at 9:30. THIS MORNING'S PERFORMANCE WILL BEGIN AT 10:15. Doors open at 1:30 and AFTERNOON PERFORMANCE WILL BEGIN AT 2:15.
Come Early and Avoid the Rush and Crowd.

ORPHEUM— MATINEE TODAY. No Chestnuts!
Strongest bill ever offered at this popular theater. Direct from Europe, the World-famed Heroes, the Great Ara, Zebra and Vora, the Nonpariel Trio: an act without an equal. Hayes, Lytton and Hayes, in their sensational comedietta, entitled French Marriage. Harrison and Clayton, comic and descriptive vocalists and dancers. Charles Wayne, Hallen and Fuller. Two Bostons, The Great Busch, Miss Ana Caldwell. Performance Every Evening, including Sunday. Prices, 10c, 25c, 50c. Regular MATINEES Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday. Prices, Adults, any seat, 25c; Children, any seat, 10c; Gallery, 10c. Telephone Main 1447.

HAZARD'S PAVILION—
See the Little Tots.
The Free Kindergarten System Practically Demonstrated.
TODAY FREE KINDERGARTEN DAY.
Saber Drill, New Animatoscope Scenes, Minuet Dance, Spanish Tambourine Dances.
Ideal Banjo and Mandolin Club.
Free X-Ray Exhibition. - - - - - - - Bicycle Races.
ADMISSION 25c. Children 10c. Doors open from 2 to 5: 7 to 10:30 p.m.

OSTRICH FARM, SOUTH PASADENA—Open Daily to Vistors.
SIXTY GIGANTIC BIRDS—TWENTY CHICKS A FEW WEEKS OLD.
The most interesting and peculiar sight in the State.
Feather Boas, Capes, Collars, Muffs, Fans and Tips at producer's prices.
Appropriate California Souvenirs. Pasadena Electric Cars pass the gate.

MISCELLANEOUS—

ELSINORE HOT SPRINGS SANTA FE EXCURSION
Every day to this FAMOUS RESORT. For information apply to Southern California Railroad office, 202 South Spring, or address C. S. TRAPHAGEN, Manager of Hotel, Elsinore.

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PORTRAITS Enlarged from or direct from life. Carbons. Platinotypes Steckel 220 S. Spring, opp. L. A. Theater and Hollenbeck

REDONDO CARNATIONS—AND CHOICE ROSES: CUT FLOWER and Floral designs. B. F. COLLINS 256 S. Broaway, same side City Hall. Tel. 119. Flowers packed for shippin

INGLESIDE FLORAL COMPANY, 140 South Spring Street. The choicest variety o. flowers. Ingleside Carnations.—F. Edward Gray.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA MUSIC CO., PIANOS.

BLANCHARD-FITZGERALD MUSIC CO. Everything In Music.

LAX METHODS.

How the Pay Roll Came to Be Stuffed.

Everything Went That Anybody Suggested.

Any Yellow Dog Could Get His Name on the List.

Nobody Tried to Prevent It—Statesmen Tell How They Came to Be Sponsors for Duckworth's Dummies—Queer Transactions.

[BY THE TIMES' SPECIAL WIRE.]

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 29.—[Special Dispatch.] Statesmen had a chance to toe the line this afternoon to explain how they secured or came to be charged with appointments on the so-called temporary roll. Mr. Chynoweth did not call all those whose names are on Duckworth's list of sponsors, but will have the rest of them up Monday. Enough was told today, however, to show the extremely lax condition of affairs that prevailed at the opening of the session, and how the opportunities for Duckworth to put whomsoever he pleased upon the roll were almost unlimited.

The rush of members to secure places for friends began even before the Legislature met, but their actions were nothing to the scramble made by those who wanted jobs. As Mr. Lacey of San Francisco said, applicants made his life a burden and he told them to go and get their own jobs and if they wanted to use his name they could do so. Brusie snapped at this point so quickly that it led to the suspicion that his method of defense will be to show that this army of leeches all came to Duckworth giving the name of some member as having recommended them, and that the list of sponsors which the chief clerk made up, and which he now claims is not correct, was made up from memory of names given him by attachés whom he appointed. The argument, though specious, does not meet the claims that have been made that Duckworth had written indorsements for nearly every name. Furthermore, it does not meet the damaging disclosures in relation to sixteen names inserted after the original list had been announced.

Messrs. Vosburg, Valentine, Kenyon and Chynoweth of Southern California were questioned by the special committee as to the nature of their appointments and, to their credit, everything appeared open and above board from their statements.

Mr. Kenyon testified that he made his recommendation for the appointment of W. S. Kingsbury at the request of a Los Angeles party. Pressed for the name of that party, he replied: "Lindley." He was asked if it was Hervey Lindley, and answered "No."

Mr. Guy declared he made no request and authorized the appointment of no one.

Messrs. Leavitt, Kelly and Henry admitted having applied for patronage. Mr. Strain had solicited Duckworth's aid for R. Nixon, Jr., for the permanent roll, but asked no appointment on the temporary roll.

Chairman Breiling, of the Mileage Committee, said there was a misunderstanding about the attaché accredited to the committee. J. C. Williams came to them and said he was down on the list as Campbell, and begged the committee's assistance. Assistant Sergeant-at-arms Laphrey told the committee that Williams was a "faithful servant;" the committee saw by the Blue Book that there was a man named Campbell here two years ago, and they erased Campbell's name and inserted that of Williams. This is one of the names which it has been alleged were inserted after the temporary roll was made up.

Mr. Breiling admitted that the committee recommended mileage for people who were not entitled to it, and told how it came about. He wanted it understood that he didn't move the adoption of his own report.

Mr. Dibble admitted the appointment of page Donaldo Bruce, but did not remember asking for Ed Smith.

Hart North told how Duckworth had asked if he (Duckworth) could do anything for him and how he (North) had suggested Keating for a place.

Messrs. Robinson and Power had made requests.

The suspicious names of M. A. Kearney and H. Friedman, charged to him, Mr. Lacy denied asking places for or knowing. Neither had he sent in the name of W. J. Harrington.

Mr. Harris knew nothing about Rodriguez and Miss Bertola, charged to him. He had indorsed W. H. Rice at Mr. Betman's request. Brusie said Duckworth wanted to explain about the first two names when he returned.

Mr. Dolan gave F. Smith a letter to Duckworth, but was very hazy in regard to three others charged to him.

Mr. Gately, to whom is accredited J. L. Martin, one of the inserted names, denied making personal requests for any of the four charged to him. He had told people they could use his name, as his word went a long way with Duckworth, but he had expected no patronage himself or he would have sent to San Francisco for some good Democrats.

Bookkeeper Hocking of the sergeant-at-arms' rooms testified that he had been a deputy in the Sheriff's office of San Bernardino county. He had been requested by Parkinson, former sergeant-at-arms, to come up. The latter had expected to be reëlected, and said the office could not get on without him. He was one of those who asked the committee for mileage. He got, he thought, $114. He resigned his place as a deputy sheriff three or four days prior to coming to Sacramento. The Sheriff had a prisoner for San Quentin and asked Hocking to take him along. Hocking said he asked no compensation, but admitted having received $50. He had done other work for the Sheriff, and he paid his own and the prisoner's fare and expenses. He assisted Parkinson in getting up the list of attachés accredited to the latter, but efforts to elicit just what ones and what work they had done was productive of more amusement than information. He did not remember all the names, and the most he could say of those whom he did remember, was that they "were around." He thought the list might have ben changed since Parkinson saw it. When he took it to Duckworth the latter had said he couldn't appoint all those men, as members were jumping on him like jack rabbits for patronage, and he would have to show them some courtesies. Parkinson went to see Duckworth, and the appointments were made.

Janitor Govan was ready to acknowledge that he got T. W. Measure a place as electrician, but was not quite definite as to what work that gentleman performed.

Brusie thought he had scored a great point when Chynoweth testified to having heard the name of his client read from the desk, as it had been claimed by others that the list of Duckworth's original appointments was not read. Minute Clerk Wickham, however, is positive the list was read.

Controller Colgan was present, but had not brought the warrants asked for, and the committee adjourned until Monday.

Each witness, with one or two exceptions, was asked if he had had any arrangement with Duckworth to vote for him in return for patronage and whether he had voted for the Mileage Committee's report. All denied that any such arrangement existed, but several were not sure as to how they voted.

Minute Clerk Wickham says that while he wanted, and now has, but two assistant clerks, six were placed on the temporary roll, including Lombard and Rodriguez, whom their alleged sponsors disavow.

Duckworth did not appear today, and Brusie will be required to produce a physician's certificate when he does appear, that his absence was unavoidable.

AN ATTACK ON MELICK.

Assemblyman Leavitt Makes an Assault [illegible].

[BY THE TIMES' SPECIAL WIRE.]

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 29.—[Special Dispatch.] Assemblyman Leavitt of Alameda, who, since the opening of the session has acted as the champion on the floor of State Printer Johnson, created a mild sensation this morning when he made an attack on Chairman Melick of the Retrenchment Committee, in the course of which he stated that Melick was conducting his examination into the affairs of the State Printing Offie secretly and unfairly. He charged Melick with unfriendly bias against Johnson, and then called for the report from the Committee on Retrenchment on Bridgeford's resolution, which had been referred to Melick's committee.

The resolution in question calls for a special committee of five to investigate Johnson's office, and the evident intention of Leavitt is to take the investigation out of Melick's committee if possible. The matter was finally closed by the House voting to instruct the Committee on Retrenchment to report back Bridgeford's resolution on Tuesday morning.

Mr. Melick, speaking to a question of personal privilege, stated that he proposed to make the investigation along legitimate lines, and that he was now doing so. He answered every point which Leavitt attempted to make, including the personalities indulged in by Leavitt, who displayed considerable bitterness in his defense of Johnson.

The whole scene was hugely enjoyed by the minority, into whose hands Leavitt was unconsciously playing.

RETRENCHMENT.

Salaries of State Employees to Be Pared Down.

[BY THE TIMES' SPECIAL WIRE.]

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 29.—[Special Dispatch.] The Committee on Retrenchment tonight decided to report a substitute for Cutter's bill, which will provide for reduction of the salaries of various officers attachés and employés in the various penal reformatory and charitable State institutions. Where the salary is $3000 or over per annum, a 25 per cent. cut is made; $2000, and less than $3000, 20 per cent; $1000 and less than $2000, 15 per cent; $600 and less than $1000, 10 per cent; less than $600, 5 per cent. This is the biggest reduction of the kind ever made. The argument of the committee is that as those affected receive board and lodging at the expense of the State, their salaries are out of all proportion. Cutter will support the Substitute, and Senator Bulla's impression is that it will pass the Senate.

YOSEMITE PARK.

Mr. Melick Wants to Turn It Over to Uncle Sam.

[BY THE TIMES' SPECIAL WIRE.]

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 29.—[Special Dispatch.] Mr. Melick today introduced a resolution providing for turning back to the national government of the Yosemite Valley and Mariposa Big Tree Grove to be included in the Yosemite National Park now under control of the Department of the Interior. The reason for this action is that the valley will receive better care and will form a national park equal to Yellowstone.

PAY-ROLL INQUIRY.

Members Tell How Names Got on the Roll.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 29.—At the investigation into the organization by the committee of seven this afternoon Minute Clerk Wickham testified that he had never seen the list of names added to Duckworth's appointments.

W. R. Guy said that he did not re-

(CONTINUED ON SIXTH PAGE.)

ALGER CHOSEN

He Will Direct the War Department.

The Portfolio Tendered Him and Promptly Accepted.

New York Will Probably Have a Place in the Cabinet.

Goff May not Accept the Attorney-Generalship—McKenna's Acceptance of the Interior Portfolio is a Foregone Conclusion.

[BY THE TIMES' SPECIAL WIRE.]

CANTON (O.,) Jan. 29.—[Special Dispatch.] When Gen. Russell A. Alger of Michigan came out from a conference of two hours' duration with the President-elect this afternoon, his face was wreathed with smiles.

"I have been tendered the portfolio of War," said he, "and I have accepted it. My interview with the President-elect was in every way a delightful and satisfactory one."

Gen. Alger said that all differences growing out of convention contests between himself and another member of Maj. McKinley's official family (Sherman) had been happily adjusted, and that he would work in thorough harmony with all of his official associates.

Gen. Alger arrived here at 1 o'clock. He was accompanied by ex-Congressman A. W. Thompson of Ohio. Gen. Alger, after luncheon, had a long talk with the President-elect. He left for Detroit at 4 o'clock this afternoon. This was his first visit to Canton since the Sunday he spent here during the campaign with the Union generals, who were stumping the country for the sound-money ticket.

Gen. Alger was in excellent health and spirits today, and looked as though he were equal to the task of directing any great governmental department. He is a native of Ohio and has a very large number of personal friends in the State. He has, too, participated in a great many political campaigns in Ohio, and his appointment here will be as popular as it will be among his own followers in Michigan.

Ex-Speaker Titus Sheard of New York was among Maj. McKinley's early callers today. He talked an hour and a half with the President-elect this morning, and was asked to remain for a second interview in the afternoon. Said he:

"My talk with Maj. McKinley was a very agreeable one, and in many respects, a very satisfactory one. I said to the President-elect that I thought the appointment of Gen. Woodford would give satisfaction to nine-tenths of the fair-minded men of New York, irrespective of party. There is a very great deal to be said in favor of Gen. Woodford and nothing against him. He is able, alert, vigorous, honest, just, and a good Republican. He could fill any position in the Cabinet in a capable, satisfactory manner, and while his appointment would be acceptable to the party organization, there is no valid reason why it should be distasteful to any Republican."

"Do you think New York will be represented in the next Cabinet?"

"Yes, yes," answered Mr. Sheard. "I gathered from my talk with Maj. McKinley that he very much desires to have a New York man in his Cabinet, and that he appreciates the advantages of having the cordial good will of the organization. I think he will find a good man for the Cabinet from New York. He has demonstrated his ability to select and draw strong men into his official family, and his good judgment will not desert him when he makes his choice in New York."

"Do you think Congressman F. H. Wilson of Brooklyn is likely to be tendered a Cabinet portfolio?" was asked.

"I do not think any other Brooklyn man than Gen. Woodford is under serious consideration," answered Mr. Sheard.

It develops tonight that the status of Gen. Nathan Goff is not absolutely fixed. Numerous reports from West Virginia have found their way into the papers to the effect that Judge Goff has decided that he cannot accept a place in Maj. McKinley's Cabinet. These announcements are unauthorized and premature. Judge Goff has reached no decision and still has under consideration the question of leaving the bench to enter the Cabinet. It is possible he may not see his way clear to take an active part in the work of Maj. McKinley's administration, but the chances are that he will arrange to become a member of the Cabinet.

The only California man under consideration is Judge Joseph McKenna, and it is likely that within a few days the news that he has accepted a portfolio will be announced.

It is believed by the politicians here tonight that James Wilson of Iowa will be tendered the portfolio of Agriculture very soon, and that he will accept it.

Col. John J. McCook of New York, who spent last evening with the President-elect, is spoken of tonight as a Cabinet possibility, but at present this use of his name is in the nature of a guess.

Eckels's Successor.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—From information gathered from applicants for positions who have talked with the President-elect on the subject, the Associated Press feels warranted in stating that Charles G. Dawes of Evanston, Ill., will be appointed Controller of the Currency, to succeed Eckels. Dawes is a member of the Republican National Executive Committee, and achieved great success at the bar of Nebraska and in business circles of Chicago, in the past three years. He is the author of a work on banking.

ALGER'S ACCEPTANCE.

He Gleefully Tells the News to the Press.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

CANTON (O.,) Jan. 29.—"I have been tendered and have accepted the War portfolio."

Thus spoke Gen. Russell Alger of Michigan to the Associated Press representative today. The general had just emerged from the south parlor, which is the conference room while Mrs. McKinley is out of the city. He and Maj. McKinley had just completed the interview in which the formal tender and acceptance were passed. Without saying anything more on the subject the general turned to several callers awaiting an audience with Maj. McKinley and then reëntered the parlor where he remained until train time. At 4:15 p.m. he returned to Cleveland to renew his conference with National Chairman Hanna, and will thence go to his home in Detroit.

The Associated Press representative saw him again at the station. In the conversation there the general said that in the interview today the first overtures were made to him in connection with the Cabinet, and that at no time before today had Maj. McKinley said anything directly or indirectly on the subject. The general said that none of the appointments of his department had yet been disposed of or decided upon, and that it would be some time before any announcements in that line could be made.

The policy of the administration, he said, has not yet been considered, but even if it had, he was too much of a soldier to announce the policy of his superiors. He also confirmed Senator Burrows' statement that the relations between himself and Senator Sherman are entirely pleasant, and that the Cabinet associations will be harmonious and all branches of the administration in accord.

Capt. H. O. S. Heistand of the Seventh Regiment, O.N.G., who, while on a furlough, is attached to the McKinley household, was first in his congratulation to the new head of the War Department. He said: "You are now my chief. Allow me to congratulate you as my superior officer."

ALGER'S RECORD.

Biographical Sketch of the New Secretary of War.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

CHICAGO, Jan. 29.—Gen. Russell A. Alger was born in Lafayette township, Medina county, O., February 27, 1836. His grandfather served in the revolutionary war and is claimed to have been a descendant of William the Conqueror. When Russell was 11 years old both his parents died. For the next seven years he worked on a farm, earning money to defray his expenses at the Richfield (O.,) Academy during the winters. In 1859 he was admitted to the bar, but abandoned the practice of law the following autumn on account of failing health and moved to Grand Rapids, Mich., where he engaged in the lumber business and where, in 1861, he was married to Annette H. Henry.

In 1861 Alger enlisted in the Second Michigan Cavalry and was made captain of Co. C. He was wounded in the battle of Booneville, Miss. Owing to his part in this engagement he was promoted to the rank of major. In 1862 he became lieutenant-colonel of the Sixth Michigan Cavalry and in 1863 was made colonel of the Sixth Michigan Cavalry, his regiment being in Custer's famous brigade. In 1864 his health induced him to retire from the service. He was breveted brigadier and major-general "for gallant and meritorious services," and was on private service in 1863-64, receiving orders personally from President Lincoln. In 1865 he moved to Detroit. He has since been extensively engaged in lumber and pine-land business.

Gen. Alger was elected Governor of Michigan in 1884. In 1888 he was one of the leading candidates for the Republican nomination for President.

GAGE'S POLICY.

He Will Give the Country a Business Administration.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

CHICAGO, Jan. 29.—Lyman J. Gage, who has accepted the offer of the Secretaryship of the Treasury in President-elect McKinley's Cabinet, arrived from Canton today. When asked what his course would be in the treasury, Gage said:

"It will be my chief aim to see the country given a business-like administration, so far as the duties that devolve upon the Secretary of the Treasury are concerned. My appointments will be made with regard for merit and not political obligations."

Gage was busy all day putting his personal affairs in shape for the severance of his connection with the First National Bank. Vice-President Nicerson, it is said, will succeed him as president.

GOFF HAS DECLINED.

So Says a Friend of the West Virginia Jurist.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

PARKERSBURG (W. Va.,) Jan. 29.—A special from Charleston, this State, today, says that a very close friend of Judge Nathan Goff has given out the information that Mr. Goff has declined the position in Mr. McKinley's Cabinet offered him by McKinley last week. He prefers to remain on the bench as United States District Judge. One reason is that the Judge and his wife dislike Washington. A well-founded rumor is abroad that Goff will be a candidate to succeed Senator James Faulkner, two years from now.

GAGE'S SUCCESSOR.

First National of Chicago Will Need a New President.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

CHICAGO, Jan. 29.—Lyman J. Gage's acceptance of the Treasury portfolio in McKinley's Cabinet will be followed shortly by his retirement from the presidency of the National Bank of Chicago. A meeting of the directors will soon be held to consider the question of Mr. Gage's successor. Directors who were asked for an expression of opinion said James B. Forgan, first vice-president, would be the executive head of the bank until a permanent successor to Mr. Gage was chosen.

Vice-President Forgan said: "Just as soon as the appointment has been announced from Washington the bank will take some action toward naming a new president. Who it will be, I cannot say."

BIMETALLISM.

International Monetary Conference.

The Senate Votes in Favor of Holding One.

Only Four Votes in Opposition to the Measure.

Senator Hoar Makes a Noteworthy Speech on the Subject—Acrimonious Debate in the House on the A. & P. Foreclosure Bill.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—By the decisive vote of 46 to 4 the Senate today passed the bill for the appointment of commissioners to an international monetary conference. The closing of the debate brought out several notable speeches, including those of Mr. Hoar of Massachusetts, Mr. Vilas, Mr. Jones of Arkansas, Mr. Gorman, Mr. Allison and Mr. Carter of Montana. It disclosed that little opposition existed against the bill, the only division being as to the expediency of seeking bimetallism through an international agreement. As voicing the general view on the Democratic side, Mr. Jones and Mr. Gorman favored its adoption exactly as the Republicans desired, so that the responsibility might be theirs. Mr. Hoar's speech attracted attention as one of the most noteworthy utterances of the veteran Senator made in recent days. He spoke of his observations in Europe during last summer, his agreeable discussions with M. Meline and M. Bourgerau in Paris, and Mr. Balfour in London, on the advance of bimetallism. Mr. Hoar expressed the conviction that the four great nations, the United States, Great Britain, France and Germany, were fast and inevitably tending toward a bimetallic agreement.

During the day, Mr. Morgan, failing to secure a vote on the Nicaragua Canal Bill, announced that it would be urged to a conclusion Monday.

FIFTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.
SECOND SESSION.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—SENATE.—The credentials of William E. Mason, as Senator from Illinois for the term beginning March 4 next were received by the Senate today.

A motion by Mr. Hale of Maine (Rep.) that when the Senate adjourned today it be until Monday, created some opposition, and a roll-call was demanded, on which the motion prevailed, 40 to 12.

The Senate bill was passed pensioning Martha Frank of Georgia, at $8 per month, on the statement by Mr. Gallinger that the beneficiary is over 102 years old. She is the widow of a soldier serving in the Indian war of 1818.

Mr. Bacon of Georgia (Dem.) presented the following resolution:

"The United States deprecate war and desire the maintenance of peace and friendship with all the world, and that this desire is not restricted to any one nation, but extends to their relations with all the nations of the earth, whether the same be great or small, strong or weak.

"Resolved, further, that to the end that the relations of peace and amity now happily existing between them and all nations be perpetually preserved, and that wars may be perpetually discouraged, and as far as practicable, made impossible, the United States favor the principle and practice of international arbitration for the settlement of all questions of differences between them and any other nation which they may fail to adjust by treaty or diplomatic negotiation.

"Resolved, further, that the United States do hereby avow it as their future policy and intention whenever there shall arise any question in difference between them and any other nations which they may fail to adjust by treaty or diplomatic negotiations, that they shall and will, so far as they can consistently with the national honor and established national policies, agree with such other nations to submit such question in difference to the arbitrament and final decision of an international court of arbitration. Such court shall, in the future, as in the past, be constituted by agreement between parties consenting thereto with special reference and adaptation to the particular question in difference and to the conditions then existing.

"Resolved, further, that the United States hereby invite all civilized nations to make corresponding and reciprocal declarations to the end that wars between nations may cease, and that a universal reign of peace may be inaugurated and perpetually maintained."

Mr. Bacon spoke briefly on the resolution, saying that a declaration by Congress, which is the war-making power, would exert for greater influence toward peace and against war than any treaty. He expressed the hope that a favorable report would be made by the Committee on Foreign Relations, and that Congress would made the declarations stated in the resolutions.

The resolutions were referred to the Foreign Relations Committee.

Mr. Allen of Nebraska (Pop.) offered the following concurrent resolution:

"Resolved, that all marshals', masters', or any other judicial or executive sale of the property of the Union Pacific and Kansas Pacific Railroad companies, or either of them without additional legislation by Congress would not be binding on the government of the United States, or divest it of any legal or equitable right therein now possessed, unless such sale should be subsequently ratified by Congressional action."

The debate on the bill for an international monetary conference was then resumed, and Mr. Vilas of Wisconsin spoke against it. He characterized the bill as vicious and misleading. It was wholly illusory, perhaps deceitful in the promises it held out, and was a fundamental acknowledgment of the theory of the Bryan campaign. Mr. Vilas referred sarcastically to these "pretty

The Morning's News in The Times

IN BRIEF.

The City—Pages 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 14

John Lee speedily found guilty....Suit against the Los Angeles Railway Company for Conductor Odell's death. Barthelman wants a new trial....Home Products Exhibition....Vigorous campaigning in behalf of California oranges....Burns and Cotton matched to fight....Romance of James Leach and Anna May Livenan....Reception to Bishop Newman....Gov. Budd's arrival....Meeting of Board of Public Works.

General Eastern—Pages 1, 2, 3, 5, 6.

Cabinet gossip—Gen. Alger accepts the War portfolio—A rumor that Goff has declined....Senate passes the International Monetary Conference Bill—Senator Hoar makes a great speech on the subject....Acrimonious debate in the House....Conference report on Atlantic and Pacific foreclosure bill rejected....Altgeld called down by one of the Chicago election commissioners....Prof. Langley's success with flying-machines....Ulysses Grant Glick bobs up again....Cleveland speaks in New York....Aftermath of the Burge-Connolly fight....Dr. Lyman Abbott censured for ridiculing the story about Jonah and the whale....Attempt to defraud a Chicago bank with bogus mining bonds.

Financial and Commercial—Page 12.

Activity in the New York stock and bond market....A flurry in Northern Pacific and sugar....Excitement in the Chicago wheat pit....Foreign markets firm....Glut of green peas in the local produce market....Eggs go up....General business topics....Bradstreet's and Dun's weekly reviews....Big falling off in number of business failures.

Weather Forecast.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 29.—For Southern California: Showers early Saturday morning; probably fair Saturday; light westerly winds.

Southern California—Page 13.

Result of Harbor soundings at San Pedro....Highland's asylum costs too much money....Development of the new Johannesburg....Heavy thunderstorm at Pomona....Change in a San Bernardino bank....Orange thieves at Covina....More mystery about that San Diego land purchase....Santa Barbara's charter election....Pasadena excited over the tax question.

By Cable—Pages 1, 2, 3, 5, 6.

Plague broke out in Formosa....Bail refused for Forger Jones....An inquiry into the British South African administration ordered....What the Franco-Russian alliance has done for France....Count Muravieff leaves Paris for Berlin....Why Cecil Rhodes house was burned....Countess Cowley's divorce case....Russia's Black Sea fleet. Students' riot at Athens.

Pacific Coast—Page 3.

Hold-up of the California and Oregon Express....Statesmen given an opportunity to tell how the Assembly pay roll came to be stuffed....Leavitt makes an attack upon Melick....Proposed reduction of salaries of State employés. Bill to turn Yosemite Park over to the government .... Ship Swanhilda anxiously looked for at San Francisco....Funeral of Mrs. James C. Flood....Dist.-Atty. Barnes springs a sensation in the Cooney case....Coroner's jury returns a verdict of suicide in the Nordhausen case....Little Pete's murderers unknown....Death of John L. Durkee. Distinguished Chicagoans en route to the Coast....George D. Brandon's fear of himself....Death of Alex Loughborough....William Robbs gets fourteen years for perjury....Gov. Sadler of Nevada signs the Glove Contest Bill....Turner elected United States Senator for the State of Washington....Time frittered away by Webfoot lawmakers.

News from Rome.

ROME, Jan. 29.—Rev. Father E. O. Allen, president of Mount St. Mary's College, Emmetsburg, Md., has been appointed bishop of Mobile, Ala. Rumors regarding a pontifical brief to the North American clergy are premature, as the date of the council to be held at Baltimore at which the brief will be read, has not been fixed. Rev. John Monaghan, assistant priest at St. Patrick's Church, Charleston, has been appointed bishop of Wilmington, Del.

Miners Killed.

GRAFTON (W. Va.,) Jan. 29.—Edward Batson was instantly killed and ten others seriously injured, two probably fatally, at the Georgia mine, near Flemington. The coal is sent down an inclined railway, the gravity of the loaded cars hauling up the empty ones on another track This morning thirty miners were going up in two cars when a loaded car jumped the track, crashing into the up-bound train.

plays" of international conferences. Three of them had proved failures, and the American people were tired of "international farces."

"Of course, if the United States shall continue to be inspired by that sort of statesmanship," continued Mr. Vilas, "which will try to keep an intelligent people from bothering politicians in their pursuit of peace by cutting them off with the expectation of splendid results to come in the sweet by and by from a millenial concord of nations in financial affairs, why, just so long polite, courteous and sympathizing politicians in the countries of Europe will gravely consent to light a council fire and have a 'big talk' with the United States. It is for nations, as for Indians, a rule of politeness."

"The conference would doubtless bring together many bright financiers who would listen and blink like owls and after dinners, receptions and social festivities, the conference would close without action.

"The people of the United States have the right to expect such legislation as shall give them a sound currency under the instructions of the last election," continued Mr. Vilas. "If that supreme object shall be traded off for the gain of favored classes, or sacrificed to cowardice, woe to them who shall be guilty of it."

Mr. Stewart congratulated Mr. Vilas on his conclusions, saying he, too, had long seen the futility of international conferences.

Mr. Pettigrew of South Dakota said he would merely record his protest against the bill. He believed the United States should act alone, and that we should no longer supplicate at the feet of European nations. If the United States alone cannot establish its own ratio of 16 to 1, then it should do something which it can execute alone. No Senator present believed that an international ratio between 15 to 1 and 16 to 1 would result from this conference. Great Britain would not yield her standard. For that reason, he declared, he could see nothing in this bill except a purpose of the Republicans to satisfy those who were favorable to the free coinage of silver.

Mr. Allen of Nebraska, while ridiculing the bill and declaring that the conference was doomed to be a contemptible farce, he said he would not seek to defeat it. He referred to Mr. Wolcott's trip to Europe and his failure thus far to get any one to confer with him.

Mr. Carter of Montana spoke of the recent political contest in which Mr. McKinley presented the idea of an international conference, while Mr. Bryan denounced the plan. Mr. McKinley was elected, and now this measure was presented, a step in the execution of the conference plan. The bill was carefully designed to secure the largest possible results, and Mr. Carter appealed to Mr. Cannon not to embarrass this well-considered bill by urging his amendment. If the coming administration failed to secure satisfactory results from the conference then it would be demonstrated that such a conference was futile. But in making the effort the administration should be left free to direct its own course.

Mr. Cannon stated that he and Mr. Carter had stood together up to the time of the St. Louis convention. They had entertained the same views as to the monetary conferences. If it were not for the tragic element entering into this financial subjct, the shifting phases of it would become grotesque. He declined to withdraw his amendment and said he would ask a vote on it, although, if defeated, he would vote for the original bill.

The Nicaragua Canal Bill was then taken up and Mr. Morgan asked that the vote be taken at 5 p.m. on Tuesday next, to which Mr. Turpie objected.

Mr. Morgan then advised the Senators that he would call up the canal bill on Monday. The debate on the monetary conference was then resumed. In the course of the debate Mr. Jones of Arkansas made a statement of his attitude, which, in view of his position as chairman of the Democratic National Committee, attracted some attention. He said he believed in allowing the friends of the bill to shape it in their own way, but believed it would fail. And yet there were many earnest friends of silver who believed it would succeed. The last election had shown that the sentiment was almost universal for bimetallism, the only division being as to the method of bringing it about. If it came through international agreement he would accept it, but would oppose any amendment not approved by Republican Senators, as he desired to make them fully responsible for this movement.

Mr. Hoar gave the results of his observations in Europe last summer, showing the tendency toward bimetallism. He had talked with M. Bourgerau, author of the bimetallic resolution in the French Assembly, which secured the written indorsement of 367 out of 400 members. M. Meline, the French Premier, had declared that when other nations wanted bimetallism, France would not be long behind. In London he had an agreeable talk with Mr. Balfour, whose championship of bimetallism had been maintained against the views of Mr. Gladstone and Sir William Vernon Harcourt.

The Senator said he had refrained from repeating the views stated by Mr. Balfour, although at a dinner party in London a number of eminent men had assured him that the views of Mr. Balfour were shared by a large part, if not a majority, of the English people.

Mr. Hoar read a letter from Germany stating that great progress was being made toward bimetallism. Thus these four great nations—the United States, Great Britain, France and Germany—were steadily advancing to bimetallism. It was coming, and coming to stay. Mr. Hoar denied that the East was assailing the West, declaring that the East recognized that the power of the nation, like the star of empire, was slowly moving westward. The sections were indissolubly linked together, and their interests were identical.

Mr. White of California declared that while the bill would prove abortive, yet its Republican friends should be left untrammeled to make the effort they desired.

Mr. Allison of Iowa urged that the believers in stable money felt it wise to see whether or not other commercial nations would unite with us in bringing the money metals into closer relation and thus test whether the metals could circulate on an agreed ratio side by side. He resented the jeers of Mr. Vilas on the failure of past conferences, and asserted that each conference had materially advanced the concurrent use of gold and silver.

Mr. Gorman felt that the country was to be congratulated at the unanimity of sentiment for this earnest and honest effort toward an international conference. The American people favored bimetallism and would not much longer submit to methods which did not bring definite results in that direction. Being in power, the Republicans were entitled to fair treatment, and he said that there should be no obstruction to the policy of the Republican party unless it became purely partisan.

Mr. Palmer of Illinois and Mr. Hawley of Connecticut were seeking recognition when the time for the vote arrived. The first vote was on the Cannon substitute, making action by the President imperative within ninety days from March 4. Mr. Chandler moved to table the substitute, which, on a roll call prevailed, yeas, 41; nays, 8. Those voting in the negative were: Allen, Bate, Butler, Cannon, Clark, Peffer, Pettigrew and Roach.

The amendment of Mr. Bacon adding a new section distinctly authorizing the President to call the conference was agreed to.

The bill, thus amended, was put on its final passage. The result was beyond doubt, but the call was followed with keen interest. It resulted: Yeas 46; nays, 4; as follows:

YEAS:

Republicans—	
Baker,	Hawley,
Brown,	Hoar,
Cameron,	Lodge,
Carter,	McBride,
Chandler,	McMillan,
Clark,	Nelson,
Cullom,	Perkins,
Davis,	Platt,
Frye,	Sherman,
Gallinger,	Shoup,
Gear,	Thurston,
Hale,	Wetmore—24.
Democrats—	
Bacon,	Lindsay,
Bate,	Mills,
Blackburn,	Mitchell of Wis.,
Blanchard,	Murphy,
Call,	Pugh,
Faulkner,	Tillman,
Gibson,	Turpie,
Gorman,	Walthall,
Gray,	White—19.
Jones of Ark.,	
Populists—	
Jones of Nevada,	Peffer—2.
Independent—	
Cannon—1.	Total—46.

NAYS:

Democrats—	
Roach,	Vilas—2.
Populists—	
Allen—1.	
Independents—	
Pettigrew—1.	Total—4.

Mr. Morgan presented additional documents, letters, etc., bearing on the Nicaragua Canal.

The Senate bill was passed to insure a full bench in the Court of Claims in the La Abra mining claims.

Also the Senate bill authorizing the entry and patenting of lands containing petroleum and other mineral oils under the placer mining laws of the United States. Also the House bill to prevent the purchasing or speculating in claims against the Federal government by United States officers. The bill is directed against the purchase by court officials of fees, mileage, etc., of witnesses.

At 5:20 p.m., the Senate adjourned until Monday.

HOUSE.—The House today witnessed another exciting and somewhat sensational episode. At the end of an acrimonious debate on the conference report on the bill to confer the rights and franchises of the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad on the purchaser under the mortgage foreclosure, Mr. Powers of Vermont and Mr. Barrett of Massachusetts, exchanged broadsides. Mr. Powers defended the conference report against the assaults of a half score of members, led by Mr. Barrett. The latter was particularly severe in his criticisms, charging that a stock jobbing operation was behind the measure. This drew from Mr. Powers a reply in which he charged that Boston was the home of railroad wreckers, and with keen satire ridiculed the Massachusetts member and continued that perhaps he "was interested" in his opposition. Mr. Barrett, in responding, not only denied absolutely any interest in the bill, but scorced Mr. Powers, who, he said, was on the Supreme bench of Vermont when the Central Railroad of that State was "wrecked" under its decree. He was not called to order, but Mr. Grout of Vermont twice protested against the attack on the judiciary of his State.

The report was rejected by an overwhelming majority—71 to 143—and the conferees were instructed to insist on the House amendments.

Just before adjournment, Mr. Hardy of Indiana, who was refused unanimous consent to continue a political speech he was making, declared he would retaliate by objecting to every request for unanimous consent for the remainder of the session.

The remainder of the day was spent in the discussion of the Agricultural Bill. At 5 o'clock the House took a recess until 8 o'clock.

At the night session nineteen pension bills were considered in committee of the whole.

AERIAL NAVIGATION.

Prof. Langley's Successful Experiments with Flying Machines.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The report of Prof. Langley, secretary of the Smithsonian Institution, just submitted to the board of regents, contains the following about his flying machine:

"The writer has, during the intervals of his official duties, continued to experiment in this manner until he has reached a measure of success which seems to justify him in making the statement here that mechanical flights have now been attained. On May 26 last a mechanism built chiefly of steel and driven by a steam engine made two flights of over half a mile. Since that time the result has been nearly doubled. In each case there was no support from gas. The machine was a thousand or more times heavier than the air in which it was made to move. Dr. Alexander Graham Bell witnessed the first of these and communicated the results in a statement to the Academy of France.

"I do not know how far interest in the work may bias my judgment, but it appears to me, in the final accomplishment of what has come under the charge of the Smithsonian Institution, a contribution has been made to the utilities of the world which will be memorable."

Army Promotions.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The President today sent to the Senate the following nominations: Lieut.-Col. S. T. Cushing, assistant commissary, to be colonel and assistant commissary; Maj. C. P. Eagan, commissary of subsistence, to be lieutenant-colonel and assistant commissary; Capt. H. B. Osgood, commissary, to be major and commissary; Capt. W. H. Carter, Sixth Cavalry, to be major and assistant adjutant-general; Capt. T. H. Barry, First Infantry, to be major and assistant adjutant-general; Capt. J. L. Bullis, Twenty-fourth Infantry, to be major and paymaster; First Lieut. George B. Davis, Fourth Infantry, to be captain and commissary; S. H. Bell of Pennsylvania to be post chaplain.

Railroad Pooling Bill.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The supporters of the Railroad Pooling Bill in the House Committee on Commerce have concluded that there is no chance of passing the bill in this Congress. There was a brief discussion of the subject at the meeting of the committee today, the attention of the members being called to it by Representative Patterson of Texas. It was the consensus of opinion that the unfriendly attitude of the Senate made it useless for the House to give any time to it, and there was an informal agreement to let the bill rest on the calendar.

Thurston's Instructions.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Referring to the action of the Nebraska Legislature instructing him to vote for free coinage of silver, Senator Thurston today said: "The present Nebraska Legislature does not represent the party that elected me to the Senate. When any of the legislators show a disposition to come to my proposition I will consider the matter. We are now as far apart as the poles, and there is no apparent prospect of agreement."

Boatner's Seat is Safe.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The Elections Committee of the House today decided the contested election case of Alexis Benoit, Populist, against C. J. Boatner, from the Fifth District of Louisiana, in favor of Mr. Boatner, the sitting member.

Deep Water Surveys.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29. — Senator Davis today gave notice of an amendment to the Sundry Civil Appropriation Bill appropriating $150,000 for surveys and examination of deep waterways between the Great Lakes and the Atlantic, in accordance with the plans indicated by the Deep Waterways Commission, recently transmitted to Congress.

The Three Friends Case.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The Attorney-General today applied to the United States Supreme Court for a writ of certiorari to bring the case of the Three Friends, an alleged Cuban filibustering craft, before the court. Counsel for the owners reported that they had not had sufficient notice of the application and asked that it be postponed until next Monday. It was so ordered.

THE ALASKAN BOUNDARY.

DISPUTE OVER IT TO BE SETTLED BY ARBITRATION.

Another Alleged Diplomatic Triumph of the Cleveland Administration—The Treaty to Be Sent to the Senate in a Few Days.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

CHICAGO, Jan. 29.—A special to the Daily News from Washington says: Secretary Olney will send to the Senate in the next two or three days a new treaty which will, it is claimed by friends of the administration, be second in importance only to the Venezuelan boundary treaty and involving the same principle, the determination by peaceful arbitration with Great Britain of an important boundary dispute.

Two years ago it was claimed that Great Britain had determined to acquire by unwarranted claims two of the richest gold-bearing territories in the world—one in Venezuela, the other in Alaska. Since then President Cleveland and Secretary Olney have settled peacefully by arbitration the Venezuelan controversy to the disadvantage, it is everywhere admitted, of Great Britain. In a few days the Secretary of State, acting under instructions of the President, will send to the Senate a new treaty signed by himself and Sir Julian Pauncefote, designed to settle by peaceful coöperation of the two great English-speaking nations, the real location of west longitude parallel 141, which by treaty and tradition establishes the boundary line between British Columbia and the United States.

The new treaty has two objects in view, primarily the peaceful settlement of the territorial dispute, but locally to pave the way in the Senate for ratification by that body of the new arbitration treaty, which is being opposed by several western and northwestern Senators because it is supposed by them to include the Alaskan boundary dispute. By the new treaty, or rather agreement, perfected after several conferences between Secretary Olney and Ambassador Pauncefote, the Alaskan dispute was to be excepted from the general arbitration treaty and made the subject of a special investigation by a joint commission. In its own words, the treaty is indefinite, as "a convention between Her Majesty, the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and the United States of America for the demarkation of so much of the 141st meridian, west longitude, as may be necessary for the determination of the boundary between their respective possessions."

The purpose is to determine the actual boundary intended by the treaty between the United States and the Emperor of Russia of March, 1867, as to the cession of the Russian possessions of North America; also of the treaty of February, 1825, between Great Britain and Russia, defining the northerly part of the boundary line between their respective possessions.

The commission, in the language of the treaty, "is to determine the terminal points defined in said treaties," and "to be dependant upon the scientific ascertainment of convenient points along said meridian, and survey the country intermediate between such points. This commission is to involve no questions of interpretation of the aforesaid treaties, but merely the determination of such points and their connecting lines by ordinary processes of observation and survey, conducted by competent astronomers, engineers and surveyors."

Such determination has not hitherto been made the point of survey, as is required in order to give complete effect to said treaties, although independent observations and surveys have been conducted from time to time, and are now being conducted by expert officers in the service of the respective governments along said meridian of the 141st deg., west longitude, resulting in the collection of scientific data and the establishment of stations on or near said meridian, of which the two governments may avail themselves for the purpose of accomplishing the convention.

The treaty is signed by Richard Olney for the United States, and Ambassador Sir Julian Pauncefote for Great Britain.

REPUBLICAN HEADQUARTERS.

Secretary Osborne Will not Quit Housekeeping Just Yet.

[BY THE TIMES' SPECIAL WIRE.]

CLEVELAND (O.,) Jan. 29.—[Special Dispatch.] Gen. William McKinley Osborne, cousin of the President-elect, and secretary of the Republican National Committee, in charge of the recently-established headquarters at Washington, came to this city yesterday from Canton, where he has been in consultation with Maj. McKinley.

"That report concerning the closing of the Republican national headquarters and the discontinuance of agitation along the lines of the single gold standard, as pursued during the late campaign, was entirely premature," said Gen. Osborne in an interview today. He had called on Chairman Hanna and the subject of the "information bureau" was discussed. Gen. Osborne was very indignant to think the story concerning his bureau had been sent broadcast over the country, and declared that it was the intention of the party leaders to let the agitation of the gold standard, which several weeks ago all leading Republicans were of the opinion should be maintained throughout the administration of Maj. McKinley, gradually wear away and drop out of politics by default.

Although Gen. Osborne did not even hint such a thing, it can be easily read between the lines, as it were, that it was the intention to operate the bureau in a cursory sort of way until after the incoming administration was firmly installed, and then finally allow it to close up its quarters quietly and unnoticed.

VIRGINIA DEMOCRATS.

Appealed to Vote for a Constitutional Convention.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

RICHMOND (Va.,) Jan. 29.—In May Virginia is to vote on the question of calling a constitutional convention, and C. A. M. Patterson, a Democratic leader and delegate to the Chicago convention last summer, is out in an appeal to Democrats to vote for it. He gives as one reason why they should do so, that if a convention is held a silver clause can be put in the constitution. In other words, he wants the State to make silver and gold legal-tender in this State.

[SPORTING RECORD.]

FITZ IS ALL SMILES.

HE FEELS SURE OF MEETING CORBETT NOW.

Willing to Go to Jerusalem to Fight Pompadour Jim if Necessary.

THEY WILL FIGHT IN NEVADA.

THE BILL TO LEGALIZE GLOVE CONTESTS SIGNED.

Gov. Sadler Saddles it Onto the People Who Wanted Such a Law. The Arena to Be at Carson or Reno.

[BY THE TIMES' SPECIAL WIRE.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—[Special Dispatch.] "Bob" Fitzsimmons was all smiles today. He danced around with the sprightliness of a kitten, and said if by any unforseen accident in the course of events he and Corbett could not come together in Nevada, he would be willing to go to Jerusalem, so anxious was he to get at "Pompadour" Jim.

Fitz's money is not all up; Corbett's is; but Fitz has eighteen days yet in which to put up his cash, according to the articles of agreement, at which time Stuart must put up $10,000 more, or $15,000 in all, as a guarantee he will provide a place in which the fight can be decided, the failure of which will result in the forfeiture of $15,000 to Corbett and Fitzsimmons. The friends of Fitz said there was nothing startling in the failure of Fitz to place in the stakeholder's hands the whole amount of $7500 as yet. The money is not due until February 17—$5000 as a side bet, and $500 to guarantee his appearance in the ring March 17. The Australian has advanced $2500, and although he may be a little hard pressed because of his loss of the $10,000 purse in his fight with Tom Sharkey, his friends say he will be on deck at the proper time with the remaining $5000. Corbett will fight for nothing.

"There need be no worry about the fight not coming off," said one of Corbett's adherents tonight, "even if Fitz does not put up another cent. I know what I am talking about when I say that in order to meet Fitz, Corbett will agree to enter the ring without any side bet at all. If Fitz cannot raise the money, all Corbett wants is to know it, and he is perfectly willing to make all the concessions in the world."

THE BILL SIGNED.

Prize-fighting is Now Legal in the Sagebrush State.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

CARSON (Nev.,) Jan. 29.—Assembly Bill No. 8, intended to permit Corbett and Fitzsimmons to fight in this State, is now a law, the Governor having signed it. When asked if he ever had any thought of vetoing, he replied:

"I waited to see what the majority of the people seemed to want, intending to be entirely guided by their wishes. This policy I have pursued to the end. and because the people were in favor of the bill I signed it. Of the merits in the argument made against the glove contest in the bill, I have nothing to say. A majority of our citizens seemed to wish it, and I have signed it. That is all there is to it."

Mr. Wheelock is in San Francisco now, but before his departure he refused to say anything concerning the location of the fight if it came to this State, at all. That it will come to Nevada seems almost a sure thing, but Carson and Reno both claim to be the favorite spot in which it will actually occur.

NEVADANS EXCITED.

CARSON (Nev.,) Jan. 29.—Carson, and it is safe to say, nearly the whole of the western portion of Nevada, is all excitement, and all one can hear on the streets is talk of the probabilities of Corbett and Fitzsimmons coming to Nevada to settle the world's championship.

Gov. Sadler was interviewed, but declined to say anything further than that the bill had not reached him yet, and that he supposed it had not been enrolled in time.

The matter of location between Reno and Carson is still a cause of considerable speculation, taking it for granted that the contest will come to some point in Nevada. The Carson people claim they have many more advantages than Reno.

Mr. Wheelock and A. Livingston, a local business man, to whom a good deal of credit in passing the bill is due, went out to Shaw's Hot Springs yesterday and it is conjectured that they were looking that place over with a view to making it the training quarters for one of the principals. Corbett and Fitzsimmons will be notified at once of the action taken today and they will probably start for the Coast in a day or two.

RENO OR CARSON.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 29.—Now that Gov. Sadler of Nevada has signed the prize-fight bill it is accepted as a settled fact here that the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight will be held either in Reno or Carson. Both places are bidding for it, but until Dan Stuart gives the word no one will know which of the towns is to be selected. Reno is on the main line of the Central Pacific and is easier of access than Carson, which is a few miles distant on a branch road.

BURGE-CONNOLLY FIGHT.

Burge Has Challenged Connolly to Try it Over.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

BIRMINGHAM (Eng.,) Jan. 29.—[By Atlantic Cable.] Betting was heavy on the Burge-Connolly fight, in several instances the latter being backed at 7 to 4. The fighting was vicious throughout and it was apparent that a great deal of personal feeling existed between the two men. Burge exhibited great cleverness, and half-way in the second round Connolly dropped to the floor from the effects of a right-hand blow on the jaw. At the commencement of the fifth round Connolly was so strong that the betting became even at the close. During the seventh round "Connolly, for a hundred pounds," was heard. The fight continued with equal fierceness during the eighth round. They came up gamely but with a gruesome aspect depicted on their faces and continued boxing with the greatest confidence and persistency, the eye witnesses shouting: "Stop it!" It looked like anybody's fight as the men came up brave as ever in the ninth round. The features of this round were the hard work on the part of Burge and the clever sparring on the part of Connolly, who was weak but determined and active. At the beginning of the tenth round the manager of the club told the referee that he must stop the fight. It is believed that the police threatened to interfere unless the bout was declared at an end.

It is generally believed that Burge had the best of the points, but the gameness of Connolly was a complete surprise.

Burge has challenged Connolly to another match, each one to receive half the stakes. The supporters of Burge say he was greatly hampered by reason of the smallness of the ring.

Ingleside Races.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 29.—The weather was showery at Ingleside; the track muddy.

Five furlongs: Marionette won, Imp. Friar second, Rejected third; time 1:06½.

Five furlongs: Whitestone won, Pecksniff second, Brambetta third; time 1:06¼.

One mile and an eighth: Collins won, Charles A. second, Fortuna third; time 2:00.

Seven furlongs: Personne won, Basquil second, Draught third; time 1:34½.

Seven furlongs: Geyser won, George Palmer second, The Sinner third; time 1:33.

Six and a half furlongs: Greyhurst won, Caspar second, Good Times third; time 1:33.

GLICK BOBS UP AGAIN.

REPRESENTS HIMSELF AS ONE OF HANNA'S AGENTS.

Collecting Money for the Republican National League—President Woodmansee Repudiates the Fakir—Glick's Los Angeles Record.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

CINCINNATI, Jan. 29.—D. O. Woodmansee, president of the National Republican League, while in Washington this week, was advised that U. S. Glick, who had formerly been connected with the Republican National League and with the national headquarters in Chicago last summer, was now traveling about the country, soliciting funds and representing himself to be the financial agent of the league, as well as the personal envoy of McKinley, Hanna, Woodmansee and others. President Woodmansee has had several inquiries about Glick, and has replied that Glick had no connection with the league, although he had been persistent in hanging on and applying for official connection with the organization. In addition to his representations in behalf of the league, he is reported from different States to have been making inquiries as to the standing of distinguished men who were mentioned for Cabinet and other positions. In all his communications he is conceded by party managers to be very diplomatic in his way, but he is not now authorized to represent either the Republican National Committee or the Republican National League, or the incoming administration.

GLICK DENIES IT.

CHICAGO, Jan 29.—Ulysses S. Glick, against whom President Woodmansee makes the charges of misrepresenting himself as the financial agent of the National Republican League, in an interview tonight, said: "The whole statement of President Woodmansee is false. I have never attempted to solicit a cent of money in behalf of the league since June 16, nor have I received a cent since the St. Louis convention. I have a contract dated March 20, 1896, with the league, signed by the president, secretary and treasurer, authorizing me to act as the financial agent of the organization, and to solicit funds for it. This contract has never been revoked. Notwithstanding this I have never received a cent of money from the league nor a contribution for the league, except a small amount which was in the shape of a check payable to the league treasurer, and that was before the St. Louis convention. After the convention I ceased to solicit funds on behalf of the league, after a conference with the national chairman, and I have made no efforts to do so since. Furthermore, I want to say that I have never represented myself as the personal representative of President McKinley. I may add that the league has never in any way compensated me for the very considerable personal expenditures, I made during my two months and a half of active services. I purpose to take immediate steps to take Woodmansee to account for this libel."

Glick's Los Angeles Record.

Ulysses S. Grant Glick, the smooth individual named in the foregoing dispatch, is well known in Los Angeles. He came here during the boom, representing himself as a young German Lutheran clergyman. He obtained and held for a while a professorship in the University of Southern California. Then he became spiritual adviser for Fritz Anschlag the Garden Grove murderer. Anschlag poisoned himself the night preceding the day set for his execution, and the officials have always believed that Glick got him the poison.

Soon afterward Glick went east and from time to time he has been heard from in connection with shady transactions. During the World's Fair he was very conspicuous around Chicago, and on one or two occasions since has circulated stories about how he met H. J. Hanchette, the missing secretary of the Los Angeles Chamber of Commerce. All such stories turned out to be the veriest fakes.

Glick has been accused of being implicated in various swindling transactions, women usually being his victims. That the fellow has escaped the penitentiary so long is a surprise to most people who know him.

BOTH DEAD.

A Coachman Murders His Mistress and Commits Suicide.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

CHICAGO, Jan. 29.—William A. Cunning, a coachman, whose home is said to be Cincinnati, shot and killed Mrs. Mary Denning today. He attempted to kill the woman's two boys, but failed, then shot himself, falling across Mrs. Denning's body fatally wounded. A year ago Cunning roomed at Mrs. Denning's house. He attempted to kill her, wounding her in the arm and head. He escaped and was not again seen until today. It is said Cunning was forced to leave Mrs. Denning's house on account of unwelcome attentions. Denning, who is a liveryman, separated from his wife some years ago on account of the attentions Cunning paid his wife.

DOMESTIC TRAGEDY.

A Drummer Murders His Wife Then Kills Himself.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

CLEVELAND (O.,) Jan. 29.—Willard Colton, aged 47, returned home at 3 o'clock this morning, and after a quarrel with his wife, shot and killed her and himself. Colton was a traviling salesman for a Chicago shoe house, and drank heavily, which led to frequent quarrels between himself and wife. They were married in 1892, both having been married before. Mrs. Colton had considerable property. Colton disliked Mrs. Hauslach, his step-daughter, and her presence in the house undoubtedly led to the quarrel. It is believed Mrs. Hauslach would have been killed, too, had she not escaped to the lower part of the house when the shooting began.

GOT LITTLE BOOTY.

OREGON OVERLAND HELD UP AND ROBBED.

The Express Car Rent with Giant Powder and the Wreck Burned.

SMALL SAFES BLOWN OPEN.

THE BIG SAFE WITHSTOOD THE ATTACK UPON IT.

Mail Car Entered and Set Afire, but Nothing Taken from It—Trainmen Shot At—Fireman's Rare Presence of Mind.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

PORTLAND (Or.,) Jan. 29.—The Southern Pacific express train which left San Francisco Wednesday night was held up and robbed by masked robbers shortly before midnight last night two miles south of Roseburg. The car containing Wells, Fargo & Co's. express and the baggage of all the passengers, was set on fire by the highwaymen and the car, together with its contents, was entirely destroyed. The Wells Fargo car caried three safes, two of which the robbers succeeded in epening. They only contained about $20, and this is believed to be the extent of the booty which was secured by the highwaymen. The through safe, containing all the valuables, could not be opened, and after the fire burned out it was placed in another car and taken through.

Just as the train pulled out of Myrtle Creek a man was seen to jump on the front end of the mail car, which followed the tender. When the train reached the place agreed upon by the robbers for the hold up, Engineer Richard Morris saw the signal and immediately began to bring his train to a standstill. The man on the mail car then climbed over the tender, and with a drawn revolver ordered the engineer to hold up his hands. Fireman Hendricks at once jumped from the train and started for Roseburg to give information of the robbery.

The robbers who were stationed at the point agreed upon immediately uncoupled the baggage, express and mail cars, and the robber on the engine opened the throttle and took the two cars about 300 yards ahead. Conductor Veach and Brakeman Lohe shouted to the engineer inquiring the trouble Their answer was a fusillade of shots, and the command to get back to the train. Neither seeming to obey quickly enough, another volley was fired at them from the engine.

Two of the robbers then went to the express car and exploded a charge of giant powder, and then ordered Messenger Butler to open the door. He replied with a shot, which was returned by the robbers. Three other men stood guard and kept the trainmen and passengers from coming up. Receiving no reply to their second command for Messenger Butler to come out—he having slipped through the opposite door—another charge of dynamite was placed under the car and fired. The effect was ruinous. Doors were blown apart, and the heavy floor timbers of the car shivered into splinters.

The car was at once entered and the two small safes of the express company attacked with giant powder. Both of these were blown open. The last charge sent the burning coals from the stove flying in every direction. These alighting among the paper-wrapped packages set the interior of the car ablaze.

After the express car had been set on fire they turned their attention to the mail car. After exploding a charge of giant powder, they ordered Postal Clerk Charles Piper to open the door. At the second command he obeyed, and one man entered, revolver in hand. After rumaging about for five minutes and breaking open a number of packages, he left without taking anything.

By this time the fire from the express car was communicated to the rear end of the mail car. Owing to the presence of mind of the postal clerk, he saved the entire mail from destruction. He secured a bucket and, together with the engineer, carried the water from a small pond near by and succeeded in keeping the fire away from the mail, and only slight damage resulted from the water.

Express Messenger Butler made the following report to Local Manager Shelby of Wells, Fargo & Co.:

"When the train stopped I put out the lamps, took a shotgun, opened a door and shot at a man I took for a robber, when he shot at me. When I saw the flash I snapped my gun at him again, but it missed fire. One charge of giant powder had been exploded under the forward end of the car before I shot, the discharge of the giant powder being accompanied by the command 'Come out or be killed.' Knowing that he had giant powder, and my gun failing to work, I got out on the opposite side of the car, just as he threw giant powder in. I slipped out apparently unobserved before the fuse had time to burn to the fulminating cap, and entered the coach. The explosion of the cartridge of dynamite occurred just as I reached the cab.

"The express and mail cars were then detached and run ahead about a quarter of a mile. Five charges of giant powder were used on the safes. The car took fire and was burned completely with its contents.

"After the robbers left, I stayed with the safes till daylight. Train 15 left about 5:50 a.m., leaving me to watch the safes, there being no place to move them to.

"At daylight we took the safes on a push car to Roseburg in time to catch No. 18, which leaves at 8 a.m. The safes are badly damaged by powder and fire, but the steel box was not opened. The through safe was overlooked but was red when taken from the fire. The local safe was blown to pieces, but there was very little of value in it.

"A rancher came to the train and said that five men passed his house from the scene of the robbery, carrying two lanterns, shortly after the shooting ceased."

Superintendent Field of the Southern Pacific, who happened to be in Roseburg, took a special engine about 1:50 a.m. and hurried to the scene. After a few hours work the track was cleared and the train taken to Roseburg. It is believed that there were five men in the gang, but two did all the work. None of the passengers were molested. While Engineer Morris was looking out of the cab a bullet grazed his cheek but did no serious damage. Several commercial travelers are known to have lost valuable samples by the burning of the baggage-car. A reward has been offered for the apprehension of the robbers.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT.

PORTLAND (Or.,) Jan. 29.—The following particulars of the hold-up of the Southern Pacific train near Roseburg, Or., were given out by the Southern Pacific officials here:

Train No. 15, north-bound Oregon express, was held up last night at Shady Point by two or three men, a short distance south of Roseburg. The express car was detached from the train by the robbers, and the door blown open by dynamite. The two smaller safes in the car were then blown open and looted. The express-car then took fire. The conductors and trainmen tried hard to save it after the robbers had gone, but the flames had too great a start, and the car and contents were destroyed. The train was on time at Shady Point, where Engineer Morris, saw a man at the side of the track waving a flag. He slowed up, and just as he brought the train to a stop, a man armed with two revolvers came over the back of the tender and covered him. At the same time another armed man, who was the man who flagged him, appeared at the side of the cab, and, presenting a revolver at him, ordered him not to attempt to move the train, but to come down at once and go with them to the express-car. The fireman in the mean time had got down on the other side.

Two robbers and the engineer then went to the express-car, where the robbers ordered the express messenger to open the door. This the messenger refused to do. The robbers then uncoupled the express, returned to the engine and kicked the train back, leaving the express car separated. In the mean time the express messenger had seized the opportunity to step out of the car. After breaking the train in two, the robbers returned to the express car, and with heavy charges of dynamite, the detonations of which were heard at Roseburg, blew the door open.

Entering the car they attacked the two smaller safes, which they succeeded in entering. The messenger thought the robbers did not succeed in getting into the big safe, and consequently they could not have secured much money.

The mail car was also visited by the robbers, and it was thought some registered mail was taken, but they did not pay much attention to the mail car.

The explosion set fire to the express car, and when the robbers drew off, it was a mass of flames. The train crew worked like trojans, but were unable to save it, and the car and contents were almost totally destroyed.

The passengers were considerably shaken up and some of the them frightened, but no one was injured.

An imperfect description of one of the robbers was secured.

TWO MEN DID THE WORK.

PORTLAND (Or.,) Jan. 29.—The Southern Pacific train which was held up at midnight near Roseburg, arrived here at 1 o'clock this afternoon. Charles Piper, the postal clerk in charge of the mail car, said: "Two men did all the work of holding up the train, but I think there were five in the gang."

POSTAL INSPECTORS TO THE SCENE.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 29.—Postal Inspectors Thrall and Monro left this evening for the scene of the robbery and will thoroughly investigate the case. Inspector Thrall comments on its similarity to that wherein the same train was held up on the night of July 1, 1895, thirty miles south of the scene of last night's affair.

On that occasion the robbers operated in the same manner in order to stop the train, and he believes that the same parties are responsible for both hold-ups. Five men were concerned in the first robbery and two men were arrested for their participation in it. They were John Case and John Pool. The evidence against them appeared to be conclusive, and after a trial in the United States District Court of Portland, the jury found them guilty. A new trial was demanded and Judge Bellinger, after taking the matter under advisement for six months, granted a new trial, stating that, in his opinion, there was not sufficient evidence to convict. As the postal officials had no further evidence the cases were dismissed.

Case and Pool have since been indicted by the State court, but have not been arrested.

Death of Gen. Smith.

CHICAGO, Jan. 29.—Brev.-Maj.-Gen. John E. Smith, retired, died today, aged 80. He was born at Berne, Switzerland, in 1816. During the civil war he was colonel of the "Lead Mine Regiment," the Forty-fifth Illinois. Smith's father served under Napoleon through the Russian campaign and at Waterloo.

HOTELS—

Resorts and Cafes.

GRANDEST WINTER RESORT On the Pacific Slope.

BEAUTIFUL SANTA BARBARA.

Never Closes. The Arlington Hotel. Never Closes.

The flower festival not being held this spring is drawing a great many people to Santa Barbara during January, one of the best months for fishing, ocean bathing and driving. Famous Veronica Springs one mile from hotel. Write for particulars Raymond & Whitcomb coupons accepted. E. P. DUNN.

A MAGIC ISLAND—SANTA CATALINA.

Charming climate, wonderful natural attractions, famous fishing, quail, dove and wild goat shooting. Delightful coast excursions. HOTEL METROPOLE open all the year. Greatly reduced rates for fall and winter Ideal accommodations for ladies and gentlemen at Eagle Camp; heart of the game country. Our special coupon ticket includes transportation Los Angeles to Avalon, accommodations Hotel Metropole and Eagle Camp, saddle animals, etc. SEE OUR DISPLAY IN HAZARD'S PAVILION. Regular service per R. R. Time Tables, Los Angeles daily papers. Full information and illustrated pamphlets from BANNING CO., 222 South Spring St., Los Angeles

WILSON'S PEAK—OVER A MILE HIGH. FIRST-CLASS HOTEL ACCOMMOdations at Martin's Camp, $2.00 per day; $10 per week. Camping privileges at the Peak. Camp among the Pines, 6000 feet up. Tents by the day week or month, furnished or unfurnished. Daily Mail and Telephone connection Fare, Round Trip, $3.50; parties of 5 to 10, $3; 10 and over, $2.50. Stage leaves 44 S Raymond ave., Pasadena, 8:30 a.m. For transportation by way of Toll Road or Sierra Madre Trail apply to L. D. LOWRY, 44 S. Raymond Ave., Pasadena, Cal. Tel. Main 56

PASADENA INN, IN WARD BLOCK, SOUTHWEST CORNER COLORADO AND Fair Oaks Avenue, Pasadena, is now open to the public. Guests served on American and European plan. Special attention given to tally-ho parties and others desiring meals on short order. Telephone 48. MRS. GEORGE COPE, Proprietress.

HOTEL SAN GABRIEL E. SAN GABRIEL, CAL. AMONG ROSES AND ORANGE blossoms, only 9 miles from Los Angeles on S.P. Ry. Modern appointments, tennis, croquet, bowling, fine livery, beautiful new ballroom; very moderate prices; special rates to "Raymond & Whitcomb" parties. N. S. MULLAN

HOTEL LINCOLN SECOND AND HILL—FAMILY HOTEL; APPOINTMENT perfect; electric cars to all points. THOS PASOE, Prop.

HOTEL SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA, ON P. AND P. ELECTRIC RY Close to R.R. depots; 12 o'clock dinners a specialty

LA SOLANA—AND COTTAGES ON GRAND AVE., MOST DELIGHFUL PART of Pasadena. Advantageous arrangements for families.

[COAST RECORD.]

EXPENSIVE SWEAR.

WILLIAM ROBLES PUNISHED FOR PERJURY.

Fourteen Years in San Quentin for Swearing Falsely to Shield His Sweetheart.

NORDHAUSEN KILLED HIMSELF

THE CORONER'S JURY SAYS IT WAS SUICIDE.

Sudden Death of Lawyer Loughborough of San Francisco—A Man Locked Up for Being Afraid of Himself.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 29.—William Robles was today sentenced by Judge Wallace to fourteen years in San Quentin for perjury. The crime of Robles was committed under unusual circumstances in that his perjury was committed to save another from the penitentiary.

Some months ago a woman named Aggie Abbott was convicted of grand larceny for stealing a gold watch from the pockets of John Ellis, a countryman. At that time Robles was a prisoner in the County Jail, charged with vagrancy. To save the Abbott woman, Robles made an affidavit in which he swore that he stole Ellis's watch and that the woman, then under conviction, was innocent of any connection with the crime.

The attorney for the woman presented Robles's affidavit to Judge Bahrs in support of a motion for a new trial. Surprised at the contents of the affidavit, Judge Bahrs decided upon an investigation, which resulted in his denial of the motion and sentenced the woman to a term in the penitentiary, Robles being ordered into custody for perjury, and was subsequently indicted by the grand jury.

THE COONEY CASE.

District-Attorney Barnes Springs a Sensation.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 29.—Dist.-Atty. Barnes introduced a sensational element into the testimony at the preliminary examination of ex-Notary Public Cooney today. Cooney is charged with perjury in having sworn that the late James C. Fair acknowledged before him deeds to half a million dollars worth of property claimed by Mrs. Nettie R. Craven, the alleged contract wife of the dead millionaire. The prosecution introduced testimony showing that the blank forms on which the acknowledgement was made was not printed until 1896, while the document is dated in 1894.

Today the Disrtict Attorney charged that Cooney had printed on Saturday 2000 fac-similes of the blank forms in question. It is charged that being unable to secure the necessary type, the forms were printed from a zinkograph. The intention, the District Attorn about town and then introduce witnesses who would swear that they had been in their possession for many years. James H. Barry, a printer, testified that C. J. Stillwell, a private detective in Cooney's employ, had engaged him to do the printing.

In connection with the Cooney case, Chief of Detective Lees has made the statement that all the documents introduced in the Fair will case by the opponents of the trust will are forgeries. The pencil will and the deeds to Mrs. Craven are included in this category.

AFRAID OF HIMSELF.

George D. Brandon Locked Up at His Own Request.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

SAN JOSE, Jan. 29.—A man giving the name of George D. Brandon called at the Police Station and asked to be locked up, as he was possessed of a desire to commit suicide, and he was afraid he would harm himself. He was evidently suffering from a long debauch. He said he came from San Francisco with a firm determination of ending his life. Though poorly dresses, he bore traces of refinement. Brandon says that for fifteen years he was in Japan, where he did considerable newspaper work. Six months ago he arrived in Tacoma. At that time he says he had jewelry and all kinds of money. He came to San Francisco about a month ago, where he spent the last of his money. He is about 40 years of age. Brandon says he is the son of George B. Brandon, the well-known pill manufacturer of Sing Sing, N. Y.

PROGRESSIVE JAPS.

Studying Posts and Telegraphs of Other Nations.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 29.—Three officials of the Japanese government who were delegated a commission to attend the recent international postal conference at Buda-Pesth, Hungary, and who since the conference have been examining the postal, telegraph and telephone systems of the European countries, and the United States, are here. The party includes K. Den, Director-General of the Bureau of Post, Telegraph and Telephone; T. Matsunaga, counselor and private secretary under Director-General Den; and K. Tanaka, secretary attaché of the some bureau. They have devoted eleven months to an investigation of the postal, telegraph and telephone systems of European nations and the United States, and will recommend the best features of the several systems for their government's adoption. They spent some time in New York, Washington and Chicago. Yesterday they inspected the workings of the branch postoffices of this city. Some cables have already been laid in Japan since the recent war, and more will be laid in the near future. The Japanese will have a cable between Japan and Korea within three years, it is said.

DIED OF APOPLEXY.

Sudden Death of a Prominent San Francisco Lawyer.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 29.—Alexander Loughborough, one of the best-known lawyers in the State, died suddenly at 11:50 o'clock last night at his residence, after being stricken with apoplexy. He was born in Warrenton, Va., in 1834. He was a graduate of Georgetown College, Washington. He came here in 1860 and returned to Wheeling, W. Va., in 1867, when he married.

He then removed to Baltimore and practiced some two years and then came to this Coast. He at once entered into a law partnership with the late Julius George, which continued up to the time of the latter's death in 1880. After his partner's death he entered into partnership with William M. Newhall, the partnership existing but a short time, Mr. Newhall retiring from practice of law.

Mr. Loughborough's specialty was as a land lawyer, his personal practice being the care of property interests of absent owners.

A JUDGE'S QUALIFICATIONS.

Every Judge His Own Judge in the Matter.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 29.—The Supreme Court holds that a Superior Judge can pass upon his qualification to hear an action, and that his decision is not subject to review.

John N. Hudner, of the law firm of Briggs & Hudner of Hollister, is married to a niece of Superior Judge Bree. The plaintiff, in an action, claimed the Judge was disqualified because Hudner was connected with the case. This point was contested by the defendants, who filed affidavits that they had not employed Hudner and that they were released from all claims for attorney's services. Notwithstanding this, upon the showing that Hudner had conferred with his partner, Briggs, during the progress of the trial, the Judge ruled he was disqualified, and order the trial changed to Santa Clara county. The defendants appealed. In affirming the judgment the Supreme Court says: "Whether Mr. Hudner was an attorney of the defendants was to be determined by Judge Bree from the matters presented to him at the hearing of the motion, and his decision is not open to review."

SWANHILDA DUE.

Australian Detectives on the Lookout for the Ship.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 29.—The steamer North Fork passed in today. The vessel is from the North and was off Point Reyes last evening. She did not sight any square-riggers outside the bar, though several are due here. The British ship Swanhilda can now be considered due. She will probably come in between now and Monday morning next. A great deal has been said about the ship, but seafaring men only commenced to look for her when she was sixty-five days out. The police, and especially the Australian detectives, hope that the ship will complete her voyage in the next forty-eight hours.

VERDICT OF SUICIDE.

Coroner's Jury's Peculiar Finding in the Nordhausen Case.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 29.—In direct opposition to the trend of medical testimony at the inquest today over the remains of Charles C. Nordhausen, the Oakland capitalist, the jury brought in a verdict of suicide while the deceased was in his room in the Baldwin Hotel, delirious from excessive drink. Before his death Nordhausen had practically admitted to the physicians that he had been shot by a woman, and doctors testified that it would have been impossible for Nordhausen to have inflicted the wounds from which he died.

ARIZONA GOVERNORSHIP.

Senator Boise Penrose's Brother Among the Aspirants.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

TOMBSTONE (Ariz.,) Jan. 29.—The Tombstone Prospector, in an article published tonight, mentions as among the possible aspirants for the governorship of Arizona, Hon. R. A. F. Penrose, brother of Hon. Boise Penrose, the recently elected Senator from [illegible]. Mr. Penrose is prominently identified with Arizona and is a citizen of the Territory. He is president of the Commonwealth Mining Company, operating at Pearce, this county, which is considered one of the richest mines in the West.

CHICAGO TOURISTS.

A Distinguished Party En Route to the Coast.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

PHOENIX (Ariz.,) Jan. 29.—A party arrived by special car this evening from Chicago, consisting of H. H. Porter, chairman of directors of the Chicago and Eastern Railway; Robert T. Lincoln, N. K. Fairbank, Marshall Field and Gen. Wesley Merritt, commanding the Department of the Missouri. They have been at the Congress mine, in which Fairbank is interested, for several days. They are simply on a pleasure trip that may be continued to Southern California.

Little Pete's Murderers Unknown.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 29.—The Coroner's jury today returned a verdict that "Little Pete," the murdered Chinese merchant and sport, was murdered by unknown persons. Two highbinders under arrest on suspicion of being the assassins were present, but witnesses could not identify them as the men who did the shooting.

Mrs. Flood's Funeral.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 29.—The funeral of Mrs. Flood, widow of the late Bonanza King, James C. Flood, was held today. It was notable for its simplicity. There were no embelms of mourning, no flowers and no pallbearers. All this was in accordance with the wish of Mrs. Flood.

Death of John L. Durkee.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 29.—John L. Durkee, for many years fire marshal of this city, died today. He was a pioneer and prominent member of the vigilantes.

CONSPIRED TO DEFRAUD.

Attempt to Bunco a Bank with Bogus Mining Bonds.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

CHICAGO, Jan. 29.—S. W. Marshal, an alleged mine-owner, and A. S. Whitman, a real-estate dealer, are under arrest here charged with forgery and conspiracy to defraud. The men were arrested on complaint of officials of the First National Bank. It is charged that the two men conspired to defraud the bank out of $3200 by selling it forged gold-mining bonds.

The two men have been under arrest several days, but at the request of the bank authorities, their arrest has been kept quiet.

Marshal, when arrested in his office on Dearborn street, gave his business as a mine-owner. Whitman is a resident of Chicago.

Marshal called at the First National Bank a few days ago, in company with Whitman. The former had a quantity of gold-mining stock on which he wanted to raise some money. The manager of the bond department waited on the men and said the bank was willing to take the bonds if they were all right, and requested that they be left at the bank to be verified. They were bonds of a well-known mining-stock company of Denver, and listed up high in the Colorado Mining Exchange.

Communication with the company in Denver brought the response that the bonds were worthless, as the numbers had been raised and the signatures forged. The bank notified the detective department and Detectives Corbus and Ross were detailed on the case, resulting in the arrest of both men. It is believed that Whitman was ignorant of the fact that the bonds were fraudulent. The scheme came very near being successful, and the fact that the bonds were worthless was discovered just in time to save the bank from loss.

SQUIRE'S SUCCESSOR

STATE OF WASHINGTON ELECTS A SENATOR.

Turner of Spokane Chosen to Occupy the Seat Now Held by Watson C. Squire.

UTAH DEADLOCK UNBROKEN.

AN ELECTION EXPECTED ABOUT NEXT MONDAY.

Three Weeks Frittered Away by the Webfoot Legislators and Organization not Perfected—Mitchell's Chances Waning.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

OLYMPIA (Wash.,) Jan. 29.—Turner was elected United States Senator today. Turner received 68 of the 87 votes of the Fusionists, or 11 more than a majority of the entire Legislature. Of the nineteen Fusionists who refused to vote for him, all were Populists, except Williams, a Silver Republican. The result of the first ballot was as follows: Turner, 68; Denny, 25; Westcott, 14; Squire, 1; Kreitz, 1; absent, 3.

The election of Turner retires to private life after the 4th of March Senator Squire, who has represented Washington in the Senate since it became a State in 1889.

Senator-elect Turner has been one of the most prominent politicians in Washington for the past ten years. Until the adoption of the St. Louis platform he was a member of the Republican party, but at that time he left the party and supported Bryan. He enjoys the distinction of having been one of the 306 delegates who voted for Gen. Grant. He has for many years been an advocate of the free coinage of silver. He advocates the government ownership of railroads. Though always heretofore a strong believer in a protective tariff, he comes out for a modified tariff. He will stand with the silver Republicans, the Democrats and Populists in the organization of the Senate. He has been a candidate for Senator four times, and in 1893 held a deadlock against Senator Allen during the entire session.

OREGON LEGISLATURE.

Three Weeks Frittered Away—Mitchell's Chances Waning.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

SALEM (Or.,) Jan. 29.—The third week of the State Legislature has expired and the lower branch of that body is still unorganized. Both divisions of it adjourned today. The Benson House adjourned until Monday and the Davis organization until tomorrow, when it will simply meet and adjourn. It is confidently predicted that the dealock will be broken some time next week. There can be no doubt that the deadlock has had a serious efafect on Senator Mitchell's candidacy, and it may accomplish his defeat. If organization had been effected when the Legislature convened, Senator Mitchell would have undoubtedly been elected, as he had [illegible] received the caucus nomination. The object of the deadlock was to delay organization in order that influence might be brought upon enough of his supporters to defeat him. Many of them have local measures, whose enactment, they say, is more to them than the election of a United States Senator. These members were given to understand that in order to secure any legislation it was necessary to eliminate the candidacy of Mitchell. While many of them are pledged to Mitchell, they say they will not enter into any joint convention except one participated in by both House and Senate, in which case they would vote for him on the first ballot, and afterward, if he was not elected they would go to some other candidate. The opposition to Mitchell has made it plain that they will not organize the House until Mitchell is defeated. It is becoming doubtful whether forty-six members, or a majority of the Legislature, will go into a joint convention next Tuesday and vote for a Senator.

UTAH DEADLOCK.

No Choice for Senator Yet—Women Voted For.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

SALT LAKE, Jan. 29.—The balloting for United States Senator today failed to develop any new features affecting the candidates. The Populists posted their vote on different ballots for Mrs. Cannon of the Senate, and Mrs. Brown of the House. The Democrats gave a complimentary vote to Bishop. A large crowd was in attendance thinking that from the situation at the close of yesterday's balloting there would be a break in the deadlock today, but they were disappointed.

No decided change is looked for tomorrow, but it is believed that on Monday there will be a break in the line and that it will result in an election.

ARIZONA LEGISLATURE.

Important Bills Introduced—Santa Fe Bill Passed.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

PHOENIX, Jan. 29.—Among the important measures introduced in the Legislature today was one demanding educational qualifications for voting. Another appropriates $60,000 for the construction of a capitol at Phoenix. Memorials were passed in the House asking for military equipment for students of the University at Tucson, and for the protection of the livestock interests of Southern Arizona against roving Papagos. Bills have passed both branches in the interest of the Santa Fé permitting railway corporations to purchase the railway property and franchises at foreclosure sales and permitting such purchasers to assume all the rights and franchises of the prior corporation as well as authority to construct lines in other States. It is alleged the Santa Fé extension to the Coast will be built by virtue of the authority today given the Committee on Reorganization of the Atlantic and Pacific, following the sale on trust deeds.

Dubois Given an Ovation.

BOISE (Idaho,) Jan. 29.—Senator Dubois, accompanied by Secretary Walsh of the Democratic National Committee, left for the East this afternoon. He was given a great ovation and his departure was more like that of a conquering hero than a defeated candidate. He made a speech to the crowd in the street in front of his hotel and was called out of the car to address a crowd that surged upon the depot platform.

McKinley's Birthday.

CANTON (O.,) Jan. 29.—Callers at the McKinley residence this morning were numerous, but were for the greater part, personal friends of the President-elect or those whose missions were of a personal nature. Mrs. McKinley, who is still in Chicago, congratuated her husband by telephone early this morning, the major being 54 years old today.

ALTGELD CALLED DOWN.

A Chicago Election Commissioner Brings Him to Book.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

CHICAGO, Jan. 29.—County Judge O. N. Carter, head of the Election Commission, in a public letter, addressed to ex-Gov. John P. Altgeld of Illinois denies his sweeping charges of fraud in the recent election, especially as regards Chicago, and calls upon him to produce his proofs of the same, promising to thoroughly investigate them.

The charges were made in a speech delivered by Mr. Altgeld at a receptin given to him at the Tremont House last night. He asserted that the increased Republican vote in several of the larger States was greatly in excess of what the increase of population justified, and said the increase of 243,000 votes in Illinois indicated an increase of 1,200,00 in the population of the State during the four years from 1892 to 1896, which, he said, clearly was untrue.

Judge Carter, after quoting this statement, writes that while Mr. Altgeld does not refer particularly to Chicago, inasmuch as 180,000 of the increased vote in the State came from Chicago, it is fair to assume that he charged fraudulent voting in the city. If repeated charges of fraudulent voting are allowed to pass without denial, the Judge writes, the public will soon begin to believe in their truth, and inasmuch as he is in a sense responsible for the honesty of the elections here, he deems it his duty to call attention to certain facts which will go to show that fraudulent voting was not carried on in this city to the extent charged by Mr. Altgeld.

When ex-Gov. Altgeld was seen, it is said he practically confessed, when informed of the nature of Judge Carter's letter, that he had not proof of the statements he made in his speech. Regarding the Judge's letter in general, he said:

"I will say for Judge Carter's benefit that I did most assuredly include Chicago in my remarks, for I am firmly persuaded that frauds of the most gigantic character were committed in this city at the last election.

"Judge Carter's statements do not meet my charges, and neither he nor any other man can explain the glaring discrepancy between the increase in the vote and the population during the period I referred to. It tells the whole story itself.

"At first I was disposed to accept the result of the election in good faith, but as I looked more and more into the returns, I was sorrowfully and to my regret forced to the conclusion that a gigantic fraud had been committed, and I have had no reason to change my mind since. I will, of course, read Judge Carter's letter carefully, and it may be I will have something more to say on the matter."

BOUGHT BY ROTHSCHILD.

THE TOMBOY MINE IN COLORADO CHANGES HANDS.

Purchased for the Rothschilds, Who Now Have Fifty Million Dollars Invested in Mines in This Country—Their Eyes on More.

[BY THE TIMES' SPECIAL WIRE.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—[Special Dispatch.] Papers have been signed for the sale of the Tomboy gold mine in Colorado to Rothschild. The consideration is $15,000,000. With this latest purchase Rothschild's interest in the mines in this country approaches close to $50,000,000. Nearly two years ago the Exploration Company of London, which is really the firm of Rothschilds and their associates, purchased one-quarter of the stock of the Anaconda Copper Mining Company for $7,500,000. They at the same time secured an option for another quarter of the stock at the price of $9,000,000. That option was closed a few months ago, when the company sent Hamilton Smith, its expert, to this country, who examined the property. He obtained a third option for the rest of the 500,000 shares. The price was fixed at $18,000,000. That was subsequently closed and the Exploration Company—the Rothschilds—secured the famous Anaconda mine for the sum of $34,500,000. Smith, while here, also looked at the Homestake Mining Company's property in the Black Hills district, Dakota. The Homestake is perhaps the richest in the country, if not in the world. They have produced something like $20,000,000 in the last eighteen years and are said to be good for twenty years more. Expert Smith obtained an option from J. B. Haggin and other owners in this mine. The figures involved are from five to ten millions. The Rothschilds have their eyes on various other mining property.

Hall Will Keep His Seat.

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 29.—Sydney Hall will probaby keep his seat as Senator. The contest was practically decided tonight by a recount of the ballots which left the result as far as Hall and Tyrrell were concerned, practically the same as when the count began. Welch gained seven votes which leaves him thirty-three behind Hall. Tyrrell gave up the contest when the count was over, but Welch made the points that Hall had violated the Purity of Elections laws and that Tyrrell had got on the ticket by fraud. Tyrrell was the independent candidate and got on the ticket by petition. Welch's points were raised early in the fight but notwithstanding this, the matter was taken under advisement.

Judge Dawson Dead.

ST. JOSEPH (Mo.,) Jan. 29.—Judge Lafayette Dawson, one of the most prominent attorneys in Missouri, is dead at his home at Maryville, aged 58. Te was an elector on the Tilden and Hendricks ticket in 1876. President Cleveland appointed him Judge for Alaska in 1885, but he resigned in 1888. His death was caused by cancer.

K. of P. Favored.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 29.—The Legislature has passed a resolution granting the use of the Hall of Representatives to the Supreme Lodge, Knights of Pythias, for the biennial meeting here, and also permitting the use of city or State lands adjacent to Indianapolis for the encampment of the Uniformed Rank.

Will Be Adopted.

WASHINGTON, January 29.—The amendments made yesterday by the Senate to the extradition treaty between the United States and the Orange Free State and the Argentine Republic will be accepted by the President and undoubtedly by the other parties to the conventions.

Reported Adversely.

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 29.—The Assembly Committee on Corporations reported adversely on the bill to reduce the rates of fares on street railroads in cities and counties or towns, and to require the issuance of commutation tickets for not less than thirty trips at reduced rates.

Bank Closed.

KNOXVILLE (Tenn.,) Jan. 29.—The Wautega Bank of Johnson City closed today. The liabilities are $28,000, and the assets nearly $94,000.

THE HOTEL VAN NUYS IS NOW OPEN.

GROVER AND THE DOCTORS

THE PRESIDENT AT A MEDICAL CELEBRATION.

He Waxes Humorous and Tells How He Helps the Profession to Make Fat Fees—A Tribute to the Old Family Doctor.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—The occasion of the celebration of the semi-centennial of the New York Academy of Medicine at Carnegie Hall tonight was made auspicious by the presence of President Cleveland, who arrived in this city early in the evening. The President was invited to attend the celebration by Dr. Joseph D. Bryant, who is president of the academy, and also Mr. Cleveland's private physician.

President Cleveland spoke in part as follows:

"I have anticipated the share assigned to me on this occasion with considerable trepidation, for various reasons. I have been chiefly disturbed, I believe, because of my inability to discover satisfactory grounds for my right to join those who celebrate the semi-centennial of a medical association."

The President said he had come to represent the vast army of patients and laymen. He spoke in a humorous vein of what the medical profession owes to his class, who, by indulging all sorts of irregularities, allow the doctors to make fat fees.

He then spoke of the great progress that has been made in the practice of medicine of late years.

Continuing, the President paid a [illegible] tribute to the old-time family doctor. Though ignorant of many of the remedies and appliances now in use, the President, said the old-time physician supplied the deficiency by hard-headed judgment, well-observed experience and careful nursing.

The President said he hoped the advance in medical science would continue, and he prophesied that there need be no fear that America's contribution to splendid results would be deficient.

Following the exercises at Carnegie, the President held a brief reception at the Academy of Medicine.

GRISCOM'S PURCHASE.

Officers of the American Line Know Nothing About It.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—G. A. Griscom, Jr., is an officer of the American line in New York. He left New York some weeks ago on a trip for his health and sailed from San Francisco January 25 for the Sandwich Islands.

The officers of the American line and a member of Mr. Griscom's family said this morning that they had not heard of Mr. Griscom being interested in any land deal in San Francisco. If he has purchased any land there they say it has no connection with the business of the American line, nor with any proposed railroad or steamship line. They are inclined to the belief that he is not interested in any San Francisco deal that has any important significance. Mr. Rando lives at San Diego.

Fire Causes a Panic.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 29.—Fire broke out early this evening in the north wing of the Denison Hotel, and for a time caused the greatest confusion among the guests. The fire was subdued after damage of $20,000, mostly by water, had been caused. All the guests of the house were provided for in the main part of the building and dinner was served as usual.

Trude Declines.

CHICAGO, Jan. 29.—Attorney A. S. Trude, who has been prominently mentioned as the Democratic candidate for Mayor at the coming spring election, has written a letter in which he positively declines to be a candidate. He strongly indorses Judge John Barton Payne for the position.

Grover and Daniel.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The President, accompanied by Secretary Lamont, left Washington over the Pennsylvania road at 11 o'clock for New York. He will deliver an address tonight at the semi-centennial celebration of the New York Academy of Medicine.

Cold Wave Broken.

WASHINGTON, January 30.—Zero weather was predicted in this vicinity this morning, but the minimum temperature was 12 deg. above. Indications are that the backbone of the cold wave is broken in the South and Middle Atlantic States.

Frozen to Death.

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—Private Frederick Clinton, U.S.A., was frozen to death in the streets of Whitestone, L. I. He was drunk and fell by the roadside last night. Clinton was to have quit the army in a few days, after ten years' service.

King Dom Carlos of Portugal is a clever artist and devotes much of his time to painting. Queen Maria Pia, his mother, models well in clay, besides having other artistic talents, and Carlos's grandfather, Ferdinand, etched very creditably. But the fact that he married the daughter of a Boston shoemaker made him even more famous than his pen and ink work.

An improved snake story comes from Calcutta. The tame pythons were kept together, when one swallowed the other. The inside snake feeling uncomfortable in the other's midst, proceeded to eat its way out at the other end.

HER CHANDELIER.

An Heiress Discovers the Expensiveness of a Title.

[Pittsburgh Dispatch:] It is all very well for an heiress to wed a title, but it is sometimes better for her to inquire into the gentleman's character beforehand, if a couple of stories from Paris are true. A rich English girl who had married a French nobleman was showing a friend through her magnificent hotel, and called her attention to the beautiful chandelier in the drawing-room. The friend did not show much enthusiasm and the bride said:

"Well, you don't seem to say much about my $20,000 chandelier?"

"Twenty thousand?" said the friend, with a polite laugh. "Isn't that piling up rather high? That very chandelier was offered to me for $11,500."

The bride went to the shop and indignantly remonstrated at being cheated. The dealer interrupted her to ask if the chandelier had not been sold to her husband. It had been.

"You gave him $20,000 to pay for it, did you not?" asked the dealer. "We offered it to him for $11,000, and he beat us down to $10,000. That's all we got. Ask him for the receipt—he has probably lost it."

The same bride received a handsome pearl necklace from her husband as a birthday present, and, although she knew she would have to pay for it, as the allowance she made him was not sufficient to pay for such an expensive present, and it was for $8000. She remonstrated with the jeweler saying that it was too much for two strings of pearls.

"Five strings, madam," said the jeweler. Here are our books. The necklace contained five strings when we sold it to your husband."

She paid the bill and went home to her two strings.

A man applied for registration in St. Louis, giving his names as McManus. When asked his other name, he said he had never had any, although he was called "Mack" for short. The clerks refused to accept him, and he appealed to the Election Commission. After an extended conference, he was permitted to register as McManus plain and unadorned.

Archduchess Maria Theresa of Austria, by a steady course of gymnastics and calisthenics, has developed such extraordinary muscular power that, after going from dumbbells to Indian clubs, and from clubs to trapese, she can raise a full-grown man from the ground with one hand, and hold him in the air for several seconds. So say the Austrian papers.

EYE HELPS.

This optical store is as thoroughly organized as though we had no other business. But it is run on singular lines—we really don't let you buy wrong glasses; we do not let our experts take chances. If you need an oculist's help we tell you. If you really do not need glasses, we tell you so. Rest and carefulness are eye helpers. Come in and talk the matter over.

LISSNER & CO., Opticians, 235 South Spring St.

On the Farm They gather the herbs, roots and barks to make their old-fashioned cough cure. We use the same drugs in making DR. BARKER'S SURE COUGH CURE.

That's why it cures.

25c A BOTTLE.

GET YOUR DRUGS AT

Boswell & Noyes Drug Co.

Bradbury Block.

Schilling's Best is simply good honest tea, well graded, fresh-roasted, packed air-tight.

If you don't like it, your grocer returns your money in full.

There is no other such dealing in tea.

A Schilling & Company San Francisco 419

A Surpassingly Bountiful Number Will be The Sunday Times...

For Jan. 31, 1897.

x x x

Under the seas and over the snow-clad continents wire and cable will bring accounts of the world's happenings to the breakfast table, and the field of local events will be gleaned by the able and alert young men and women of the staff. Besides, this superb issue will contain the following list of

SPECIAL ARTICLES.

Garrett A. Hobart. A chat with the Vice-President about himself, and other things; by Frank G. Carpenter.

Ministerial Plans. How Cleveland's expiring Cabinet will dispose of itself; by B.S.

Battleships Old and New. Advance in Uncle Sam's navy in the last sixty years; by H. G. Tinsley.

Two of a Trade. A lively and entertaining story; by Robert Barr.

Virtue of Patriotism. A cry for the inoculation of the nation; by Bab.

Helping Others. Our Sunday morning sermon; by Rev. Jefferson R. Taylor.

Tramps of Siberia. Life Among the Fierce "Bradiagi;" by Thomas G. Allen, Jr.

"O'Donnell Oboo." The Irish Duke who opposed intervention in Cuba; by G. J. Fitzgerald.

Coming L. A. W. Assembly. A meeting that will be closely watched by bicyclists; by B. S.

Theater Etiquette. Correct deportment for men and women at the playhouses; by M. B.

Woman's Page. Agnes Briggs—The daughter of a famous minister working in the slums of New York; by Emily McLaws. Introduced by Stevenson—The housekeeper may now add fennel and tussock grass to her list of vegetables; by G. B. Spring Shirt Waists—Sweeping changes in studs and ties; by Nina Fitch. Dropping the Petticoat—Unsuspected dress reform now going on among conservative women; by Fanny Enders.

Our Boys and Girls. The Magic Book—How the Princess fooled the griffin; by J. Carter Beard. The Armeria—An industrious government boat that does not belong to the U. S. navy; by Virginia French. Twenty Years Since. Robinson Crusoe's Island; by Kate Stephens. Cleverest in the Family.

THE EAGLE.
THE SAUNTERER.
THE STAGE.
MUSIC AND SOCIETY.

x x x

As is its usual habit THE SUNDAY TIMES will contain more business announcements than any other two newspapers in California, including a great spread of "Liners."

x x x

5 Cents Buys It.

For sale by Newsdealers and Newsboys at Break o' Day Sunday Morning

CIRCULATION.

Sworn Weekly Statement of the Circulation of the Los Angeles Times.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES, SS.

Personally appeared before me, Harry Chandler, superintendent of circulation of the Times-Mirror Company, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that the daily bona fide editions of The Times for each day of the week ended January 23, 1897, were as follows:

Sunday, January	17	22,010
Monday, "	18	16,610
Tuesday, "	19	16,680
Wednesday, "	20	16,610
Thursday, "	21	16,600
Friday, "	22	16,620
Saturday, "	23	16,780
Total for the week		121,910
Daily average for the week		17,415

(Signed) HARRY CHANDLER.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 23d day of January, 1897.

(Seal) J. C. OLIVER, Notary Public in and for the County of Los Angeles, State of California.

NOTE.—THE TIMES is a seven-day paper. The above aggregate, viz., 121,910 copies, issued by us during the seven days of the past week, would, if apportioned on the basis of a six-day evening paper, give a daily average circulation for each week-day of 20,318 copies.

THE TIMES is the only Los Angeles paper which has regularly published sworn statements of its circulation, both gross and net, weekly, monthly and yearly, during the past several years. Advertisers have the right to know the NET CIRCULATION of the medium which seeks their business, and this THE TIMES gives them correctly, from time to time.

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

LINERS.

SPECIAL NOTICES—

NOTICE—ON AND AFTER FEBRUARY 1, 1897, Mr. Warren Campbell, of Messrs. Kremer, Campbell & Co., insurance agents, 212 N. Spring st., will sever his connection with that firm. The business will, however, still be continued under the same name and in the same location as formerly. 4

SAVE FREIGHT EAST—I WILL PAY $75 on a carload of household goods to Illinois and not take more than one-sixth of the car. Who will take the remainder of car? Address M, box 11, TIMES OFFICE. 31

BOILER WORKS — GUS HANKE, MANUfacturer of steam boilers, water and oil tanks; special attention given to repairing. Tel. 902. Works, 1013 New N. Main st.

WATER-PIPE AND WELL CASING, OIL and water tanks, steam boilers and general sheet and plate steel work. THOMPSON & BOYLE, 310 Requena st., L. A.

WELL-BORERS, INVESTIGATE OUR IMproved well pipe; it has no equal. PACIFIC COAST PIPE CO., opp. Santa Fé passenger depot.

MINNESOTA HEADQUARTERS, K. P. CULLEN & CO., real estate and mining brokers, rooms 213 and 214, 232 W. Second st.

NOTICE—MY LOST SON, BURT, WE WANT to hear from you. Please answer. F. B. P. 31

FOR SALE—STRAWBERRY PLANTS. D. L. ALLEN, 237 W. First, or Vineland, Cal.

WALL-PAPER, $1 12-FT. ROOM; INGRAINS $3, borders included. Walter, 218 W. Sixth.

IRON WORKS—BAKER IRON WORKS, 950 to 966 BUENA VISTA ST.

DO YOU KNOW THAT THE TIMES' RATE IS ONLY

ONE CENT PER WORD

For "Liner" Advertisements? No Advertisement taken for less than fifteen cents.

WANTED— Help, Male.

HUMMEL BROS. & CO., EMPLOYMENT AGENTS.

A strictly first-class, reliable agency. All kinds of help promptly furnished. Your orders solicited.

300-302 W. Second st., in basement California Bank Building. Telephone 509.

(Office open from 7 a.m. to 7:30 p.m., except Sunday.)

MEN'S DEPARTMENT.

Blacksmith's helper, $1 etc. (German preferred;) ranch hand, $10 etc. per month; dry-goods and clothing salesman, country, $12.50 per week, aged 30 or under; harnessmaker and trimmer for Mexico, $6 per day; freight teamster, $75 per month.

HOTEL DEPARTMENT.

Dishwasher, $6 per week; head cook, $15 etc. per week; waiter, country, $15 etc.

N. B.—Lodging-houses and restaurants for sale. Lodging-houses and stores for rent. Call for list.

HOUSEHOLD DEPARTMENT.

Cook and second girl, $25 and $20; girl for light housework, $12, employer here 11 a.m.; housegirls, Ontario, Covina, Santa Monica and Ventura, $20 etc.; girl to assist, country, small family, $12; housegirl, Grand ave., $15.

HOTEL DEPARTMENT.

Chambermaid, $12; waitress, first-class hotel, country, $20; 2 first-class chambermaids, one willing to wait table, $20 etc., call early; 2 restaurant waitresses, $6 per week; laundress, hotel, $20; experienced chambermaid, colored, $25.

29 HUMMEL BROS. & CO.

WANTED—THOUSANDS OF GOOD PLACES under the McKinley administration in every part of the country. Do you want one? The midwinter edition of the National Recorder will tell how to get a position. Send 5c in stamps to the NATIONAL RECORDER, Washington, D. C. 3

WANTED—BY PARTY WITH TEAM AND mining outfit, man with some ready cash that understands prospecting to go to Randsburg and other districts on a prospecting trip. Address M, box 13, TIMES OFFICE. 31

WANTED— A YOUNG MAN ACQUAINTED with dry goods and gents' furnishing goods; a good steady position, and if satisfactory to both parties would sell small interest in business. Address F., box 283, STATION F. 31

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED GENERAL hardware man, in shelf goods and implements, for country; must be wideawake; references required; single; Coast man preferred. Inquire TIMES OFFICE. 1

WANTED—PARTY WITH $500 TO BUY ½ interest in a nice 50-room hotel in this city; a good thing for a man or woman who has some knowledge of the business. REID & CO., 126 W. First st. 30

WANTED — AN ENERGETIC, EXPERIenced solicitor by a prominent life insurance company; answer stating experience and references. Address L, box 43, TIMES OFFICE. 1

WANTED — BE YOUR OWN BOSS; DO A business at home; make money, rain or shine; particulars, send addressed stamped envelope. LOCK BOX 1085, Phoenix, Ariz.

WANTED— ENERGETIC MAN WHO CAN take $50 worth of goods can obtain exclusive territory; easily make $150 month. Apply room 6, 328½ S. SPRING ST. 30

WANTED—A PARTY TO BUILD A HOUSE and purchase on installments; lot and material furnished. Inquire at 33D ST. PLANING MILL, near Main st. 31

WANTED — A COMPETENT, PRACTICAL assayer and metalurgist with outfit; steady employment. Address A. A. MATTERN, 314 N. Fremont ave., city. 31

WANTED — A YOUNG MAN FOR LIGHT work. Call after 10 o'clock, HYPNOTIC INSTITUTE, 423½ S. Spring st. 30

WANTED — PARTNER IN GOOD-PAYING restaurant; $100 necessary. REID & CO., 126 W. First. 30

WANTED— Miscellaneous.

WANTED— FREIGHT FROM LOS ANGELES to Randsburg. E. S. ROWLEY, 244 S. Broadway. 31

WANTED—RANDSBURG. PEOPLE GOING save money by calling at 151 W. FIFTH.

WANTED— Help, Female.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; German or Swede preferred; 3 in family. MRS. BOSBYSHELL, corner of Magnolia and Highland ave. Take Pico car. 31

WANTED—MONEY IN IT; LADY AGENTS wanted in all towns to sell female remedies. Address BRANT REMEDY CO., San Francisco. 31

WANTED—A WORKING GIRL ABOUT 15 or 16 years old to do general housework; wages $10. Call at 811 BEACON ST., after 1 o'clock. 31

WANTED — POSITION WITH REAL ESTATE firm; small salary and commission. Address M, box 14, TIMES OFFICE. 31

WANTED — HOTEL AND HOUSEHOLD help at MRS. SCOTT & MISS M'CARTHY'S 107½ S. Broadway. Tel. 819.

WANTED — A PRIMARY TEACHER FOR Arizona, $75; must be also good vocal teacher. 525 STIMSON BLOCK. 30

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork to go to the country. 746 W. SEVENTH ST. 31

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST WITH housework. 1932 LOVELACE AVE. 31

WANTED—GOOD RESPECTABLE NURSEgirl. 1616 INGRAHAM ST. 30

WANTED— Situations, Male.

WANTED— BY JAPANESE, COOKING IN private family or boarding-house and general housework. Address HARRY, Station C, P. O. box 87. 31

WANTED — POSITION BY A BUTCHER; first-class all-around man; can furnish reference if required. Address M, box 19, TIMES OFFICE. 30

WANTED — BY FAITHFUL JAPANESE, best cook, position to do cooking in family, city or country. Address M, box 21, TIMES OFFICE. 31

WANTED— BY EXPERIENCED GARDENer, permanent employment; was 3 years in last place, city. Address J, box 15, TIMES OFFICE. 31

WANTED—BY A SINGLE GERMAN, SITuation as coachman, gardener; experience; good references. Address L, box 99, TIMES OFFICE. 1

WANTED—A POSITION IN STORE OR AS salesman outside; can give the best of references. Address L, box 60, TIMES OFFICE. 2

WANTED—CARE OF HORSES; CAREFUL driver; good milker (total abstainer;) good references. Address L, box 17, TIMES OFFICE. 31

WANTED— A SITUATION BY JAPANESE having good experience in cooking, city or country. MIYAMA, 416 S. Spring. 31

WANTED—BY MARRIED MEN, WORK ON ranch, dairy and general ranch work. Address M, box 6, TIMES OFFICE. 30

WANTED— BY GOOD STRONG MAN OF ability, work of any kind. Address L, box 83, TIMES OFFICE. 30

WANTED— BY COMPETENT JAPANESE, situation in family as cook. C. I. F., 814 LOS ANGELES ST. 31

WANTED — A POSITION BY JAPANESE, first-class cook, city or country. MORI, 227 Wilmington st. 30

WANTED—SITUATION BY BREAD BAKer. Address M, box 9, TIMES OFFICE. 30

WANTED— Situations, Female.

WANTED—BY NURSE, HOSPITAL EXPErience, entire care of invalid, or for part of each day, or position in sanitarium; no objection to country. Address M, box 17, TIMES OFFICE. 31

WANTED— A SITUATION AS STENOGRApher or book-keeper, or both; 1 year's experience; commence low. Address M, box 2, TIMES OFFICE. 31

WANTED—BY YOUNG GIRL, SITUATION at domestic work; chamberwork preferred. Address M, box 15, TIMES OFFICE. 31

WANTED— SHORTHAND IN 3 MONTHS; course, $25; new, rapid method; practical teacher. 520½ S. MAIN. 1

WANTED— SITUATION AS HOUSEKEEPer for a gentleman. Room 32, MARIPOSA HOUSE, E. Second st. 31

WANTED — A POSITION AS COOK FOR camp or other work. Address L, box 78, TIMES OFFICE. 31

WANTED—COOKING OR GENERAL housework by good German girl in country. 233 W. FIRST. 30

WANTED—WILL "D. T." PLEASE CALL at 475 CENTENNIAL ST., or send full address? 30

WANTED— Partners.

WANTED— A PARTNER WITH $3000 IN first-class business, netting from 6 to 8 per cent. per month to each; valuable lease and other privileges controlled for long time. Address L, box 96, TIMES OFFICE. 31

WANTED—A PARTNER TO TAKE ½ INterest in good-paying grocery and butcher business in first-class residence portion; a strictly legitimate proposition; no fake. P. A. STANTON, 115 S. Broadway.

WANTED — A PARTNER WITH $5000 OR $6000 in wholesale and retail bakery business and cracker factory. For particulars address J. C. W., No. 853 FOURTH ST., San Diego, Cal. 31

WANTED— PARTNER FOR PROFITABLE business outside the State; must be a good business man with $500. Room 8, 328½ S. SPRING. 30

WANTED— To Purchase.

WANTED—FOR INVESTMENT, CLOSE-IN strictly business property, improved or unimproved, from $20,000 to $30,000; will pay half cash on a legitimate business proposition; prepared to act promptly. Address INVESTOR, L, box 84, Times office.

WANTED—TO PURCHASE A GOOD SECond-hand letter cabinet file of 12 to 20 drawers; must be cheap. Apply 245 S. SPRING. 31

WANTED—A GOOD STAMP COLLECTION or stamps from old correspondence. Address B, box 2, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — BARGAINS IN CITY PROPerty; money to loan. ROSENSTEEL, 113 S. Broadway. 1

WANTED — A SECOND-HAND BICYCLE; good make. Address 81 PALMETTO, Pasadena. 30

WANTED — LIFE-INSURANCE POLICIES for cash. T. J. Willison & Co., Hemet, Cal.

WANTED— Rooms.

WANTED—SUITE OF TWO NICELY FURnished rooms, with modern conveniences, centrally located, by gentleman and wife; permanent; state price. Address M, box 16, TIMES OFFICE. 30

WANTED—BY TWO YOUNG MEN, SUNNY room, between First and Fourth sts., Flower and Broadway; private family preferred. Address M, box 20, TIMES OFFICE. 30

WANTED— Agents and Solicitors.

WANTED — AGENTS FOR EXCLUSIVE control of unoccupied territory to introduce our $1 and $2 snap-shot cameras; greatest sellers on the market; our agents make $6 to $18 a day; no experience necessary. For terms and samples address AIKEN-GLEASON CO., X-18, La Crosse, Wis.

WANTED— AGENTS IN EVERY COUNTY of California and Arizona for patented article; no opposition; good chance for active, steady worker. Apply to B. KIRCHHOF, 1725 O st., Sacramento, Cal. 5

WANTED— AGENTS; $20 A WEEK SURE to workers; no capital needed; new goods; new plan; sells at sight; every family needs it. HOUSEHOLD SPECIALTY CO., box 424, Cincinnati, O. 17

WANTED—LADIES; $20 A HUNDRED FOR neighbors' addresses; 10c for contract and sample copy. ROMANCE MAGAZINE, 1440 Broadway, New York. 30

EXCURSIONS— With Dates and Departures.

PHILLIPS'S PERSONALLY - CONDUCTED excursions, via the Rio Grande and Rock Island route, leave Los Angeles every Tuesday, crossing the Sierra Nevadas and passing the entire Rio Grande scenery by daylight; via southern route every Wednesday; sleeping-car service to St. Paul, Minneapolis and northwest. Office 138 S. SPRING ST.

JUDSON'S PERSONALLY-CONDUCTED excursions, via Rio Grande route, from Los Angeles every Monday, and by TRUE SOUTHERN ROUTE, via El Paso, Fort Worth and St. Louis every Tuesday; Pullman tourist cars (upholstered) through to Chicago and Boston. Office, 123 W. SECOND ST., Burdick Block.

FOR SALE— City Lots and Land.

FOR SALE — 100 FEET FRONTING ON Westlake Park for 25 per cent. less than it is worth; it is a beautiful place for an elegant home, and, though these lots are worth much more than some other lots that front on the park, you can buy them for less than you can buy any other lots that front on the park, and everybody knows that Westlake Park is the most beautiful spot in this city. Address OWNER, L, box 90, Times office. 1

FOR SALE—LOTS—

The Wilshire Boulevard tract, lying midway between Westlake and Sunset Parks, is the finest subdivision of lots in the city of Los Angeles; streets all graded; sewer and water-pipes laid; elevation 300 feet above sea; no frost, no mud, no oil, no fog.

WILSHIRE CO., 660 Broadway, and on the tract.

Tel. main 140.

FOR SALE—FINE LOTS NEAR MATEO st., between Eighth and Ninth; nice new cottages on adjoining lots, cement sidewalks laid; price only $300, $50 cash, balance $10 per month; best bargain in the city. POINDEXTER & WADSWORTH, 308-310 Wilcox Block. 30

FOR SALE—THE FINEST LOT IN BONNIE Brae tract for $1225; 50x150 to alley; all graded. Address OWNER, 249 S. Broadway. 31

FOR SALE—CORNER LOT, 100x170 FEET, near Westlake Park, by owner. Call at room 316, CURRIER BLDG.

FOR SALE — LOT 50x170, UNION AVE. near Ninth, by owner, cheap. Room 316, CURRIER BLDG.

FOR SALE— 2 LOTS, 35x165, HOPE ST., close to Sixth, $2000 each. Apply OWNER, 700 E. Fifth st. 12

FOR SALE— Country Property.

FOR SALE—

1½ acres in Downey, all to fruits; 5-room house, chicken-proof fence, $1000, ½ cash.

The Crawford estate property, 10, 15 and 20-acre tracts adjoining Downey township, $100 per acre.

1 acre in Downey, 100 fruit trees of all varieties, 3 dozen chickens, fine well of water, good 3-room house, all under a good fence and cross-fence; $500.

23 acres near Downey; good apple and walnut orchard, good stand alfalfa, fine barns, stables, cowsheds, chicken corrals, well fenced, good water right, 6-room house, all in first-class condition; $2500.

This locality is a favored spot. Within a radius of 3½ miles from Downey we have no sandstorms.

Downey and Rivera, 12 miles southeast of Los Angeles, in the Los Nietos Valley, is the best all-around farming country on earth.

A free water-right goes with all our ranches; all the water two men can handle, and costs 10c an hour while irrigating. Taking everything into consideration, the lands of this valley are the cheapest in all the State. B. M. BLYTHE. 30

FOR SALE — THAT BEAUTIFUL 5-ACRE ranch at Gardena; 2-room, hard-finish cottage, barn, chicken-houses, well, windmill, fruit, alfalfa, etc.; a charming little home near the city; if not sold before Feb. 1 will be withdrawn; price reduced to $1000. W. H. ALLEN, 125½ W. Third. 31

FOR SALE—ON THE JURUPA RANCH ADjoining Chino Ranch, damp land, rich soil, plowed ready for beets, corn or alfalfa; water 10 feet below surface; price $20 to $60 per acre; easy terms; choice citrus fruit land near Riverside, free of frost; oldest water-right in Southern California; 1 inch to each 5 acres of land, $70 per acre; choice olive land, $12.50 per acre. I. D. & C. W. ROGERS, 214 Wilcox Bldg., Los Angeles.

FOR SALE—5, 10, 20 ACRES OR MORE OF the best lemon, olive or deciduous fruit land in Southern California; Southern Pacific and Terminal railroads run to the land; schools, churches and stores; just the location for beautiful, productive homes, $150 per acre, ¼ cash. Address E. B. CUSHMAN, agent Alamitos Land Co., 306 W. First st., and find out all about it.

FOR SALE—ORANGE GROVE, 20 ACRES; elegant residence property and good income property; will sell as a whole or 10 acres, with or without residence, to suit purchaser; at a bargain, if taken before Feb. 1; water-right equal to the best; locality free from frost; fruit has an established reputation. D. A. MEEKINS, 315 S. Broadway. 30

FOR SALE—I AM OFFERING FOR SALE at a bargain a 1250-acre farm in Orange county, conveniently situated for shipping, either by rail or water; this is a choice tract of land and will bear a thorough investigation from a business standpoint. Address OWNER, rooms 74-75, Bryson Block, Los Angeles, Cal.

FOR SALE—OR TRADE; SIX ACRES OF land ¼ of a mile west of Baptist College. Inquire P. D. LAHART, 104 S. Los Angeles st. 31

FOR SALE— CHEAP LANDS, RIVERSIDE county. HEMET LAND CO., 244 S. Br'dway.

FOR SALE— Hotels and Lodging-houses.

FOR SALE—THE FURNITURE OF ONE OF the best-paying houses in the city; it has 38 rooms; 10 baths, and radiator in every room; it's a new house and new furniture; I must sell, as my health will not permit me to keep it. Address or call at 423 S. BROADWAY. No agents need apply. 31

FOR SALE— FURNITURE OF 17 ROOMS; bath, closets, gas; a bargain. Call at BROOKLYN, Fifth and Hill sts. 31

FOR SALE— Houses.

FOR SALE — A 5-ROOM MODERN COTtage; best residence district in the city; $1500; small cash payment and $20 per month, including interest; on Pico-st. car line; get off Union ave., walk 1 short block north to 1214 Union ave.; key at Eagle Grocery, Union ave., cor. 12th st.; this is best value of any modern dwelling; investigate forthwith, then call on OWNER, at the Hollenbeck, room 166, daily 12 to 2. "Other houses cheap." 30

FOR SALE—EVERY ONE A BARGAIN—

Beautiful new house, southwest, $3500.

Also fine lot, 50x200, Ellendale place; price way down.

Also fine lot, 52 feet front, on Scarff st., only $1000.

Also lot 75x155 to alley, on W. Beacon st.; this is good; $2250.

Also nice piece of business property; pays 10 per cent. net on price asked.

1 E. A. MILLER, 237 W. First st.

FOR SALE—5-ROOM, HARD-FINISH COTtage, east frontage, on Crocker st.; only $1200; a great bargain; can make terms.

Hard-finish house on Temple st., 6 rooms and bath; good barn; fine lawn and shrubbery; once sold for over $3000; must be sold; $1600 buys it now; can make terms.

Two-story, 8-room house, hard finish, on west side of Crocker st.; $1500, terms to suit. W. L. SHERWOOD,

30 205 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE — SNAP ON GRAND AVE.; 3 elegant new up-to-date houses, built on latest colonial style; have 9 rooms, large bath, elegant reception halls, sewer, water, gas, electricity; 2 car lines downtown right by the door; 2 lines to the beach; terms are $500 cash, $35 per month; the numbers of the houses at 3302, 3308, 3312; open Sundays and week days from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. Call on owner, J. G. KING, 244 S. Broadway. 31

FOR SALE—LOVELY MODERN 9-ROOM house, large lot and barn; southwest, on University line; will sell with or without furniture. Owner compelled to sell; worth $7000; will take $5000, on easy terms, and sell all or part of furniture at enormous sacrifice; nothing used more than 15 months. Immediate possession. See BEN E. WARD, sole agent, 123 W. Third st.

FOR SALE—HOUSES—

The cheapest and best 9-room house in town, near Westlake Park, on Wilshire Boulevard tract; will sell at less than cost on installments.

WILSHIRE CO., 660 Broadway.

Tel. main 140.

FOR SALE—MAPLE AVE.—

In walking distance, 2 5-room modern cottages, complete in every respect; lots fenced and premises connected with sewer; small cash payment and balance on the installment plan. For further particulars and keys call at office

EASTON, ELDRIDGE & CO., 121 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE — PRETTIEST NEW 5-ROOM modern cottage in city, on car line; cement walks and sewer; $1000, cash $200; worth $1700. 508 E. MAIN, East Side. 31

FOR SALE—NEW 4, 5-ROOM COTTAGES, close in, $950 to $1075, on installments; cheap as rent. R. D. LIST, 212 W. Second.

FOR SALE— Houses.

FOR SALE — 2-STORY HOUSE; 3 BEDrooms and bath, with porcelain tub, etc., on second floor; electric wired; gas piped to range; cement walks; all street improvements, including sewer connections; the purchaser can secure a good investment. STIMSON BROS., 320 and 321 Byrne Bldg., Broadway and Third st. 31

FOR SALE—TO CLOSE AN ESTATE WE offer a beautiful home on Santee st., close in, location first-class and best prospective property in city, for $3000; is worth $4000, but will sacrifice to close up. P. A. STANTON, 115 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—A BEAUTIFUL HOME ON W. Adams near Figueroa; lot 100x265 feet, with 70 species of fruits, plants and flowers; will be sold or exchange for ranch or smaller house by owner. Room 316, CURRIER BLDG.

FOR SALE—$1050, INSTALLMENTS, NEW 5-room cottage on Mateo, between Eighth and Ninth; all modern improvements; worth $1200; if you want a bargain see this. POINDEXTER & WADSWORTH, 308-310 Wilcox Block. 30

FOR SALE—10-ROOM HOUSE; COST $7500; big discount for cash, or will entertain part exchange; one of the handsomest homes in Southern California. Address or call on F. EDWARD GRAY, 140 S. Spring. 31

FOR SALE — $950; INSTALLMENTS, OR will take part payment in lot; new 5-room modern cottage in East Los Angeles, close to car line. POINDEXTER & WADSWORTH, 308-310 Wilcox Block. 30

FOR SALE—$2100; INSTALLMENTS, NEW 6-room cottage, all modern improvements; large lot; 25th between Main and Maple; worth $2250. POINDEXTER & WADSWORTH, 308-310 Wilcox Block. 30

FOR SALE— THAT NEAT COTTAGE, 1404 E. Ninth st.; 4 rooms and basement; will be sold cheap for cash or installments; see it, then see me any evening. J. E. PETERSON, 416 E. 11th. 31

FOR SALE— A BEAUTIFUL HOME NEAR Westlake Park, by owner; very cheap; new house, all modern improvements; owner going East. Room 316, CURRIER BLDG.

FOR SALE — $2250; FINE NEW 7-ROOM house, Adams st., only $450 in cash required; A great bargain. POINDEXTER & WADSWORTH, 308-310 Wilcox Block. 30

FOR SALE—A HOUSE OF 9 ROOMS AND barn on Ninth st. near Alvarado st., cheap for cash. Inquire of OWNERS, at the Belmont, cor. Fifth and Main sts.

FOR SALE— Business Property.

FOR SALE—BUSINESS BLOCK—

CAPITALISTS SEEKING GOOD, SOLID, PAYING INVESTMENT.

$45,000 for the best-paying business block in San Diego, Cal., paying now 8 per cent. interest on $50,000, at a low rental; corner lot, 75x100 feet, with a new 3-story modern brick building; on Fifth st., in the principal business center; property is worth $65,000 today at a low estimate; good reasons given for selling. For full particulars apply to EDWARD DORMAN, 1434 E st., San Diego, Cal.

FOR SALE—$45,000; ONE OF THE FINEST business properties in Los Angeles, can be leased at once for term of years at about 7 per cent. on total investment. This is the best offer for the money in Los Angeles today. Any one wishing a thoroughly first-class investment in gilt-edge property will do well to examine this. POINDEXTER & WADSWORTH, 308-310 Wilcox Block. 30

FOR SALE— Miscellaneous.

FOR SALE—

We are overstocked; will sell at sacrifice this week—

Bedroom set, $8.

Oak bedroom set, $15.

New cook stove, $8.

Large steel range, $25, cost $65.

Lady's writing desk, $5.

Roll-top desk, $18.

Flat-top desk, $6.

Good second-hand trunk, $4.

Lot of new and second-hand carpets, matting, oil cloth and linoleums from 10c up.

Good rocker, $2.

Bed lounges, $4 up.

Fancy couches, $8.

Oil heaters, gasoline stoves, tents and bedding.

Camp stoves, $3.50.

New bicycle, $30.

Fine large mirrors, $5. COLGAN'S,

30 316 S. Main.

FOR SALE—

"LOS ANGELES AUCTION HOUSE," 502 S. MAIN ST.

Grand auction sale elegant

—FURNITURE—

This morning.

Also millinery, fine showcases, etc.

Two special sales in one. 30

FOR SALE—TYPEWRITERS; BUY, RENT Remingtons, $3 month. TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE, 127½ W. Second st. 6

FOR SALE — 18 FEET CORNER PARTItioning, cheap. Call at room 314, Wilcox Bldg. PA. DENTAL CO. 1

FOR SALE — AT HALF PRICE, 66 YARDS moquet carpet, good as new. 232 W. FIRST ST. 31

FOR SALE—A SAFE IN GOOD CONDITION at a bargain. 505 NEW HIGH ST. 31

FOR SALE — A GENTLEMAN'S SADDLE cheap. 1116 INGRAHAM ST. 31

FOR EXCHANGE— Real Estate.

FOR EXCHANGE— A FINE RESIDENCE, southwest, for orange orchard or smaller place.

Also 27 lots a little southwest of Westlake Park; want house or orange orchard.

4 E. A. MILLER, 237 W. First st.

FOR EXCHANGE—10-ROOM HOUSE, EAST Los Angeles, and 7-room house, Flower, near Temple; $2500 each; mortgaged for $1000 each; would take clear land or lots for equity. POINDEXTER & WADSWORTH, 308-310 Wilcox Block. 30

FOR EXCHANGE — INCOME PROPERTY valued at $2000; 10 lots in good near-by town, valued at $500 cash; all for 7 or more room house between town and Mission Santa Barbara. Address L, box 71, TIMES OFFICE. 30

FOR EXCHANGE—NEW 2-STORY, 7-ROOM house, with 2 large lots, all in fine condition, in Mt. Vernon, Wash. (county seat,) for Los Angeles property. Address MRS. C. G. GUILFOIL, 1506 Broadway, Seattle, Wash. 31

FOR EXCHANGE— NEBRASKA, KANSAS and Chicago, also good fruit ranches, for Los Angeles and assume, or will trade anything for good stock of goods or for tunnel work. SMITH BROS., 145 S. Broadway. 2

FOR EXCHANGE — EQUITY OF $1500 IN $3500 house, Pasadena; large lot, high ground; delightfully situated. What have you? Would like walnut orchard. 1641 ORANGE ST., Los Angeles. 30

FOR EXCHANGE — $5000; 3 COTTAGES mortgaged for $2500; will trade the equity for country property in Los Angeles, San Diego or Ventura counties. ENTLER & OBEAR, 129 S. Broadway.

FOR EXCHANGE— 80 ACRES IMPROVED land on Vermont ave., 4 miles south of the city, for Philadelphia property. Owner, J. P. BROCKLEY, 334 N. Third st., Philadelphia. 13

FOR EXCHANGE—EQUITY IN NEW MODern cottage, southwest, for improved property, Santa Ana or street bonds. UDELL, 403 Bradbury Bldg. 31

FOR EXCHANGE—NEW COTTAGES FOR good street bonds, values $1200 to $1500. POINDEXTER & WADSWORTH, 308-310 Wilcox Block. 30

FOR EXCHANGE—$1600 EQUITY IN PASAdena residence for improved land at Gardena. Address L. O. G., TIMES OFFICE, Pasadena. 31

FOR EXCHANGE— WELL-LOCATED AND paying rooming-house for small improved ranch. Address L, box 82, TIMES OFFICE. 31

FOR EXCHANGE— FROM $5000 TO $25,000 city property for a first-class foothill ranch. Address L, box 91, TIMES OFFICE. 31

FOR EXCHANGE—EASTERN CITY PROPerty for improved fruit ranch. 81 PALMETTO, Pasadena. 3

PHYSICIANS—

DR. REBECCA LEE DORSEY, ROOMS 133-134-135 Stimson Blk. Special attention given to obstetrical cases, and all diseases of women and children. Consultation hours, 1 to 5 p.m. Tel. 1227.

DOLLAR DOCTORS, 230½ S. MAIN ST. Consultation and medicine $1; specialists of 20 years' experience in each department. Office hours, 9 to 12, 1 to 5 and 7 to 8.

DR. MINNIE WELLS—14 YEARS' SUCCESSful practice in L. A. Private, nervous and blood diseases. 316 W. 17th, cor. Grand ave.

DR. DORA KING, LADIES' SPECIALIST—Diseases treated successfully. 312 W. 7th. 5

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES— Miscellaneous.

A YOUNG MAN OF FIRST-CLASS BUSIness ability, clean-cut and energetic, has from $1000 to $10,000 worth city property to give for interest in a business; must be legitimate and bear closest investigation. Address, with full particulars, L, box 92, TIMES OFFICE. 1

FOR SALE— INTEREST IN AN ARTISTIC, well-established and profitable manufacturing business; fine opening for a young man; $1500 for half, $2200 for whole. Address M, box 7, TIMES OFFICE. 31

A PARTY WISHING TO REMAIN IN LOS Angeles would like to buy whole or half interest in some good-paying business; must stand thorough investigation. Address L, box 72, TIMES OFFICE. 31

FOR SALE— A WHOLESALE BUSINESS, established many years; do not apply unless you have at least $8000 to invest. Address P. O. BOX 26, Station C. 30

FOR SALE — INTEREST IN GROWING business; no competition; a chance seldom offered; staple goods. Further particulars, apply at 334½ E. FIRST ST. 31

IF YOU HAVE $175 CASH AND WANT A pleasant, growing business, with good horse and wagon, paying now $2 per day, address L, box 85, TIMES OFFICE. 31

FOR SALE—SMALL BUTCHER BUSINESS in growing part of city, cheap for cash, suitable for 2 young men. Address box 37, STATION R, Los Angeles. 30

FOR SALE — A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER; will guarantee $150 per month above expenses; price $2000. Address M, box 8, TIMES OFFICE. 31

FOR SALE—STATIONERY BUSINESS, ONE-half or all; nets $300 month; capital $8000. For particulars address WM. THOMPSON, Times Office. 30

FOR SALE—FRUIT, CIGAR AND CONFECtionery, old stand; will bear investigation. See SPENCE, room 22, over bank, First and Main sts. 31

FOR SALE—CHEAP, A NEAT HOME RESTaurant; good business; suitable for a lady; no agents. Address M, box 3, TIMES OFFICE. 31

FOR SALE— A HOME DINING PARLOR; elegant place; most positive bargain; $300.

30 I. D. BARNARD, 111 N. Broadway.

FOR SALE—FRUIT, CIGARS AND LIGHT grocery store; furnished living-rooms; $325.

30 I. D. BARNARD, 111 N. Broadway.

FOR SALE—A CHOICE CIGAR STORE ON Main st.; old stand; positive bargain; $350.

30 I. D. BARNARD, 111 N. Broadway.

FOR SALE — CAFE AND DINING-ROOM; choice, genteel location; sure bargain; $350.

30 I. D. BARNARD, 111 N. Broadway.

FOR SALE— GROCERY, FRUIT AND CIGar business, centrally located, doing good business, at a sacrifice. 616 S. SPRING. 4

TO LEASE—FOR A TERM OF YEARS, A valuable piece of property in the heart of the city. Inquire 126 E. EIGHTH ST. 4

FOR SALE—$50 BUYS THE FIXTURES OF fruit store at 502½ S. SPRING ST. Fruit thrown in if sold at once. 31

FOR SALE— AT A BARGAIN, DELICACY store in fashionable locality, facing the park. 454 S. HILL. 30

FOR SALE — GROCERY; OWNER SICK; no reasonable offer refused. CORNER SIXTH AND HOPE. 31

FOR SALE—A GOOD, WELL-LOCATED CIgar stand on Broadway. Address M, box 18, TIMES OFFICE. 1

FOR SALE—STORE, GOODS, GOOD TRADE 2 living-rooms and stable, $600. 623 W. FIFTH ST. 31

FOR SALE—A COMPLETE RESTAURANT outfit to the highest bidder. 357 S. BROADWAY. 30

I SELL OUT ALL KINDS OF BUSINESS. I. D. BARNARD, 111 N. Broadway. 30

TO LET— Houses.

TO LET—CHEAP—

5-room house on Staunton ave.

5-room house on Victoria st.

A store on Buena Vista st.; also 5 living-rooms, second floor.

ALLISON BARLOW, 123 S. Broadway.

TO LET—COMFORTABLE 5-ROOM HOUSE near electric cars, with bath, etc., only $8, water paid; cheapest house in Los Angeles. POINDEXTER & WADSWORTH, 308 Wilcox Block.

TO LET — NEW 9-ROOM HOUSE; VERY best location; modern improvements; stable, free water; rent $25. Key 1105 W. 30TH ST. 28-30-31

TO LET—ELEGANT 10-ROOM RESIDENCE, 1039 W. 21st st.; will furnish to suit if necessary; cheap to good tenant; agents please list. Key at 404 S. BROADWAY. 31

TO LET—NEW 8-ROOM HOUSE, 919 MAPLE ave.; rent $25, including stove, furnace, gas fixtures and window shades; everything new, first-class. BRANDIS, 203 Broadway.

TO LET— 6-ROOM COTTAGE, SUITABLE for renting half if desired; double parlors, grate, bath, large yard; $20, including water. 767 WALL ST. 31

TO LET—$3, WATER PAID; 5-ROOM, WELL finished cottages near cars. POINDEXTER & WADSWORTH, 308-310 Wilcox Block. 30

TO LET—FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHed houses; waste no time hunting; see my list. BRANDIS, 203 S. Broadway.

TO LET — STEAM CARPET CLEANING. JOHN RICHARDS, removed to 125½ S. Broadway. Tel. main 1343. 31

TO LET—7-ROOM COTTAGE IN FIRST-class condition, No. 2010 S. Main. Apply room 15, COURTHOUSE. 30

TO LET— 6-ROOM HOUSE AND STABLE, 398 Burlington ave., $15. W. G. BAYLIE, 227 W. Second st. 31

TO LET— A MODERN CLOSE-IN 6-ROOM flat, 637 S. Olive st. COOK & PEARSONS, 244 S. Broadway. 1

TO LET—$10 PER MONTH, TWO 4-ROOM houses, 615-617 Wall st. Apply at 1039 MAPLE AVE. 1

TO LET—HOUSE 8 ROOMS, LATELY PApered, clean; barn, shed. 522 E. FOURTH ST. 2

TO LET—7-ROOM HOUSE, BARN, BATH, $16, water free. 1300 GIRARD. 30

TO LET — CHEAP. 5-ROOM COTTAGE, close in. 326 E. FOURTH ST. 31

TO LET— 5-ROOM HOUSE. INQUIRE AT 802 W. SEVENTH ST.

TO LET—TWO 6-ROOM HOUSES. 836-840 S. GRAND AVE. 30

TO LET— Furnished Houses.

TO LET— LARGE, HANDSOMELY FURnished house on one of the best corners on Hoover st. near Adams; everything complete for an elegant and most desirable residence; reasonable rent to responsible parties without children. POINDEXTER & WADSWORTH, 308 Wilcox Bldg.

TO LET—NEW 5-ROOM HOUSE, NEATLY furnished; healthy location and very desirable; near street car, on corner of GRIFFIN AVE. and GRANDIN ST. Take Pasadena car to Grandin st. 31

TO LET—8-ROOM HOUSE, NICELY FURnished; 1 large kitchen and 4 small kitchens in rear; 12 rooms altogether; furnished completely, gas, bath, hot water, etc., $40. 319 W. EIGHTH ST. 30

TO LET—WELL-FURNISHED HOUSE IN Ontario; 7 rooms, bath, large veranda, lawn, flowers, favorite street. Address G. W. RUSSELL, Ontario, Cal.

TO LET— COMPLETELY FURNISHED 7-room houses in Bonnie Brae tract. For particulars call at 239½ S. SPRING ST., room 3. 1

TO LET—$19; NICELY FURNISHED FLAT, 5 rooms. 907½ E. SIXTH, 1 block from Arcade Depot. 31

TO LET— NEATLY FURNISHED 7-ROOM cottage, barn, piano. 2045 BROOKLYN AVE. 30

TO LET—NICELY FURNISHED MODERN cottage, barn. Inquire 439 S. HILL. 1

TO LET— Miscellaneous.

TO LET—6000 ACRES, FOR GRAIN, IN tracts of 160 acres up, 50 cents per acre, cash. J. D. & C. W. ROGERS, 214 Wilcox Bldg.

TO LET — 1200 ACRES FINE PASTURE, near Cahuenga Pass; fenced and with water. FRED A. WALTON, 426 S. Main st. 30

TO LET — 80 ACRES GOOD PASTURE land, 12 miles out. R. D. LIST, 212 W. 2d.

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TO LET—SUNSET EXPRESS IS THE ONLY transfer company in city that delivers trunks anywhere for 25 cents; branch office and free parcel-room opposite Arcade Depot; furniture moved and stored at panic prices. Main office, 404 S. BROADWAY. Tel. main 1569. 1

TO LET — LARGE, SUNNY, WELL-FURnished suites, $3 per week, with housekeeping privileges; single rooms, $1.50 per week; best in city. TUCSON, corner Los Angeles and Seventh sts.

TO LET — SUNNY, FURNISHED ROOMS; house heated and first-class in every detail; no children or consumptives. THE CARLING, Second st. bet. Hill and Olive. 31

TO LET — THE ADAMS; NICE, SUNNY rooms, 75c per week up; from $4 per month up; 3 minutes from center of city. At BOOK STORE, cor. Second and Main.

TO LET—4 ROOMS FOR HOUSEKEEPING; lower floor of house, only $6. Apply 710 N. Hill, near Bellevue ave. POINDEXTER & WADSWORTH, 308-310 Wilcox Block. 30

TO LET—HOTEL DELAWARE, JUST opened; 40 sunny rooms, single or en suite; renovated and newly furnished; strictly first-class. 534½ S. BROADWAY. 13

TO LET — 3 NICELY PAPERED, SUNNY unfurnished rooms, connected bath, two porches, large yard. 725 WALL ST. 31

TO LET—AN ELEGANT FLAT OF FOUR rooms, completely furnished for housekeeping; also 2 rooms. 347 S. HILL. 2

TO LET — CENTRALLY LOCATED FURnished rooms and offices. NOLAN & SMITH BLDG., Second and Broadway. 31

TO LET— FURNISHED ROOMS TO GENtlemen, $3 per month. HOTEL ST. ANDREWS, 455 E. Third st. 31

TO LET—FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED sunny rooms, clean, new, best in city. 595 S. SPRING ST.

TO LET — HOTEL COLUMBIA, NICELY furnished rooms at moderate rates. 612 S. BROADWAY. 5

TO LET— A FRONT SUITE AND SUNNY single room in new house, close in. 343 S. OLIVE ST. 5

TO LET — 3 FURNISHED ROOMS FOR housekeeping, or front in cottage. 333 S. HILL ST. 30

TO LET—3 UNFURNISHED ROOMS, WITH 2 closets, china closet and pantry. 823 E. 23D ST. 4

TO LET—OUTSIDE UNFURNISHED SUITE cheap; no children. CAMDEN, 618½ S. Spring.

TO LET—FURNISHED ROOMS AND board, reasonable; first-class. 411 W. SEVENTH. 30

TO LET— TWO PLEASANT, FURNISHED rooms, close in; reasonable prices. 649 S. HILL. 31

TO LET—"THE FRANCIS," FURNISHED rooms; day, week or month. 322 S. SPRING.

TO LET—5 UNFURNISHED SUNNY ROOMS with bath. 315 S. BUNKER HILL AVE. 31

TO LET—ELEGANTLY FURNISHED rooms. BROTHERTON, 315½ W. Third. 2

TO LET—CHOICE SUNNY ROOMS, SINGLE or en suite, $1 and up. 523 W. SIXTH. 31

TO LET— NICELY FURNISHED ROOM, $1 per week. CAMDEN, 618½ S. Spring. 31

TO LET—HOTEL FLORENCE, ROOMS; private baths. 308 S. MAIN ST.

TO LET—SUNNY FRONT SUITE; SINGLE rooms and bath. 235 S. HILL.

TO LET— Lodging-houses, Storerooms.

TO LET—N. BROADWAY, NEAR FIRST, new 4-story block, just finished; 75 elegant light rooms, en suite, modern in every particular; terms reasonable to party with satisfactory reference; also one very large store, or will divide; see owner on premises. D. K. EDWARDS, 119 N. Broadway. 2

TO LET—LARGE STOREROOM WITH CELlar; west side of Spring st., between Fifth and Sixth; long lease to good tenant. POINDEXTER & WADSFORTH, 308-310 Wilcox Block. 30

TO LET—A FINE STORE ON SEVENTH st., suitable for a bakery; rent reasonable to right party. Apply to R. B. YOUNG, architect, 435 S. Broadway.

TO LET — CENTRALLY LOCATED FURnished rooms and offices. NOLAN & SMITH BLDG., Second and Broadway. 31

TO LET—A FINE STORE ON BROADWAY. R. B. YOUNG, architect, 435 S. Broadway.

TO LET—STORE IN FREEMAN BLOCK ON Sixth st. D. FREEMAN.

TO LET— Rooms and Board.

TO LET—NICE SUITE OF ROOMS, WITH board; can accommodate 3 persons at $20 each, or 2 at $25 each; the best home cooking, fire, bath, etc. 320 S. OLIVE ST. 30

TO LET — LARGE, SUNNY ROOMS; grates, bath, gas; furnished or unfurnished, with or without board, at the ARDMOUR, 1319 S. Grand ave. 2

TO LET—FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH OR without board, from $1.50 a day up, Mt. Pleasant Hotel. J. Roberts, 136 S. Broadway.

TO LET — PLESASANT SUNNY ROOMS, with good private board; pleasant surroundings; references. 3617 FIGUEROA ST.

TO LET—ROOM AND BOARD IN PRIVATE family. 1037 LINCOLN ST., 1 block west of Pearl, bet. Eighth and Ninth. 1

TO LET— FURNISHED ROOMS, INCLUDing baths, $1.50 per week. 137 S. BROADWAY. 30

TO LET—SUNNY ROOMS WITH FIRST-class board. MRS. WM. PEEL, 723 W. 7th st. 30

TO LET—FRONT SUNNY ROOMS, SINGLE or en suite, with board. 945 S. FLOWER. 31

TO LET— ROOM AND GOOD BOARD AT reasonable rates. 533 S. GRAND AVE. 31

TO LET—SUNNY ROOMS WITH BOARD; private house. 1007 S. MAIN ST. 31

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WM. T. SMITH & CO., GOLD AND SILVER refiners and assayers; largest and most complete establishment in Southern California and 25 years' experience; metallurgical tests made, including chlorination, cyanide and electro-cyanide processes; mill tests from 25 lbs. to 100 tons; mining experts, consulting metallurgists and promoters; San Francisco prices paid for gold or silver in any form. Office room 8, 128 N. MAIN ST.

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THE BIMETALLIC ASSAY OFFICE AND Chemical Laboratory, 124 S. Main st. R. A. PEREZ, E. M., manager.

SWAPS— All Sorts, Big and Little.

FOR EXCHANGE—A FINE MATCH TEAM of black English Shire colts, full sisters, 2 and 3 years old; very gentle; will weigh 1500 lbs. each when grown; will trade as part payment on a lot. Address box 60, VERNONDALE. 4

FOR EXCHANGE — FRUIT TREES FOR lumber, plastering, painting, plumbing and carpentering. A. C. SHAFER, 125 S. Broadway.

HYPNOTISM—

HYPNOTISM AND MESMERISM PRACTIcally and scientifically taught for therapeutic purposes by teacher of 20 years' experience; a good opportunity is here offered to physicians, dentists and students of this science to acquire this art; mental and nervous diseases can be cured by hypnotic suggestion when other means fail; consultation free; success guaranteed. Call or write THE HYPNOTIC INSTITUTE, 423½ S. Spring st., Grand Pacific Hotel.

MONEY TO LOAN—

UNION LOAN COMPANY, STIMSON BLK., cor. Third and Spring, loans money on all kinds of collateral security, watches, diamonds, furniture and pianos, without removal; low interest; money at once; business confidential; private office for ladies. CLARK A. SHAW, manager, rooms 113, 114 and 115, first floor. Tel. 1651. References, Citizens' Bank, Security Savings Bank.

PACIFIC LOAN COMPANY LOANS IN ANY amounts on all kinds of collateral security, diamonds, jewelry and sealskins; also on pianos, furniture and household goods in private, lodging, boarding-houses or hotels, without removal; partial payments received; money quick; business confidential; private office for ladies. W. E. DE GROOT, manager, rooms 2, 3 and 4, 114 S. Spring st.

$30,000 TO LOAN—MONEY LOANED FOR private parties. Apply to

—R. G. LUNT,—

Agent the German Savings and Loan Society, 227 W. Second st.

GOLD OR SILVER, JUST AS YOU PREFER. We have both to loan on good collateral or realty security, large or small amounts; low interest. THE SYNDICATE LOAN CO., 138½ S. Spring st., rooms 6, 7 and 8. Tel. main 583. GEO. L. MILLS, manager.

MONEY TO LOAN IN ANY AMOUNTS ON diamonds, watches, jewelry, pianos, safes, lodging-houses and private furniture; interest reasonable; money quick; private office for ladies. G. M. JONES, rooms 14-15, 242½ S. Broadway, next City Hall.

MONEY LOANED ON DIAMONDS, WATCHes, jewelry, pianos, sealskins, warehouse receipts, carriages, bicycles, all kinds of collateral security; oldest in city; established 1886. LEE BROS., 402 S. Spring.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, watches, diamonds, pianos and real estate; interest reasonable; private office for ladies; business confidential. CHARLES C. LAMB, 226 S. Spring; entrance room 67.

POINDEXTER & WADSWORTH, ROOM 308, Wilcox Bldg., lend money on any good real estate; building loans made; if you wish to lend or borrow, call on us.

TO LOAN—$500 TO $5000, IN SUMS TO suit; no delays. CONTINENTAL BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION, 126 W. Second st., Wilcox Bldg.

TO LOAN—AN UNLIMITED AMOUNT FOR loans of $5000 or less; no commissions; light expense. SECURITY LOAN AND TRUST CO., 223 S. Spring st.

TO LOAN ON CITY PROPERTY IN SUMS of $500 to $2000; no delay; see me if you want to borrow. CHAPMAN, room 422, Byrne Bldg.

A BARREL OF MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmonds, watches, pianos, furniture, etc. S. P. CREASINGER, 247 S. Broadway, room 1.

MONEY TO LOAN UPON EASY TERMS OF repayment. STATE MUTUAL BUILDING AND LOAN ASS'N, 151 S. Broadway.

MONEY TO LOAN IN SUMS TO SUIT AT reasonable rates. Inquire WM. F. BOSBYSHELL, 107 S. Broadway.

THE SYNDICATE LOAN CO.'S SPECIALTY loaning on diamonds and gold watches. 138½ S. SPRING ST.

TO LOAN—$1 UP ON ANYTHING. D. L. ALLEN, 237 W. First st., next to Times Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS, PIANOS, typewriters, etc. DR. KUNS, Byrne Block.

MONEY TO LOAN ON MORTGAGE. MORTIMER & HARRIS, 78 Temple Block.

MONEY WANTED—

WANTED—

$500 net income on $4000 invested.

5 modern cottages, 1 block from Pico-st. car line, on Union ave., fom Girard to 12th st.; finest residence property in the city; look no further; $7000; yield $810 net income; owner must realize at once. Send postal to J. W. GOETZ, The Hollenbeck. 30

WANTED—$500; $750; $800; $1000; $2000 FOR good city loans at 8 per cent. net. POINDEXTER & WADSWORTH, 308-310 Wilcox Block. 30

LOST, STRAYED And Found.

LOST — YESTERDAY EVENING, GOING from Second and Main to Spring, Main and the valuable papers in envelope containing LEMMERT, 1610 Figueroa st. The honest finder will be liberally rewarded. 30

LOST—OR STRAYED, FROM 1114 W. 10TH st., bay roan mare; hind feet white. Please return. 30

LIVE STOCK FOR SALE— And Pastures to Let.

FOR SALE—GO DOWN TO THE NEW California Stockyard on Lyons street, opp. Cracker Factory, on Aliso street, and see the fine assortment of horses that ALLEN & DEZELL have got for sale, and the price, oh, Mama!

FOR SALE—35 HEAD OF HORSES, ANY kind you wish at Citizens' Stock Yard on Aliso street, opp. cracker factory; we guarantee what we sell. V. V. COCHRAN, proprietor.

FOR SALE—A FRESH GENTLE YOUNG family cow, $40, worth $75; also gentle family horse for surrey; good roadster, $60, worth $100. R. D. LIST, 212 West Second st. 15

FOR SALE—$100; LARGE HORSE AND ALmost new delivery wagon; wagon alone cost $140 four months ago. Apply S.W. cor. JEFFERSON AND FIGUEROA. 30

FOR SALE—FINE SINGLE DRIVER, HARness and buggy, for $50 if taken at once; parties leaving city. Address L, box 87, TIMES OFFICE. 31

FOR SALE—A FRESH MILCH COW, JERsey and Holstein, with calf. Inquire CLEVELAND ST., second house north of Washington. 31

FOR SALE—25 MILCH COWS; TEN JUST fresh; 8 more fresh soon; cheap for cash; entire herd only. OWNER, 415½ S. Spring st., room 2. 31

FOR SALE — HORSE AND BUGGY AT A sacrifice; gentle horse, good harness and buggy. Address M, box 1, TIMES OFFICE. 31

FOR SALE—THOROUGHBRED PLYMOUTH Rock pullets, cockerels and eggs. 1105 W. 30TH ST., cor. Hoover. 28-30-31

FOR SALE—5-YEAR-OLD FRESH FULL-blooded Jersey. J. R. UMSTED, 3036 Hoover st.

FOR SALE— FINE YOUNG MARE, CART and harness. 400 S. WALNUT ST., E. L. A. 30

FOR SALE—HORSES, CATTLE, HARNESS, plows, hay, etc. D. Freeman, 595 S. Spring.

FOR SALE—FRESH JERSEY COWS; INstallment plan. NILES, 456 E. Washington.

LIVE STOCK WANTED—

WANTED—ONE OR TWO GENTLE DRIVing horses for their feed, with careful usage, with option of buying; reference given. 427 S. HILL ST., in rear. 30

FOR SALE—FRESH JERSEY COWS, BULLS, installments. NILES, 456 E. Washington.

WANTED—25 GOOD MILCH COWS. CALL 1807 IOWA ST. 31

DENTISTS— And Dental Rooms.

ADAMS BROS.' DENTAL PARLORS, 239½ S. Spring st.; all work guaranteed; established 12 years; plates $6 to $10, fillings $1 and up. Sundays, 10 to 12. Tel. 1273 black.

PA. (OR PENN.) DENTAL COMPANY—FIVE years in Los Angeles; only office in Wilcox Bldg., cor. Second and Spring sts. Painless extracting guaranteed.

DR. F. E. STEVENS—OPEN SUNDAYS AND evenings (electric light.) 324½ S. SPRING.

DR. C. V. BALDWIN, DENTIST, ROOMS 1 and 2, 125½ S. SPRING ST.

STOCKS AND MORTGAGES—

FOR SALE—BONDS; NOTICE IS HEREBY given by the board of directors of the Turlock Irrigation District, Turlock, Stanislaus county, State of California, that said board intends to sell four hundred seventy-two thousand five hundred dollars ($472,500) of the bonds of said district on Tuesday, the 2d day of February, 1897, at 3 p.m., and will receive sealed proposals for the purchase of said bonds at its office in Turlock, in said district, until that day and hour, when the proposals will be opened and considered by said board.

R. M. WILLIAMS, President.

H. B. WATERS, Secretary.

Turlock, Cal., Jan. 5, 1897.

POINDEXTER & WADSWORTH, BROKERS, room 308, Wilcox Bldg., buy and sell bank stocks, street improvement bonds, city and county warrants, etc. Parties with money in large or small amounts can find good investments through us.

LINERS.

EDUCATIONAL—
Schools, Colleges, Private Tuition

THE LOS ANGELES BUSINESS COLLEGE, Currier Block, 212 W. Third st., offers superior advantages. New and inviting rooms, reached by elevator; thorough commercial, shorthand and telegraphy courses of study; full corps of teachers; everything modern and progressive; night school Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings; new illustrated catalogue on application.

WOODBURY BUSINESS COLLEGE, 226 S. Spring st. Oldest and largest commercial school; central location; elegant rooms; electric elevator; thorough courses of study; large faculty of experienced instructors; all commercial branches, including shorthand; enter any day; write or call for handsome catalogue.

FROEBEL INSTITUTE, CASA DE ROSAS, Adams st., cor. Hoover. Fall term begins September 22. All grades taught, from kindergarten to college. Training-school for kindergartners a specialty.
PROF. AND MME. LOUIS CLAVERIE.

MISS MARSH'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS AND Young Ladies (incorporated,) 1340 and 1342 S. Hope st.; also primary class and kindergarten.

BOYS' BOARDING-SCHOOL, MILITARY—An ideal home near foothills west of Westlake. Los Angeles Academy, P. O. box 193.

GIRLS' COLLEGIATE SCHOOL, 1918-22-24 S. Grand ave.; second term opens Feb. 1. MISS PARSONS & MISS DENNEN, principals.

"ETON" PREPARATORY SCHOOL FOR boys. Second term opens Feb. 1; 136 W. Pico st. HORACE A. BROWN, Prin.

PIANO INSTRUCTION — MODERATE terms. Call 3 to 5 p.m. This ad good for 2 lessons. Address 514 W. FIRST. 31

BOYNTON NORMAL FOR TEACHERS only; enter now; positions secured; teachers supplied. 525 STIMSON BLOCK.

SCHOOL FOR PHYSICAL TRAINING, ELOCUTION and dancing, 226 S. Spring st. NAOMA ALFREY, principal.

MARLBOROUGH SCHOOL FOR GIRLS—Second term opens February 1. 31

BATHS—
Vapor, Electrical and Massage.

HAMMAM-TURKISH BATHS, ONLY ONES in city; also give Russian, shampos, cabinet, special plunge, tub, salt, etc., electricity and massage. Ladies' hours, 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. Gents, day and night. 210 S. BROADWAY. Tel. black, 691.

HYGIENIC INSTITUTE—DR. AND MRS. GOSSMANN, 254 S. Broadway, room 5 and 6. Tel. 1114 black. The only hygienic and water-cure establishment in the city; also massage treatments and steam baths at res.

SALT, ELECTRICITY AND VAPOR BATHS by professional nurse. MRS. M. PORTER, 405½ S. Broadway, room 20. 29

SALT, ELECTRICITY AND VAPOR BATHS by professional nurse. MRS. M. PORTER, 405½ S. Broadway, room 20. 5

MASSAGE, ELECTRICITY AND VAPOR baths. MRS. L. SCHMIDT-EDDY, 121½ S. Broadway.

MRS. STAHMER, 131 N. SPRING, ROOMS 103-104. Massage, electricity, vapor baths.

MASSAGE, ELECTRICITY AND VAPOR baths. Mrs. L. Schmidt-Eddy, 121½ S. B'wy.

MISS C. STAPFER, 211 W. FIRST ST.—CHIROPODY, massage and baths. Tel. red 861.

MME. RALPH, FROM THE EAST—THERMAL baths. 233 W. FIRST ST., room 4.

PERSONAL—
Business.

PERSONAL—RALPHS BROS. — GOLD BAR Flour, $1.30; City Flour, $1.20; brown Sugar, 22 lbs. $1; granulated Sugar, 22 lbs. $1; 6 lbs. Rice, Sago or Tapioca, 25c; 1 lb. Battle Ax Tobacco, 25c; 7 bars German Family Soap 25c; 3 packages Breakfast Gem, 25c; 10 lbs. Rolled Wheat, 25c; 8 lbs. Rolled Oats, 25c; 3 cans Salmon, 25c; 3 cans Corn, 25c; 7 boxes Sardines, 25c; 5 gal. Gasoline, 75c; Coal Oil, 75c; 3 cans Oysters, 25c; Lard, 10 lbs. 65c; 10 lbs. Beans, 25c. 601 S. SPRING ST., cor. Sixth. Tel. 516.

PERSONAL—HENRY MANCIS, PROFESSOR in French kitchen for private family; teacher for making fancy dishes, soups, fish, oysters, stews, patties, sauces, eggs, omelettes, punches, frogs, roasts, vegetables, salads and fancy ice-cream; lessons in the best style cooking; prices reasonable. [illegible] geles st. 31

PERSONAL — ONE HAND READ FREE; every hidden mystery revealed; life read from cradle to grave without question or mistake; advice on business, money matters, all family affairs; if your partner in business, love or marriage is true; your lucky and unlucky days; perfect satisfaction or no charge. 111½ W. THIRD ST. 2

PERSONAL—MRS. PARKER, PALMIST; life-reading, business removals, lawsuits, mineral locations, all affairs of life. Take Third-st. electric car to Vermont ave. and Vine st., second house on Vine west of Vermont ave.

PERSONAL—SPECIAL SALE SCREEN doors, fancy brackets and stained wood, $1; stepladders, 50c; painters' extension ladders, $4.50. Adams Mfg. Co., 742 S. Main. Tel. m966

PERSONAL— A LADY FROM THE EAST desiring to see points of interest in Southern California would like to join some one. Address L, box 27, TIMES OFFICE. 30

PERSONAL—MOLLY M'CARTHY, NATIVE of Oakville, Napa county, send your address to your brother WILLIAM, El Rio, Ventura county. Important business. 3

PERSONAL—CHICARI, PALMIST, READS your life from cradle to grave, reveals all hidden mysteries, gives advice on all affairs. 718 TEMPLE ST. 30

PERSONAL—A NEW MAP OF SAN DIEGO city, 25c, and county 50c, prepaid. Order of EDWARD M. BURBECK, Fifth and D sts., San Diego.

PERSONAL — LEONORA D'ESTE, THE wonderful mystic seeress, will give readings for the next week for only 50c. 330½ S. SPRING. 30

PERSONAL—LADIES' MISFIT STORE PAYS highest cash price for all kinds of second-hand clothing. 622 S. SPRING. Send postal.

PERSONAL—MRS. LENZBERG. LIFE reading, 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. 751 E. Ninth st.

CHIROPODISTS—

VACY STEER CURES DANDRUFF—HAIR invigorated; corns and bunions removed without pain. 107¼ S. BROADWAY.

YOUR EYES

Do your glasses give you satisfaction? If not, they are improperly fitted. It will cost you nothing to find out, at the
BOSTON OPTICAL CO.,
228 W. 2d St.,
Between Spring and Broadway.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA FURNITURE Co.
326-328-330
SOUTH MAIN ST.

ANDERSON'S
Kalmosal
Warranted Cure for Headache, Cold and La Grippe.
SALE & SON, 220 S. Spring St.

Our Argument
For well made, stylish clothes at reasonable prices cannot be denied—Good Suits for $25, $30, $35.
POLASKI BROS.,
224 W. Third Street, Bradbury Building.

C. F. Heinzeman, Druggist and Chemist,
222 North Main St., Los Angeles.
Prescriptions carefully compounded day or night

SUFFERERS SOMETIMES
Fail to Recognize the Depth of Truth in the Old Saying—"Many Hands Make Light Work."

Many Doctors Make the Cure of Chronic Disease An Easy Task.
Try Them The English and German Expert Specialists, rooms 410 to 422 Byrne Building, Third and Broadway, Los Angeles, Cal. Office hours—9 to 4 daily; 7 to 8 evenings; 9 to 11 a.m. Sundays. Telephone 1113 black. Consultation free. Write for question blank.

A Cold
should be checked before it gets a hold upon the system.
Fred Brown's
Jamaica Ginger
Taken after exposure to cold or wet, reinforces and stimulates the system. Effective for all stomach disorders. Sold everywhere.
FRED BROWN CO., Philadelphia.

The Haviland. The best appointed China store on the Pacific Coast.
245 SOUTH BROADWAY,

CONSUMPTION AND KINDRED DISEASES
Cured by "Butcher's Direct Contact Method."
155 N. SPRING ST.

ECZEMA From early childhood there are hundreds who are afflicted with this terrible disease, which the medical men, and even Hot Springs, fail to benefit. S. S. S has made a wonderful record in the cure of Eczema; even after every known remedy had failed. This renowned blood remedy will remove every trace of the disease.
SSS

Growing Children
SOME CHILDREN grow very slowly; keep thin in flesh; are fretful; food does not do them much good. You can't say they have any disease, yet they never prosper. A slight cold, or some stomach or bowel trouble takes them away easily.
Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil with Hypophosphites is just the remedy for growing children. It gives sound

BOOKS At Cut Prices at......
Lazurus & Melzer's
209-211 N. Spring St.

FOR SALE.
the finest deciduous
FRUIT RANCH
in San Ana Valley; best varieties peaches, prunes, pears, loquats, in large quantities, other fruits and walnuts in smaller quantities. 53 acres, fine modern house and barn. Price very reasonable. Apply to
CHAS. P. TAFT, ORANGE, CAL.

The W. H. PERRY Lumber Mfg. Co
LUMBER YARD AND PLANING MILL,
Commercial street.

RUPTURE DR. WHITEHILL, 119½ South Spring St. Guarantees a safe speedy and permanent cure, without detention from business. No knife used. No blood drawn, no pay until cured; consultation free.

Postum Cereal,
THE GRAIN COFFEE
Makes Red Blood Ask your Grocer for it.

LEGAL.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS Angeles, ss.

We, the undersigned, do hereby certify that we are partners transacting business in this state, at the city of Los Angeles, county of Los Angeles, state of California, under the firm name and style of The Machinery & Electrical Company. That the names in full of all the members of such partnership are Hugh T. Duff and George E. Nolan, and that we both reside in the city of Los Angeles, county of Los Angeles, state of California.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our hands, this 18th day of January, 1897.
HUGH T. DUFF.
GEO. E. NOLAN.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS Angeles, ss.

On this 18th day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, before me, Edwin A. Meserve, a notary public in and for said county of Los Angeles, state of California, personally appeared Hugh T. Duff and George E. Nolan, known to me to be the persons whose names are subscribed to the within instrument, and acknowledged that they executed the same.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my official seal the day and year in this certificate first above written.
EDWIN A. MESERVE,
Notary Public in and for Los Angeles County, State of California.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS Angeles, ss.

I, T. E. Newlin, county clerk and ex-officio clerk of the superior court, do hereby certify the foregoing to be a full, true and correct copy of the original certificate of co-partnership of The Machinery & Electrical Company on file in my office, and that I have carefully compared the same with the original.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of the superior court, this 29th day of January, 1897.
T. E. NEWLIN, County Clerk.
By SAM KUTZ, Deputy.

Notice to Stockholders.
Bouton Water Company.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the Bouton Water Company will be held on Tuesday, Feb. 9th, 1897, at eleven o'clock a.m., at the general offices of the company, corner First and Myers sts., city of Los Angeles, county of Los Angeles, California, for the purpose of electing directors to serve during the ensuing year, or until their successors are elected, and to transact such other business as may come before the meeting.
FRED K. RULE,
Secretary.

Dogs will eat fruit, though rarely. When they do they usually take a fancy to gooseberries. In the annual report on the management of the menagerie of the British Zoological Society, the item "onions" always figures largely in the bill for provender. They are mainly for the African antelopes and giraffes.

A GRAVE SITUATION.

AFFAIRS IN SOUTH AFRICA NEED INVESTIGATION.

Objections to Chamberlain's Motion for an Inquiry Commission Withdrawn.

PREMIER RHODE'S SERVICES.

HIS HOUSE WAS BURNED TO DESTROY DOCUMENTS.

Rioting Students in Athens—University Closed by Order of the Government—Franco-Russian Alliance.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

LONDON, Jan. 29.—[By Atlantic Cable.] In the House of Commons today James M. MacLean, Conservative, representing the district of Cardiff, withdrew his amendment to Mr. Chamberlain's motion of yesterday for the reappointment of a parliamentary committee to inquire into the administration of South Africa, and, incidentally, into the Transvaal raid.

Mr. MacLean's amendment recited that in view of the peaceful settlement of the South African question and the pnulshment of the Transvaal raiders, it would be inexpedient to reopen the matter, and that there was no necessity to reappoint the committee. He urged that the great public service of Col. Cecil Rhodes, that the fact that he succeeded in preventing the compact between the Transvaal and Germany from becoming a settled fact, absolved Col. Rhodes from all blame.

This amendment was withdrawn today after Mr. Chamberlain had made a statement in which he declared that the situation in South Africa had undoubtedly become more critical during the last few months. There had been, he explained, a recurrence of unrest. Recent legislation of the Transvaal was partly contrary to the convention of London, and President Kruger had not kept his promise to give full and favorable consideration of the grievances of the population.

Continuing, Chamberlain said, he did not blame President Kruger personally; he only wished the President's hands to be strengthened in his policy. The Chartered Company, he added, had no reason to fear an inquiry, and he believed the company would be able to show a good case. Mr. Chamberlain then remarked: "An inquiry into the origin of the raid would be a sham unless it carefully inquired into the Uitlanders' grievance, and this opens up pitfalls of difficulties. Nevertheless, the government will press the reappointment of a committee, with an increase of its number to seventeen, in order to enable the Irish members to be represented."

RIOTOUS STUDENTS.

The University of Athens Closed by the Government.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

LONDON, Jan. 29.—[By Atlantic Cable.] A dispatch to the Telegraph from Athens says: "Trouble has been brewing at the university for several days past, owing to a quarrel between the students and Prof. Galvaelani. The students finally armed themselves and tok possession of the premises, remaining there for three days and nights.

Yesterday (Friday) the Grecian government decided to close the university. A line of troops was accordingly thrown around the buildings and the water supply was cut off. It was estimated that fully 80 students remained within the walls of the university. Those within the buildings were allowed to leave at any time, but admission was absolutely refused gy the troops to all persons.

demonstration by the students who remained on the streets was accordingly planned. Processions of the students attempted to reach the palace for the purpose of demanding from the King the dismissal of Prof. Galvaelani. The police and the troops resisted the students' mob and the authorities ordered firearms discharged in the air. The students returned the fire, in the main using revolvers. During the fight a boy was killed and several others wounded.

At a meeting of the City Council last night it was decided to maintain the blockade of the university buildings until the students yield to the authorities.

The university was founded in 1837, and during recent years over twelve hundred students have been in annual attendance.

FRANCO-RUSSIAN ALLIANCE.

It Has Placed France in the First Rank as a Power.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—A dispatch from the Herald from St. Petersburg says: Replying to the Paris Gaulois's attacks against the Franco-Russian alliance the Novosti says:

"Before her alliance with Russia, France only played a secondary political role for twenty years. After it she at once rose to the first rank."

Passing to the material side the Novosti calls attention to what the Chinese government has ceded to France and the support Russia has given France in the Egyptian question and also at Constantinople.

The attacks which have recently been delivered by the Figaro and Gaulois cause high feeling here and have been the reason why so much stress is being laid upon the visit of Count Muravieff, which is being emphasized in the strongest manner. It is even hinted that the opportunity of the Count's visit will be taken to come to an understanding with France on the eastern question, as it is well known here what friction there has been come from French bondholders, who own, according to M. Cambon, 68 per cent. of the Turkish debt, consequently they most actively favor the financial commissions plan from which Russia has held aloof.

Countess Cowley's Divorce Case.

LONDON, Jan. 29.—When the hearing of the petition for divorce brought by Countess Cowley against Earl Cowley was resumed this morning, counsel for the petitioner asked leave to amend the petition so as to include the cases of adultery which were admitted yesterday by the defendant during his cross-examination, and that the case against Mrs. Charnington be accepted. The court agreed to this and Sir Edward Clark, Q.C., for the defense, announced that he would not contest the case any further. Mrs. Charnington denied having committed adultery with the Earl. The amended petition will be heard on Monday and will not be defended.

Why Rhodes's House Was Burned.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—The Graphic says it is rumored that Col. Cecil Rhodes, who arrived in England a week ago, brought with him to London documentary proof of the intrigues alleged to have taken place between President Krueger of the Transvaal and the German government. It is claimed the magnificent country house at Cope Town belonging to Col. Cecil Rhodes, ruined by fire December 5, was burned for the purpose of destroying these documents.

Muravieff Leaves Paris.

PARIS, Jan. 29.—Count Muravieff, the Russian Minister of Foreign Affairs, who is on a special mission to this city, had a long conference today with M. Hanotaux, the Minister for Foreign Affairs. The latter gave a lunch in honor of the Russian visitor, at which the Cabinet ministers and members of the diplomatic corps were present. After the luncheon Count Muravieff left for Berlin.

Russia's Black Sea Fleet.

LONDON, Jan. 29.—A dispatch to the Times from Odessa, commenting upon the military and naval preparations on the part of Russia, say the Black Sea fleet, consisting of seven ironclads, as well as cruisers, gunboatts, torpedo-boats and torpedo-destroyers, is continuously kept under steam and ready for active service. As for the Sebastopol fleet, the corespondent of the Times at Odessa asserts it never was in more splendid trim for fighting.

French Sugar Bounty.

PARIS, Jan. 29.—The Chamber of Deputies today by a vote of 252 to 241, rejected the amendment of M. Jaures, Socialist, to the first clause of the bill granting 2 per cent. bounties on sugar, which were adopted yesterday. The amendment of M. Jaures was that the bounties should be paid on sugar produced in 1897 instead of 1896, and thereafter.

Bail Refused.

LONDON, Jan. 29.—Latimer Ridley Jones, the New York horseman, who was arrested at Scarboro yesterday, on a charge of extensive forgeries in the United States three years ago, was arraigned in the Bow-street Police Court today, bail being refused, and he was remanded for a further hearing.

Cuba's Next Governor.

LONDON, Jan. 29.—A dispatch from Madrid says Lieut.-Gen. Azecarra, Spanish Minister of War, will soon be appointed Governor-General of Cuba, but Weyler will remain in command of the military.

Relief Work in India.

CALCUTTA, Jan. 29.—It is announced that 2,000,000 persons are employed on the relief work in the famine stricken districts of India.

Plague in Formosa.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 29.—The officials of the Japanese legation here confirm the report that the plague has broken out in the island of Formosa.

THE DOG ON DUTY.

He is a Faithful Police Assistant and Has Captures to Hs Credit.

[Chicago Chronicle:] During five years of service up to New Year's day, the four-footed member of the wagon crew at the police station had accompanied the municipal prisoners' van 23,000 miles in its travels.

Jack is only a dog, but he is one of most valued members of Lieut. Rank's corps. For five years he has been the patrol wagon's outrunner night and day. Jack scorns to ride in the wagon and only at fires when the wagon is deserted by the crew will he enter the vehicle. He then assumes a seat on the box and for the nonce is the attentive custodian of the horses. One night last summer one of the patrol teams broke loose from the barn while the wagon men were asleep in their bunks upstairs. Jack discovered the absence of the horses, and giving chase, rounded up the recreant steeds three miles from the barn, where he detained them until the arrival of officers.

It is rare that a prisoner escapes from a patrol wagon, but some months ago a colored thief attempted to elude the officers by jumping from the moving vehicle. He would have gained his freedom but for the alertness of Jack, who soon overtook the fugitive and worried him long enough for the crew to capture the man. Upon the arrival of every prisoner at the lock-up Jack makes it his duty to scrutinize the evil-doer as closely as do the "plain clothes" men.

Last summer, when the heat was intense and the wagon was in frequent requisition, Jack became emaciated through constant attendance upon the swiftly-going vehicle. One day he was placed in confinement by the crew, who feared he would kill himself through over-exertion. Jack leaped through a closed window, smashing the panes, and rejoined the vanishing wagon.

BRADLY-MARTIN BAL MASQUE.

Russell Sage's Protest Against Fashion's Folly.

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—Of course, Russell Sage agrees with the Rev. Dr. Rainsford. The liberal expenditure of money by fashionable people for dinners and balls is very wrong. Mr. Sage thinks the money should be saved, even hoarded, and not spent in lavish hospitality. Said Mr. Sage today:

"I hear that a certain fancy dress ball will cost $240,000. Just think of it—$240,000—to enable a crowd of silly young people, who need a sharp lesson in the ways of the world, and a crowd of gray-haired persons, who are old enough to know better, to prance and caper and disport themselves to the wonder and amazement of men and women—I say, men and women—of New York.

"Two hundred and forty thousand dollars! For a fancy dress ball! It is an extravagance such as Luculius himself, in his wildest flights, never dreamed of.

"Two hundred and forty thousand! Well, I knew Mr. Bradley-Martin's father fifty or sixty years ago. I knew him when we were both poor boys; I knew him when he slaved sixteen or eighteen hours a day out of twenty-four for $5 a week; I saw him force his way ahead in life, always thinking first of his God and of those near and dear to him. He earned every dollar of wealth he owned.

"A simple, cleanly, honest Christian gentleman. He had to work as men worked in those days. That is the difference between father and son. The father had to work; the son, to my knowledge, never did, never has done anything but to try to spend the money his father left.

"I knew Isaac Sherman, Mrs. Martin's father. He was a man like Mr. Martin, Sr. It would make both the old men turn in their graves.

"I want to accord my warm thanks to Dr. Rainsford for the stand that he has taken in this matter. It was insolent excess and extravagance of this kind that provoked the French revolution. The only question in the face of danger that is coming nearer and nearer is, 'Will these wealthy persons who live for pleasure alone take heed and accept the ominous warnings of the future?'"

The rare Order of the Holy Ghost, worn by the Countess de Cuelebroeck at a recent entertainment, was conferred upon her by the late King Amadeus of Spain, father of the young Prince Henry of Savoy, and only few women have been so honored, viz., the Queen of the Belgians, the Queen of Roumania, the Queen of Italy, the ex-Empress Eugenie and two or three others.

ARIZONA NEWS.

FACTS CONCERNING THE LIVE STOCK INDUSTRY.

Freaks of a Crazy Drum-Major—Invention of an Automatic Log Cart.

WOMAN SUFFRAGE IN ARIZONA

BULLET IN A MAN'S NOSE DISCOVERED BY X RAYS.

Visit of an Aerolite—A Miner Injured—Marriage Made Easy by a Nickel in the Slot.

PHOENIX, Jan. 26.—[Regular Correspondence.] The importance of the live-stock industry of Arizona is shown by the annual report of Territorial Veterinarian Norton. He states that during the year 1896 200,000 head of cattle were shipped abroad, that year. An estimate of 40,000 head is made of the Territorial consumption for the same year. This means fully $3,000,000 from cattle alone.

Prof. Devol of the university, late Territorial Veterinarian, has just issued his report of the swine plague. It is a document of 200 pages, and shows that the late plague cost $125,000 to the farmers of this valley. It has been urged that the plague is always latent among hogs, and that insufficient feeding or exposure will develop the disease. The farmers are urged to take preventative measures.

The shearing of about 80,000 head of sheep is in progress at the pastures under the Arizona canal.

Dr. Norton has been experimenting with tuberculin in a herd of Jerseys infected with tuberculosis. The disease has been entirely stamped out in this valley.

Another team of fancy horses, such as were sent to Gov. Corral of the State of Sonora, Mexico, have just been ordered for Secretary Ortiz, also of Hermosillo.

John Miller, a cattleman on the Verde, whose herds have been illegally utilized by neighboring Mexicans, yesterday brought in two of the thieves, very completely guarded by a posse of cowboys. He attempted the arrest of the Mexicans a month ago, but had not evidence enough to convict. Yesterday morning they killed a calf of Miller's herd, and he happened along a few minutes after they left. He hastily collected a posse, followed and overtook them with the meat in their possession. He didn't waste any time hunting for a warrant. Cattle stealing is a penitentiary offense in this Territory, although conviction is sometimes expensive. Down in Pima county one measly white calf cost the county over $10,000.

THE DRUM MAJOR IN THE ASYLUM.

Superintendent Hughes now has a drum major for his new band at the asylum. Futhermore, the new addition has had more experience with the baton than most of his band have had with horns and drums. For years periodically a well-dressed man of about fifty has attracted mirth and attention from his antics. His performance was usually of the drum-major order, moving a stick around in evolutions of his own devising. A night or two ago he amused the guests of the Adams by standing on the sidewalk and giving a performance. Latterly he has been more active than usual, and varied the programme by using large stones as batons. He othewise possesses good sense, and on being tried a year ago for insanity was regarded as harmless, and discharged. Fears being expressed lately that he might become dangerous, he was arrested, and committed to the asylum. Now if Dr. Hughes will just make him drum major, Mulford will no doubt be happy, and in his element.

A VALUABLE INVENTION.

The invention business is evidently more profitable than banking. At least such is the experience of the Daggs brothers. R. E. Daggs years ago while in the lumber business, contrived a log cart that automatically picks up logs and takes them to the mill. A curved axle and huge tongs are part of the contrivance. The patentees have for years had a standing offer of $25,000 for the patent, but they wanted $100,000. Mr. Daggs has gone East to negotiate the sale or prepare to put the cart on the market on their own account.

GRAVELED ROADS.

The success of the graveling of the Grand avenue and Tempe roads, with distintegrated granite has led property owners along other roads to ask the same favor. An offer has been made by residents on the Yuma road to do a large portion of the labor themselves, provided the county furnishes the gravel. The proposition is viewed with favor by the Supervisors, and they have asked the Santa Fé, Prescott and Phoenix road to furnish the figures on the granite delivered at the Yuma road crossing. The board was inclined to be facetious, however, when an extension of the good work on the Tempe road was asked. They suggested that the proposed county of Tempe do the work. The mud having all dried up on the streets of Phoenix, any project of graveling the streets will probably not come up again till the next time it rains.

LEGISLATIVE NOTES.

Gov. Franklin has so far recovered as to be able to be about, and will deliver his message to the Legislature tomorrow morning.

The Legislature will probably resolve itself into committees for the investigation of Territorial institutions for the most of this week.

As usual a woman's suffrage bill will come up before the Legislature again this session. Two years ago this bill served to help enliven things for the legislators. A bill may be reconsidered within twenty-four hours after passage and reversed, if so desired, in this Territory. Last session the ladies who desired masculine prerogatives lobbied like majors for the female suffrage bill. The legislators seeemd to be impressed with the arguments, and one by one were prevailed on. The matter came to a vote and passed. The dear sisters crowded around the solons and thanked them effusively for the great justice they had at last permitted to their sex. When it was all over, one of the Assemblymen, with an inward wink, and possibly a visible one, got up and was recognized. "Mr. Speaker," he said, "I move that we reconsider this bill." The bill was reconsidered and then the mean things nullified it.

Pima county got away with both speakership and clerkship, wherefore any one from Pima is supposed to have occult charms and powers to attain anything obtainable. Hon. Jim Finley of Pima was one of a party in the Palace, and was asked to bless a nickel by touching it. This he did; the nickel was put in the slot machine and furnished enough to treat the crowd.

The hardest story of all, however, came to light from Graham county, and the Guardian man is liable to get just thirty-six lickings for it. Here it is:

The newly-arrived stranger in Phoenix started up the street from the Commercial in search of information, and in front of the Richelieu he encountered a tall, yellow-faced individual in a droopy coat and soiled tie.

"My good sir," said the stranger, "I am in search of information concerning this great State. What is your population?"

"Dunno."

"What kind of school system have you?"

"Dunno."

"How about your tax rate?"

"Dunno."

"Is your government friendly or unfriendly to manufacturing corporations?"

"Dunno."

"Let's see—how does Arizona rank among the other States in its agricultural products?"

"Dunno."

"Ah, you don't live here, then?"

"Yaas."

"What do you do?"

"Oh, I'm jest a member of the Legislature."

TUCSON.

TUCSON, Jan. 26.—[Regular Correspondence.] The X-rays have been put to practical use for one resident of Tucson. L. D. Chillson has just returned from Los Angeles, with his son, who underwent the surgical operation. Six years ago the young man was accidentally shot in the nose and jaw, and it was supposed the bullet had lodged in the jaw. The X-rays revealed the bullet imbedded in the bone of the nose. Chloroform was administered and the bullet removed without the slightest difficulty. The incision was made under the upper lip, and in consequence no external marks of the operation are visible. Dr. Muler, formerly of Altar, Sonora, and Drs. Orm and Brill of Los Angeles had charge of the case.

It is promised that Tucson will soon have a new operahouse. The report is received with incredulity, however. For a great many years Tucson has been promised one, yet today Billy Reid's mammoth and beautiful emporium of amusement is the only thing here that even resembles an operahouse. Even this does not furnish a very striking resemblance.

The present attendance of the university has reached 170.

PRESCOTT.

PRESCOTT, Jan. 26.—[Regular Correspondence.] As soon as the snow disappears search will be made for a large aerolite that is believed to be imbeddd in the hills back of Fort Whipple. A few nights ago one of these visitors from the heavens passed with a roaring, whirring sound from a southerly direction and apparently disappeared in a gulch near by. The man who saw it, Dick Tea, is sure it will weigh a ton or two.

Virgil Earp, brother of Earp of referee fame, and a man who in his day stirred things up some at Tombstone, is able to be about on crutches. In his late accident his feet were both badly mashed, his hip injured and he was bruised all over, remaining unconscious for several hours after the accident occurred. Earp has had two or three experiences in his life which very few men would have lived through, this being one of them. He has been shot all to pieces, and crushed in this mine accident, but still has hopes as well as good prospects of living to a ripe old age.

During the late snowstorm City Engineer Mahoney's white horse evidently mistook himself for a snowflake, or the falling snow as a white horse, wherefore it became incumbent on him to do some falling. He therefore betook himself to an old well and sailed gracefully to the bottom. Here he was found a day or two later, alive, but so chilled that he did not survive.

ARIZONA COMMENTS.

They marry couples over in Bisbee now by machinery. Starr Williams, a new Justice there, has bought him a phonograph with a marriage service on the cylinder. When a couple want to get married they drop a $5 gold piece in the slot, and the service follows, all but kissing the bride. This is not enough for the old bachelors of Bisbee, of whom there are hundreds there. What they want is an improvement on the durned thing that will furnish the bride. They offer to put all kinds of gold pieces in a machine of that kind.

The Utah Legislature has appointed two commissioners to visit the Arizona Legislature, for the purpose of setting forth to that body the advantages to the settlers of that locality, in the annexing to Utah that portion of Arizona north of the Colorado River. When they learn of the railroad bonds due in Coconino and Yavapai counties they won't be so anxious about it.

[Mineral Wealth:] An inebriated individual strolled into the Courier office the other day in search of Horace Greeley. It is said the colonel of the Courier and Greeley looked as near alike as two peas. It is lucky for that Mineral Wealth man that Greeley is good and dead. What "the Colonel of the Courier" lacks in good looks, however, he makes up in being a good fellow.

Explanatory of the following it may be said that the Democratic Legislature of Arizona passed resolutions congratulating Teller on his reëlection. It is from the Prescott Journal-Miner: "The present Legislature will probably send a big fat memorial to Congress on Arizona statehood. When those cold and solemn gold-bug eastern legislators read such, and then turn over a leaf and squint at the Teller resolutions, they won't 'do a thing' to Arizona's claims."

[Star:] It is a matter of interest as well as satisfaction to observe that the weather predictions made by the old Indian weather prophets of Arizona are being realized. A year ago they gave out that beginning with last summer Arizona would experience a large amount of rainfall. Here at least is found a useful field for the Indians of Arizona. The Territory has some 10,000 of them, or enough to supply every State in the Union. It is respectfully suggested to the Honorable Indian Commissioners that they be peddled throughout the United States and put to prophesying. Their services would be valuable to the country and Arizona would not offer any objections, providing just one or two are left who will prohpesy rain and then fetch it.

Pasadena Events.

A progressive euchre party was given last evening at the Casa Grande. The guests of the hotel and many of their friends were present. Ten tables were occupied by the competitors for the prizes offered. Music was furnished by a mandolin orchestra, and the card-playing was followed by dancing.

A very pretty entertainment was given last evening at Hotel Green, for the benefit of the Landmarks Club. Tableaux were presented by the guests of the hotel and many of them were exceedingly effective. The evening concluded with dancing.

The Princess Chimay, who has scandalized all Europe by eloping with a gypsy, was Clara Ward of Detroit. She beyongs to a family noted for eccentricity. One member of the same family lost his life in consequence of what in a less wealthy person would have been called a despicable crime. He committed an outrageous assault on a young girl passenger on one of the Ward steamers and the girl's brother shot him dead as he was descending the courthouse steps after having been remanded for trial.

Swine Growing in Connection with the Dairy.

The following was read by C. H. Session, president Southern California Dairy Association, at the Goleta Farmer's Institute:

In raising swine, as in raising any other stock, it is the intention of the owner to produce something that will pay him a profit for his feed, labor and risk. In the dairy where the skim milk is returned from the creamery or whey from the cheese factory the farmer keeps a few hogs to consume this milk. When properly fed in connection with beets, pumpkins, alfalfa pasture and the different grains, the hogs will run into money very fast if the quality of the stock is of the best strains.

The razor-back.—We see too many of the razor-back breed and their decendants as we ride over the country. In the East more thought has been given the breeding, and the quality of the stock is far superior to most of that seen in our slaughter yards. A "hog is a hog," but a poor hog will not make a profitable feeder. Years ago it used to take from eighteen months to two years to get a hog ready for the market. They were of the slow growing, late maturing kind, and the demand was for a large hog, very fat. It took time to get these ready for the market and required extra feed to carry them that length of time.

The Modern Style of Hog.—In late years the demand has been growing for leaner pork, smaller hams, less fat and lard, thinner bacon, well streaked with lean, and such quality is best found in hogs weighing about 200 pounds. The Cudahy Packing Company pay the best prices for hogs ranging from 175 to 225 pounds, and pay less as they run larger or smaller. By referring to the Chicago market reports I find that the highest price each week is paid for weights ranging from 160 to 190 pounds, and in some cases as low as 130 pounds when in good condition.

Smaller Hogs Most Profitable.—It has been found that it costs more per pound to raise hogs over 200 pounds than under, so that the greatest profit is in selling at or under that weight. If these can be produced in eight as well as in twelve months then we should try to raise such stock as would reach the required size at as early a date as possible. We have fed razor-backs by the side of thoroughbreds and found the razor-backs would squeal for more food after having consumed 50 per cent. more than it took to keep the thoroughbreds fat. Why is it that so many farmers persist in raising these common, slow-growing, feed-consuming and profitless hogs? There is no difficulty in making well-bred hogs weigh 175 to 200 pounds in from six to eight months, and in such cases the farmer realizes from his investment nearly twice a year.

How to Sell Hogs.—When the price of hogs is very low, as has been the case this fall, many farmers become discouraged and sell out everything they have, which floods the market with all grades of stock, making prices still lower, and they take just what is offered them. Instead of selling out entirely, he should cull his herd, keeping only the best sows, buy the best boar he can afford, and he will find that he can grow pork cheaper than ever before, and his stock returns him a better profit. He should aim to have hogs to sell when the market is bare of stock and prices high, as is the case at certain seasons of the year.

The Breeds.—There are many breeds of swine, but on this Coast the most popular are the Berkshire and Poland China. A few Essex are raised in the northern part of the State, but I know of none in this section. A breed of hogs, known as the White Yorkshire, is raised in a small way, but, as they will not stand the hot suns of our section, they are not popular, but do very well as a pen pig. We have raised both the Berkshire and Poland China, but prefer the former. They are healthy and quick-growing, can be fattened at any time, require less feed to keep in condition, have a larger percentage of lean meat, are pleasant to handle, and are easily made pets. We have never had a cross animal in seven years breeding them.

How to Use the Thoroughbred.—While thoroughbred Berkshires will make more profitable returns than common stock, I would not advise any one to buy a herd of them for feeders, but get a pair or trio of them and save the choicest sow pigs for your own breeding. The young males can be sold to your neighbors for enough to buy a male of another strain, which can be used on your original sows as well as on the younger ones. In the meantime, while your thoroughbred herd is growing, improve your common herd. A thoroughbred male will make a great improvement on the first cross, even when bred to the much-laughed-at razor-back sows. The second cross on the most common of these show the characteristics of the thoroughbred.

We do not recommend breeding stock under eight months old, but from that time on sows will raise two litters a year with ease.

We hear considerable about the "bacon hog," which has been introduced into this country, but by careful selection of our breeding stock we can make the sides of our hogs deep and wide enough for any butcher.

Dairy Feeds for Swine.—Skim milk or whey should be fed with the proper proportions of nitrogenous and carbonaceous foods, as they will return a greater profit than when fed alone or without regard to this. The proper proportions should be about one to four for growing pigs and about one to six and five-tenths for fattening hogs, or, to speak more plainly, one part of protein, which produces muscle and bone, to four parts of carbohydrates, which produces fat and heat. Skim milk has a ratio of 1:2.16; buttermilk, 1:1.7, and whey, 1:6.8. The skim milk, having so much protein, should be fed with corn, wheat or barley.

If the only feed was skim milk the pig would do very well on it, but it would require a large feed of milk, and the excess of protein would be converted into carbohydrates, which would make it more expensive than when some carbonaceous food was fed.

If a feeding having to much of the carbonaceous matter was fed to young pigs, they would not get protein enough to build up muscle and bone and the animals would become very fat and break down. After an animal has obtained a good strong frame, then a more carbonaceous food can be given and the animal will put on fat.

Whey, being highly carbonaceous, should have nitrogenous foods fed in connection—such as bran and alfalfa, so as to furnish muscle and bone material, which is lacking in small proportions in whey.

Methods of Lynwood.—Our brood sows have the run of a large lot with water for wallows, and they dig out roots of many plants, weeds, etc., but have no regular pasture. We cut alfalfa often and feed during the summer. We also give them green corn, beets and stock melons or citrons during their season. At times we have quantities of skim milk into which we put bran, rolled barley or shorts, but when milk is scarce we furnish enough water to make a slop. We feed our skim milk sour and think it better than when sweet, as we have known hogs to bloat and die on sweet milk. The Vermont Experiment Station and the Ontario station both report the best results from sour skim milk.

Lizards, it is well known, are attracted by the notes of music, and the negroes in the island of Madeira, when catching them for food, accompany the chase by whistling some tune, which invariably has the effect of drawing great numbers toward them.

IRRITATION of the throat and hoarseness are immediately relieved by "Brown's Bronchial Troches." Have them always ready.

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BURBANK—Uncle Tom's Cabin.

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THE CABINET.

President McKinley's Cabinet, including certainties and strong probabilities, seems likely to be constituted nearly as follows:

Secretary of State—JOHN SHERMAN of Ohio.

Secretary of the Treasury—LYMAN J. GAGE of Illinois.

Secretary of War—RUSSELL A. ALGER of Michigan.

Secretary of the Navy—JOHN D. LONG of Massachusetts.

Secretary of the Interior—JOSEPH McKENNA of California.

Postmaster-General—(Undecided.)

Attorney-General—NATHAN GOFF of West Virginia.

Secretary of Agriculture—JAMES WILSON of Iowa.

Portraits and brief sketches of seven out of the eight probable portfolio-bearers are printed in this morning's Times.

John Sherman, statesman and patriot; Lyman J. Gage, able financier and man of affairs; Russell A. Alger, distinguished soldier, successful business man and eminent civilian; John D. Long, ex-Governor of his State and man of sterling worth; Joseph McKenna, ex-Congressman, popular Californian and distinguished jurist; Nathan Goff, soldier, lawyer, jurist and publicist; James Wilson, clear-headed and resourceful—these are fitting advisers and official associates for a President whose administration is destined to be illustrious in the nation's history.

SAND-LOT LEGISLATION AGAIN.

Mr. Fitzgerald, who, by the grace of Gov. Budd., exercises the duties of Labor Commissioner in and for this State, takes exception to The Times' criticism of some bills which he is having introduced in our State Legislature, and which it recently characterized as "sand-lot legislation," an utterance which it has no desire to retract, if it could. Mr. Fitzgerald is a professional labor agitator, who has been for years trying to show the people what a "natural-born derned fool" the man was who invented that trite maxim, "Mind your own business." In the past years of this State's existence, we have had the "Democratic push" and the "Republican push," but Mr. Fitzgerald evidently is endeavoring to create a new political organization, similar to those in existence in Australia, which will be known as the "Labor push."

One of his measures is that known as Assembly bill No. 44, one or two sections of which were given to the public in yesterday's Times on page 14, included in our special corespondence from the capital. A portion of section 6 of that bill reads as follows:

"Whenever any controversy or difference exists between an employer, whether an individual, copartnership or corporation, and an employé or employés, such as the non-payment of wages or other grievances, the commissioner, when he deems it necessary, shall have the power, upon the request of either party thereto, to visit the locality of dispute and make careful inquiry into the cause thereof, and whenever any controversy exists between an individual and an employment agent, the commissioner shall have power to investigate the same under the provisions of sections 7 and 8 of this act."

The labor laws of Australia, which have driven millions of local capital into sheep husbandry and gold mining that might have gone into home manufactures of articles needed in daily life, were never more one-sided than this. Sensible men know that labor is, and always has been, most prosperous when the rights of capital are properly conserved. The trouble is that capital has no rights that these labor agitators feel bound to respect. They expect the employer to march up with a big bank account, erect factory buildings, put in costly machinery, and then allow a professional politician of the Fitzgerald stripe to come in at any working hour of the day and tell him how he is to run his own business.

Capital and labor are dependent upon one another, but not in the way that these labor agitators would have workmen believe. They overlook one thing—that the money must come first before the "wheels can go wound," as Mr. Habberton's little nephew was won't to put it. Once hamper capital with as many restrictions and obstructions as has been done by the "workingmen" politicians at the antipodes, and you will see the same withdrawal of capital from manufactures and the same rush for mines and sheep ranches. Any man who has visited Sydney or Melbourne in the past five years can tell of the awful spectacle to be seen on the streets of those cities—both larger than San Francisco, by the way—with processions of pale-faced men carrying banners bearing the Master's supplication: "Give us this day, our daily bread."

We do not want to see such sights on the streets of San Francisco or Los Angeles, and that is why we don't want any such legislation as this demagogue Fitzgerald would bring us. We want to see labor prosperous, because it is skilled labor that makes towns and cities, and we want to see capital remunerated for its outlay, for, unless it is so, labor must suffer through an enforced idleness. It is quite hard enough work now to get capital, either eastern or local, to embark in manufacturing enterprises. It will be worse if these demagogic measures of Fitzgerald's become laws. Let them be indefinitely postponed and their author with them, if possible. Let the members of the California Senate and House "brace up" and refuse to bow to the dictates of the despotic labor agitators, who labor only with their callous jaws—refuse to enact any laws for any class unless those laws are right in themselves, and grounded in justice, equity, necessity and public expediency!

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA AND FLORIDA.

Dispatches from Florida announce that the State has again been visited by a severe frost. The mercury went to 20 deg. at Jacksonville on the morning of Thursday. Even at Tampa, 300 miles south of Jacksonville, the thermometer registered only 4 deg. above freezing. The damage to the winter vegetable crop has been great, and it is probable that the young shoots of the orange trees have been badly frozen, although reports to this effect are not yet conclusive.

When the great freeze of two years ago visited Florida, destroying not only the orange crop but the trees, residents of that State claimed that it was a very exceptional calamity, which might not occur again in a generation. It is true that it was perhaps the first occasion since oranges have been grown in Florida on a commercial scale that the trees were destroyed, although there had been several severe frosts which had injured the crop. Now, after the short period of two years, comes another severe frost, while Southern California has not been visited by a sufficient degree of cold to injure the fruit in the least, even in the lower sections of the orange-growing region, which are not well adapted to the industry.

The Times does not desire to crow over the misfortunes that have visited the horticulturists of Florida, but truth compels us to emphasize the fact that Southern California is the only genuine semi-tropic section of the United States. Along the foothills of the seven southern counties, between Point Concepcion and San Diego, there are hundreds of square miles of land, in the foothills, which are secure from the visits of Jack Frost. It is not claimed that these belts are absolutely frostless. Once in a number of years, when there is a specially severe spell of weather, it may for a few hours, be cold enough to nip the tender shoots of the tomato and other equally delicate plants, or even, perhaps, to touch the young orange and lemon trees, but there has never been an occasion throughout all the region indicated when a mature orange tree or lemon tree has been killed, while during nine winters out of ten the most delicate plants and flowers survive without the least injury.

If there is another section in the United States of which the same can be said, we fail to know it. Arizona, which is farther south than Southern California, has much more frost in winter, owing to the distance from the ocean, and for this reason the citrus industry in that territory is attended with some risk. Southern California is the semi-tropical region of the United States par excellence. Not all of the area in the seven southern counties comes under this category, by any means. The extent of comparatively frostless land is, in fact, quite limited, but there is sufficient to accommodate a good many thousand families of fruit-growers and health-seekers, and there is little doubt that within the next few years they will be here to occupy it.

A man named Earl has been elected to the United States Senate from South Carolina. Now we know why the Senate is sometimes referred to as the American House of Lords.

EBB AND FLOW OF WEALTH.

"This is a world of compensations," as Mr. Lincoln remarked in the celebrated "lost" speech made by him at Bloomington. Whatever is taken from the people reverts to them in the course of time. Early in the present century a churlish old fellow named Thellusson amassed a fortune in a small way in the little city of Oxford in England. His son partook of his father's thrift and the estate began to roll up grand proportions. A grandson then came on, an able man of business, and the Thellusson estate rolled up till he thought he would be a second Rothschild. But he died in 1854 and made no will—at least, none was ever found. His only son came of age about two years later and compensated for the thrift of his forefathers by making ducks and drakes of all his ancestors' accumulations. The recent skeleton in the closet of Earl Powlett, in England, the son grinding away at a hand organ in the streets while the father squandered his wealth in riotous dissipation rather than leave his son a pound, is familiar to all of England and most of America. Anent the propensity for one generation to save, in order that a succeeding generation may squander, the Tulare Register has this to say:

"It is said that the Bradley-Martins of New York are to give a fancy dress ball that will cost $240,000. That is a crime. In the sight of heaven and of men those Bradley-Martin people are the scum of the earth. They are worse than Anarchists and like the Anarchists, they are sapping the foundations from under free institutions. And there is no cause for worry through fear that they will not receive their reward! The father of this Bradley-Martin spent his younger days working sixteen hours a day for $5 per week, and the children or grandchildren of this Bradley-Martin will probably eke out their failing years by 'battering' for pennies upon the highway. Three generations generally sees the dissipation of the great fortunes which the hard-headed old founders of fortunes builded up, and it is well that it is so. Sometimes the same generation sees both ends of the miserable story. H. A. W. Tabor is a case in point. The writer remembers him when he was so poor that he stole potatoes. Afterward he knew him when he declared that he had all the money he wanted, and he is said to have paid $1000 for a night shirt. Now, at sixty and more, he is grub-staked by some one who knew him in the days of his prosperity and he has gone to Cripple Creek with pick and shovel to try a miner's luck again. Do not envy the Bradley-Martins. The day of their plucking is not far distant."

Just whether this is so much of a crime, is a matter of doubt. To begin with, the floral decorations of the Bradley-Martin house will cost somewhere between $5000 and $6000, much of which will go to pay the wages of garden laborers and girls who tie up bouquets. There will be at least $1000 more spent for hack hire on that occasion, as well as $500 for chickens and turkeys and as much more for terrapin. The champagne (made in America, though sold under French labels, perhaps,) will come to at least $2500; and $1000 for cigars is nothing extravagant while computing on such a basis as this. Then the Bradley-Martin servants are far from being sufficient for any such occasion, and more servants must be hired. Still further, the making of ball dresses and swallow-tail suits for such an occasion gives employment to hundreds of poor sewing girls and journeymen tailors. Last of all come the windjammers and manipulators of feline intestines, who will get at least $10 apiece for their musical services on the occasion of the Bradley-Martin corroboree.

But why do not the Bradley-Martins do an occasional trifle in the philanthropic line? Yes, and give somebody else a chance to "make a piece" while handling their money. James Lick died in San Francisco in 1876, and it took just twenty years to accomplish the charitable undertakings for which he left nearly $3,000,000. In that time whole families lived off salaries derived from the Lick trust; and of moneys put out at interest or profits derived from discounting notes during two heavy panics that followed his death, there is no record. Men drew salaries of $5000 a year out of that concern, who, prior to Lick's death, would have been glad to obtain employment at half that sum. Sherman, the hungry-faced tailor, hung on till he died of old age, and Floyd, the Confederate swashbuckler who showed his love of a gallant profession by burning ships in the Arctic Ocean, strung the business out as long as there was a salary in it for him or anybody else. In a word, the provisions of Lick's will could have been carried out in eight years but were strung out to nearly twenty. And while there was nothing stolen, a good deal of value was unnecessarily "absorbed."

Let the Bradley-Martins go on and have a good time while their money lasts. They have probably made it easily—by cutting the coupons off United States bonds and other manual labor; and have no care for the plodding old man who rolled up the nucleus of the fortune which they are now squandering on hot birds and cold bottles. Let them "go it while they're young" and don't stop to count the corks. All this money has been gotten out of the public, and is sure under a law as resistless as the ebb and flow of the oceans' tide, to go back to the masses from whom it was taken, honestly perhaps, but maybe otherwise. We have no laws of entail here like they have in England, and if a graceless young spendthrift wants to bathe in champagne or commit a kindred folly, let him do so. Josh Billings said: "God save the phools and don't let the breed run out. Ef it wasn't for them, men of good sense couldn't make a livin.'"

The efforts of Chief Clerk Duckworth to throw the blame of the "Legislature of a Thousand Clerks" upon the members who wanted their friends appointed to positions, will hardly be digested at this late stage of those malodorous proceedings. Mr. Duckworth had been a chief clerk at a previous session, and therefore knew exactly what clerkships were allowed by law and what were not. He could not plead ignorance as an excuse for his offence. Suppose that any employé of The Times wilfully connived at a spoliation of the company engaged in its publication, obliging them to pay out money without receiving a just equivalent for it, he would certainly be open to discharge, if not to prosecution under the law. Just so if a merchant's clerk connived at a scheme to rob his employer. The men who are elected to office, whether legislative or municipal, are public servants, and as such are at all times directly responsible to the people.

A SOUTHERN SOLOMON.

Congressman Patterson of Tennessee made a speech in Baltimore a few days ago, in which he paid his respects to the authors of the Bryan stampede at Chicago. He went on to show how the eleven cotton-growing States, for the sake of forming a chimerical coalition with three or four Populist States in the extreme Northwest, had alienated the support and coöperation of four sister States in the South, as well as all their old allies and friends in New York, New Jersey and the other States that incline toward Democracy so long as it did not menace the commercial prosperity and industrial welfare of the North. He then asked (and very pertinently, too,) whence do they expect to obtain the immigration and capital necessary for the growth and development of the South? He pointed to the fact that every railroad, every river and every coastwise line of steamers penetrated into the eighteen States north of the Ohio and Potomac and east of the Missouri, which cast their electoral vote for McKinley; and it is, he claimed, to those eighteen McKinley States that the cotton-bearing region of the country must look for the money needed to till more land and export heavier crops. He then went on to say:

"Not a river, not a railroad and not a ship goes from the cotton States to the inhospitable mining States of the Rocky mountains, yet, politically, we have abandoned the one section for the other. We have parted company with a giant who has in the past coöperated with us for a pigmy who is powerless as an ally. I speak for a large body of the intelligent and patriotic citizens of the South when I protest against the folly which has brought about this result."

Mr. Patterson then went on to speak of the suicidal course embodied in following the teachings of "Billy Boy" Bryan and what disastrous consequence were certain to result therefrom, if such blind guides as Bryan, Altgeld or Jones (of Arkansas) were to be selected as the leaders of the Democracy hereafter. He said he spoke for men who had the good of the South at heart and desired to see grain waving over fields that had been graveyards for brave men from the North and South alike. He spoke for men who wanted to see the whole country prosperous and who were only too anxious to abandon an issue that is hopeless and ought forever to be hopeless. He then referred to Bryanism in the following strong language:

"The Democrats who voted for McKinley and Palmer, and the Democrats who voted for Bryan only for the sake of party regularity, will never follow their brethren into a repetition of the blunder committed at Chicago. If Bryan is to be the leader of the Democracy of the future; if his speech at Chicago is to be its inspiration, and the deliverance at the Chicago convention are to be its guides, then—I say it, in sadness and in sorrow—there is nothing left for us but to take our stand on the Indianapolis platform and there resist, as best we can, the encroachments of paternalism, whether they come in the form of an attempt to create values by the coinage or emission of depreciated money, or in the effort to create prosperity by unnecessarily laying the burdens of taxation on the substance of the people. With the teachings of such illustrious statesmen as Jefferson, Jackson, Calhoun, Benton, Lamar and Hill to guide them, how the people of these States, in disregard of the enlightened judgment of the commercial and scholastic world, could have abandoned their old allies, antagonized the President of their choice and staked everything on an economic heresy, which, if adopted, would have led inevitably to silver monometallism and national disaster and dishonor, is a problem which defies a rational solution. It is unlike the southern people."

Mr. Watterson, in the issue of the Courier-Journal of the day following the delivery of Mr. Patterson's speech, came out with an unqualifiedly strong indorsement of its leading features, and said it was truly fortunate for the South that she had a man of as broad-gauge ability as Mr. Patterson to put the burning questions of the day into such good language and present them so intelligently as the Tennessee member had done. After that Mr. Watterson, having first fervently invoked the star-eyed goddess to nerve his arm, went to work in a very sober and sensible way to read the Democracy a neat little lecture on the evil of hunting after new friends and deserting the old ones who had proven their sincerity and fidelity on countless occasions. The speech has created quite a stir in the South, and the leading papers in the Gulf States are publishing it under such headines as "An Appeal to Reason," "The Return of Common Sense" and such captions as those. There can be no doubt Mr. Patterson "woke to find himself famous" on the day following its delivery.

PROSPECTIVE TARIFF LEGISLATION.

The semi-official announcement of the tariff policy of the new administration, as given out by Mr. Hanna after an interview with the President-elect, is calculated to give encouragement to the friends of protection throughout the country, as well as to restore confidence and pave the way to a general revival of business activity. Briefly stated, it is proposed by President McKinley to call an extra session of Congress soon after March 4, for the purpose of amending the revenue laws in such manner as to provide a sufficient income for the support of the government. The extra session is to be convened for this specific purpose, and it is expected that Congress, by devoting its entire attention to the subject, can certainly complete the necessary legislation before the close of the fiscal year, and possibly within sixty days from the assembling of the extra session.

The programme is a good one, and if it be carried out, the country will almost immediately feel the impetus of improved conditions. A long wrangle over the tariff question would do incalculable mischief, and would postpone indefinitely the return of prosperity. So far as the House is concerned, there is no need of protracted discussion. The Republican majority in that body is large, and any reasonable tariff bill should pass without prolonged debate. If it be true, as Mr. Hanna is reported to have said, that enough votes have pledged in the Senate to insure the passage of a protective tariff bill, the matter may be considered as good as settled. The only danger which menaces the plan proposed lies in the possible opposition of a factious minority in the Senate. If enough of these obstructionists will for once get off from their hobby and do their duty as patriotic men and representatives of American public opinion, all will be well.

The receipts of the national government, under the existing revenue laws, are several millions less per month than the ordinary expenditures. So long as this state of affairs continues, the deficit must be made up by borrowing money. The borrowing of money by the nation in a time of peace is unnecessary, wasteful and without excuse. The McKinley administration will not be a borrowing administration, unless it is forced to that expedient by a few obstructionists in the Senate, who, under the absurd rules of that body, could probably block legislation if they were to enter upon a deliberate conspiracy to do so. The hope of the situation lies in the partial assistance above referred to, that enough Senatorial votes have been pledged to pass a protective tariff bill.

The net deficit in national revenues, since the present tariff went into effect, is in the neighborhood of $150,000,000. Only four months out of twenty-nine have shown an excess of receipts over expenditures, and this excess has been so small as to be of little account. Such a state of things is a national disgrace, which calls for prompt abatement, and the prospects are that it will be abated soon after the inauguration of President McKinley.

The Inter Ocean says that "Senator Hill made nothing by being mum and dumb in the late campaign." Well, he made quite as much as did Mr. Bryan, who would have talked a blister into the curls of a bull's forehead if the bovine would only have stood still during the operation. Commenting on this the Fresno Republican says: "The signs were not right for profitable remarks; had they been the voice of Hill would have been heard. David is a good political speeler, but he vaunteth not the merits of the fat lady and the educated pig when the show is in the hands of the sheriff."

Missouri, the State which gave a Benton to the Senate and a Bates to the Cabinet at the most trying period in the nation's history, is degenerating and becoming as bad a nursery of cranks as Kansas. A proposition came up in the Legislature at Jefferson City to invite William J. Bryan to address them. Then somebody moved to amend by having both Bryan and Bourke Cockran address them. This was voted down with an indignant roar and 'Billy Boy" alone was invited to speak at his earliest convenience. He'll be there if the car don't fall through the bridge.

The proceedings in the Fair will cases at San Francisco have changed from the court of Blackstone to that of Franklin. In other words, these celebrated cases hinge not so much upon questions of law as on questions of printing. And as the courts of that city have had a good deal more experience with job lawsuits than with job printing, they naturally feel just a trifle cautious in the matter and want to go slowly ahead for a while. It is to be hoped that Senator Fair's grandson, little Herman Oelrichs, may live long enough to see the case decided in his favor, if not of those of his parents.

There is no great harm in bragging if people will only live up to their brags, which very few of them do. But Chicago, which has gained the name of "Horntown" from its blowing propensities, gave $25,000 in one day to aid the suffering poor of that burg, and folks that were wont to allude to her as "the Windy City" now feel very much like taking it all back.

Revenge is sweet. Exasperated beyond all measure at the high-hat ordinance concerning theaters, the new woman is now petitioning the City Council of Chicago to pass a law forbidding the opening of saloons on the same block with a theater. People who want to "go out and see a man" between acts will find out after a while that there are games at which two can play.

A Tacoma judge, in a divorce suit lately tried before him, held that a husband's refusal to take his wife to the theater is not sufficient ground for granting her a divorce. How is it that so many thick-headed men are getting on the bench?

The Times is indebted to the Milwaukee Sentinel for the major portion of the data conncerning the new Cabinet officers, certain and prospective, which is printed this morning.

JOHN BRENT DEAD.

An Old and Faithful Employee of Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express.

John Ethan Allen Brent, an old and faithful employé of Wells, Fargo & Co's Express, who died in this city on the 28th inst., was a man who had seen and experienced many episodes during his eventful life.

He enrolled as a private in Co. I of the Third Regiment of Missouri Cavalry on October 23, 1861, and served faithfully until his honorable discharge on December 31, 1864, at Little Rock, Ark. He then came West and entered the employ of Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express as a guard on several of their stage lines in Montana and Nevada. Later he was sent to Arizona to protect the company's interests there. During his lifetime, and while acting as shotgun messenger, he had many exciting and dangerous experiences with the festive highwayman. The writer has known him intimately in all the perilous positions in which he has been placed, and can say without fear of contradiction that he was a man who knew no fear. Courageous in the discharge of his duty and in the protection of his employer's interest, he was as mild and sympathetic to those in distress as a woman, and there are many still living who can testify to his generosity and nobleness of heart. Endowed with more than ordinary physical strength, he scorned to use it except for the right. For the last ten years or more he has been in charge of the stables of the company in this city, and by his uniform kindness won the respect and love of those with whom he was associated. He was a member in good standing of the G.A.R. and of the Golden Rule Lodge, No. 160, I.O.O.F., and all the members mourn his demise. He is to be buried on Sunday next at 2 p.m. and the local officials of Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express in this city have arranged that their faithful ex-employé may have a fitting tribute paid to his memory. W. P.

Good and Bad Money.

The last Presidential election brought the question of good and bad money to the front. Get the Times' almanac and learn all about both and about the kinds in use in other countries. By mail or at Times office, 35 cents.

LAX METHODS.

(CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.)

quest the appointment of Clark Alberti or any one else.

F. M. Leavitt said that he requested the appointment of Frank Barnett, who had helped Duckworth on Sunday; and that J. M. Oliver at the request of H. E. Wright.

Strain said that he had requested the appointment of Robert Nixon, but not on the temporary roll.

Breiling, chairman of the Mileage Committee, stated that there was a misunderstanding about the appointment of Williams. The Mileage Committee did not recommend it. The name of Williams was substituted for that of Campbell by the committee, on the claim of Williams that Campbell's name had been erroneously put in the list. W. N. Lamphrey vouched for Williams. Mileage was allowed Hocking on the recommendation of Sergeant-at-Arms Parkinson, who said that Hocking was a poor man and had come to Sacramento under the misapprehension that he was required to do so by law, he having served two years ago.

Breiling could not remember who recommended mileage for Andy Branch, Robert Nixon, Jr., and F. H. Lombard. Belshaw had moved to strike out the mileage, but the House voted the motion down.

Power of San Francisco acknowledged one appointment. He was charged with two. Lacey of San Francisco was charged with three. He did not know any of them and did not ask for any appointments.

Harris, who is charged with three, admitted one. Did not know the others.

Gately did not request the appointment of any one. He said that if he had known that the had the power to recommend anybody he would have sent to San Francisco for some Democrat.

J. Hocking, who was a temporary employé and who received $114 mileage, admitted having received $50 from the Sheriff of San Bernardino county to cover expenses of his trip and took a prisoner to San Quentin with him.

Govan janitor, testified that he had identified T. W. Measure as the man who had served as electrician two years ago and on the strength of this identification Duckworth appointed Measure, and the latter received seven days pay as temporary electrician.

Chynoweth, prosecuting attorney for the Assembly acknowledged the appointment of F. C. Smythe on his recommendation. He testified also that the list of Duckworth's appointments was read to the House by Chief Clerk Duckworth on January 4.

Adjournment was taken to Monday afternoon.

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE.

THIRTY-SECOND SESSION.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 29.—SENATE. There was not a quorum present when Lieut.-Gov. Jeter rapped for order in the Senate this morning, and a call of the House was ordered. Senator Langford and Senator Henderson were captured in the corridors. As soon as a quorum had been established the Senators made their escape to committee rooms, and so few were present that the third reading file was passed.

Senator Smith introduced a similar resolution to that of Burnham in the Assembly, relating to a County Expert, which was made a special order for Tuesday.

Bills were introduced as follows: Providing for the survey and construction of a wagon road from Tallac to McKinneys, along the shore of Lake Tahoe; providing for the appointment of a State Food Commissioner; prohibiting the exercise by any person other than a duly licensed physician or surgeon, of mesmeric or hypnotic influence upon any person; prohibiting the employment of convicts confined in the State prisons of the State in the manufacture of textile fabrics other than jute grain bags; amending sections 350, 351 and 354 of the Penal Code, relating to the punishment of counterfeiting trade marks.

The Senate adjourned until 10:30 o'clock Monday.

ASSEMBLY.—Mr. Dryden opened the proceedings in the House this morning with a vigorous argument in favor of his Cuban resolution, which he desired sent to Congress. He said he hoped such a weak report as had been returned by the majority would not be forwarded.

Cutter of Yuba spoke against the minority report. He said Mr. Dryden might think it brave to pass a resolution that might lead to war with Spain, in the result of which California would be safe, being far removed from the scene of strife. Shanahan said that Spain did not hesitate about interfering in the civil war.

The majority resolution was passed by a majority vote.

The Committee on Codes and Statutes reported adversely on the following bills: Providing that in condemnation proceedings costs should be allowed to the defendants; providing that corporations should not be allowed to issue bonds in excess of 90 per cent. of the corporate plant.

Clark's bill making it unlawful to build railroads along country roads was amended so as to permit railroads so to do, provided they build a wagon road alongside the railroad.

F. M. Leavitt of Alameda rose and wanted to know what had become of the resolution asking for an investigation of the State Printing Office. He said that he had been informed that Chairman Melick of the committee to which it had been referred was conducting a secret espionage and that no open sessions were being held.

Hill of the committee declared that a fair and impartial investigation was being made. Dennery asked that the resolution be referred back, and Leavitt added that he wanted an impartial committee on the matter. The resolution was ordered reported back on Monday.

The following bills were introduced:

By Soward, compelling every person, partnership or corporation doing business in the State to set apart a day in each week, or each month, as pay-day, and compelling them on that day to pay to its mployés all the wages then due.

By Dibble, providing for the acceptance by the State from the Veterans' Home Association of its property in Napa county, the same to be used as a State home for United States soldiers and marines.

By Cross, providing that bank commissioners may compel the officers of a bank to show cause why they (the bank commissioners) should not take charge of the institution, when it is represented by stockholders that good reasons exist for doing the same.

By Elliot, adding a new section to the Code of Civil Procedure whereby the public administrator is made guardian of the person and estate of all minors and insane persons where no fit person is entitled to letters of guardianship; or where no guardian has been appointed by will or deed.

Burnham introduced a resolution to the effect that the committee intrusted with the county government bill report in favor of creating a county expert. The resolution was made a special order for Monday morning.

In the afternoon all bills reported back from committees were read for the first time and placed on the second-reading file.

Adjourned.

Mose Gunst Can't Go.

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 29.—The Senate Committee on Elections this afternoon decided to report adversely on the amendment to section 853 of the Political Code relative to the absence of certain officers from the State. The bill was framed to permit Police Commissioner Gunst to go to Europe for six months. The section as it stands now permits an absence of only sixty days from the State. There was but one vote in favor of the bill—that of Senator Stratton.

A Recount Ordered.

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 29.—The Assembly Committee on Contested Elections met today and decided to reopen the Hoey-Power contest. The ballots will be sent for and a recount made in the Capitol.

JONAH AND THE WHALE.

THE BIBLICAL FISH STORY UNDER DISCUSSION.

Dr. Lyman Abbott's Treatment of the Subject Has Caused the Manhattan Congregational Association to Censure Him.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—Referring to the resolution passed by the Manhattan Congregational Association objecting to his treatment of the subject of "Jonah and the Whale," in a recent series of sermons, Dr. Lyman Abbott, in an interview last night, said:

"The resolution does not define the nature of the objection which the ministers took to the course of Sunday evening lectures. If their objection is levelled toward a spirit of irreverence, which was imputed to me by some of the morning papers of Monday's issue, I agree with the critics, but as a matter of fact, I don't think the sermon on Sunday night was lacking in reverence, either to God, the story of Jonah or the religious faith of those who believe it to be history. I did not compare it to the Pickwick Papers, and the sermon was not greeted with frequent laughter. There was laughter at one point, and that was due to the incongruity of the story itself, as told in pictoral language.

"Whether the book of Jonah is to be regarded as a history, or as a satirical picture, leveled against the narrow-mindedness of the religious teachers of the Jewish people to teach the universal mercy of God, is a question to be determined by the simple examination of the book itself. One view is as reverent and consistent with the belief in inspiration as is the other."

Among the ministers of Brooklyn many feel that the association was justified in taking the action it did. The Rev. Dr. D. F. Behrends, of the Central Congregational Church, said:

"What we did was not to attack any one, but to set the association right before the community. Dr. Abbott speaks of many things as settled by modern biblical scholars which have been in controversy for years, and upon which opinions are still divided. With no prejudice against literary criticism, the arguments do not produce positive conviction. That 'the book of Jonah belongs to sarcastic literature,' is certainly a novel claim. There is hardly an important statement which Dr. Abbott has made which I should not be compelled seriously to disqualify, and there are statements from which I should emphatically dissent."

A leading Brooklyn pastor who considers the association followed the right course, but who agrees with Dr. Abbott's views on Jonah, is Rev. Samuel Eliot, son of President Eliot of Harvard.

One or two members of Plymouth Church expressed themselves very decidedly on the resolution of the Manhattan Association, Thomas G. Sherman and Gen. Horatio King saying:

"We can get along at Plymouth Church without the Manhattan Association."

DOGGED BY SPANIARDS.

Crew of an American Vessel Maltreated in Cuba.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

NEW HAVEN (Ct.,) Jan. 29.—The three-masted schooner Jennie A. Stubbs, from Lemoise, Me., Capt. Dorr, which put in here last night after an unusually rough voyage from Rum Key, West Indies, reports maltreatment at the hands of Spanish officers at Porto Rico. The Stubbs left Philadelphia in December for Porto Rico with a cargo of coal, and Capt. Dorr carried a bundle of American newspapers for his consignee. At Porto Rico she was boarded by Spanish officers, who relieved Capt. Dorr of his newspapers and subjected the officers and crew to the closest scrutiny. They were dogged throughout their stay on the island, and at every turn were watched and annoyed by Spanish officers.

THE TIMES ALMANAC.

An Admirable Year Book.

[Pomona Progress:] With commendable enterprise the Los Angeles Times has issued a "Year-Book and Almanac" that is a very complete and useful publication for everybody to have. Such year-books are pubblished by a few of the leading newspapers of the country and have come to be regarded by thousands of people as indispensable because of the immense fund of useful information which they contain and the convenient form in which it is compiled.

The new year-book of The Times will take front rank with them all in every way; and it will be found especially valuable to Californians, because it contains much information about the State that cannot conveniently be obtained from any other source.

"Information for Everybody."

[Santa Ana Blade:] The first number of the Los Angeles Times' Year-Book and Almanac has been received. Not having three or four days at our disposal to look deep into its contents, we have been content to make mererly a cursory glance through its pages. The Times has followed its usual course in the matter of its year-book. It has produced one of which it may well feel proud. It is, in a word, a fund of information for everybody, no matter what their business or occupation. Especially is this true of all residents of Southern California.

"Vast Amount of Information."

[Santa Paula Chronicle:] This office is indebted to the Los Angeles Times for a copy of "The Times Year-Book and Almanac." It has 552 pages and contains a vast amount of information about politics, money, national and State elections, public and private lands, railroads, climate, agriculture horticulture and scores of other matters. In fact, it is a sort of library or encyclopedia on everything nearly. This book does great credit to The Times, which is confessedly one of the few great newspapers on the Pacific Coast. The price of the book is 35 cents and that is little in advance of the cost of the paper in the book.

Underground Trolleys.

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—The Metropolitan Traction Company has definitely decided to equip three of its lines with the underground trolley system, and has closed contracts with a number of firms for the materials needed for the change from horses to electricity. The work will begin early in the spring. A change of motive power has been under contemplation by the company for a long time, and many different systems have been tested. A majority of the directors finally declared for the underground trolley system

THE WEATHER.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, Los Angeles, Jan. 29.—At 5 o'clock a.m. the barometer registered 30.13; at 5 p.m., 30.00. Thermometer for the corresponding hours showed 52 deg. and 58 deg. Relative humidity, 5 a.m., 94 per cent.; 5 p.m., 83 per cent. Wind, 5 a.m., east, velocity 6 miles; 5 p.m., southwest, velocity 12 miles. Maximum temperature, 61 deg.; minimum temperature, 50 deg. Rainfall past twenty-four hours, .32 inch; rainfall for season, 8.80 inches. Character of weather, 5 a.m., rain; 5 p.m., clear.

Barometer reduced to sea level.

The Times

ALL ALONG THE LINE.

San Diego has just established a tobacco factory in which to prepare tobacco raised in that county for the market. Southern California will watch the progress of this pioneer factory with interest. The excellent qualities of the tobacco leaf raised in San Diego county are attested by a number of smokers and tobacco experts.

The Times' Riverside correspondent has found what appears to be a grab of $1200 per year through the Highland Asylum, that salary being paid to a clerk of whom but from two to five days work per month is required. The sinecure has recently been awarded by Gov. Budd for the services of an editor in running a Democratic newspaper.

The growth of Johannesburg shows what can be done by energetic men with nothing but a desert to start with. In less than a month the projectors of the enterprise have developed water; laid out their town, graded the streets, built reservoirs, laid pipe lines, erected buildings and started a lively mining town, with a postoffice and other modern conveniences.

While we hear a great many people growling about hard times, there is at least one species of croaker who is obliged to keep his mouth shut in Los Angeles just now. This is the man who predicts that we are going to have a dry season, with all its attendant threatening disasters, that exist mainly in the minds of said croakers. This variety of citizen is just now too busy trying to pick his way among the mud puddles to have time to talk about the weather.

The fact that throughout the State there is a tendency to readjust irrigation water rates is significant. Irrigation matters are now in the transitory state between the period of experiment and the period of settled conditions. It is unavoidable that California pass through that transition, and it will be well for the State if the people bear in mind the words of the poet, "Keep your shirt on," and do not get excited. Calm consideration of the problems presented, and not quarreling, is the key to the situation.

George F. Weeks has sold the Bakersfield Californian and purchased a good and well-founded paper in the Alameda Encinal, which was founded nearly thirty years ago by Frederick Kaye borne a good name. Mr. Weeks is an able man and full of progressive ideas, for the sake of which anybody would be ready to forgive him for his free-coinage fallacies. He made the Californian a very sprightly exchange while he had it, and has a much better field where he is now locating himself.

The frappéd East still insists that Los Angeles is on the edge of the Arctic Circle, and is buried out of sight beneath a blanket of snow. The Freeport (Ill.) Bulletin remarks editorially that "more snow is on the ground in Los Angeles than has been seen in twenty years." As it is useless to state the fact that snow never has been seen on the ground in Los Angeles, it may be as well to humor the Freeport Bulletin by admitting that a glacier is slowly moving down Spring street, that the Courthouse has been overwhelmed by an avalanche, and that Pasadena is not likely to be dug out of the drifts before next May.

Pasadena's City Attorney has come home again. He has been at Sacramento trying to secure the passage of a bill to permit Pasadena to raise the tax limit. The Trustees appropriated $100 to pay his expenses, and they are now anxiously waiting to see whether they will get value for their money. Meantime, some aggrieved citizens are industriously circulating petitions to defeat the proposed change. Some of them are kicking vigorously against the expenditure of the city's funds to pay Mr. Arthur's lobbying expenses, and others are unkindly asserting that the real object of his trip was to mend his political fences. The usually peaceful little town is getting much excitement out of the affair.

Costly and Debt-laden Churches.

[San Diego Vidette:] It is a fair question whether church organizations, any more than individuals, have a right to go into debt for elegant and costly buildings, and then expect the general public to come to their assistance when they find they are unable to pay for them. The Los Angeles Times can see nothing in the Bible that warrants individuals or religious bodies to borrow money or go into debt for the sake of acquiring luxuries. The old-fashioned Methodist meeting-house, free from debt, is better than a grand tabernacle with a big mortgage on it.

At New York Hotels.

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—[Special Dispatch.] J. T. McNeely and R. W. Vincent of Los Angeles are at the Stuart. T. S. C. Lowe of Pasadena is at the Manhattan. G. W. James is at the Grand Union.

There are many birds of which the male and female have the same call, such as the raven, the rook, the New Zealand parson bird, and the gull, and to the highly-cultivated musical ear a difference in pitch may be perceived which would escape the ordinary observer. With the true songsters there is little difference in the vocal organs of the two sexes, although the males of most species sing better and more continuously than the females.

DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE TO RANDSBURG Kane's Springs and Garlock. Leave Southern Pacific Arcade Depot 8:50 p.m., direct connection, no stop. Leave Arcade Depot 2:05 p.m., night stop at Mojave, taking morning stage. Through tickets, $6.75.

For Persons Suffering

With debility, exhaustion, marasmus and other wasting diseases, Anheuser-Busch's Malt-Nutrine is unsurpassed. For sale by all druggists.

THE King of Pills is Beecham's—Beecham.

TARIFF ON ORANGES.

EFFORTS MADE TO SECURE LEGISLATION ON THE SUBJECT.

California Citrus-growers' Tariff Committee Working Hard for Subscriptions — Representatives to Be Sent to Washington Next March.

In consideration of the fact that Congress is to be convened in extra session to enact a tariff law as soon as President McKinley is fairly seated in the Presidential chair, the citrus fruit growers of Southern California have started a vigorous campaign in behalf of California oranges.

The mass meeting of citrus fruit growers held in Los Angeles December 26, 1896, gave an impetus to this movement by bringing to the horticulturists of this country a full realization of the seriousness of the present crisis. The present tariff of 20 cents a box is a mere bagatelle to importers, when the cheapness of production in foreign lands is compared with the cost of landing a box of Southern California oranges in Chicago or New York.

After the great Florida freeze many of the orange growers went down into Mexico. There they could and did purchase large tracts of land admirably adapted for growing citrus fruits, at $10 or $15 per acre. Irrigation was not necessary, and labor could be obtained at 50 cents a day in Mexican money, or 25 cents according to the American standard. The freight charges for landing Mexican fruit in Chicago are no more than the cost of sending the same amount to the same destination from California.

There is not only the difference of $150 or more per acre in the actual price of land to the horticulturist of Southern California, but the heavy expense of the irrigation required to bring the fruit to perfection. Then there is the cost of picking, packing, fumigating, curing and shipping, with high-class and high-priced labor. It is no wonder that the present tariff of 20 cents a box is no check whatever upon the flood of foreign fruit that threatens to keep the California product out of the markets altogether. The growers cannot afford to compete by selling fruit at less than the cost of production.

Another great danger to the orange industry of Southern California lies in the importation of Mexican fruit infected with the dreaded orange worm. This pest is by far the most serious that has ever threatened the life and reputation of the California orange, and if it once gets a foothold there is no telling where it may end.

The large exportation of budded stock to Europe within the last few years is another reason why a protective tariff should be placed upon oranges. Washington navels are already being sent across the ocean in constantly increasing quantities, and between cheap European and cheap Mexican oranges, the citrus fruit industry in Southern California has but a small chance of future existence if the present conditions continue.

Fully realizing this, the California Citrus Growers' Tariff Committee is leaving no stone unturned to secure the needed legislation. The members of the committee are E. F. C. Klokke, Orange county; F. Q. Story, Los Angeles county; N. W. Blanchard, Ventura county; B. A. Woodford, San Bernardino county; E. P. Hollister, Santa Barbara county; T. H. B. Chamblin, Riverside county; R. H. Young, San Diego county; A. T. Hutchinson, Kern county. Of these the Executive Committee includes T. H. B. Chamblin, F.

A spirited address has been issued to all citrus fruit growers, asking for subscriptions that will enable the committee to send two or three able representatives to Washington to secure the prohibition of fruit from the infected districts in Mexico, and a duty on other foreign fruits sufficiently high to place the cost of marketing it on an equality with that of California oranges. A memorial to be presented to Congress has already received nearly four thousand signatures, and great hope of success is entertained.

CALIFORNIA EXHIBITS.

Now Being Made Ready for Coming Expositions.

News comes from the State Board of Trade that the California exhibit will go to the Hamburg Exposition by the middle of February, and Superintendent Wiggins wants every one who has anything to send across the water to confer at once with the Chamber of Commerce on the subject of getting it there. Exhibits will also be sent to Gautemala, the $10,000 appropriation having been granted by the Legislature. Fifteen or twenty firms in San Francisco have their exhibits ready to ship as soon as the final arrangements are made. Charles Bundschu is the chairman of the committee, and Carl N. Clark, No. 31 Post street, San Francisco, is the secretary.

A VICIOUS DOG.

Attacks O. W. Thacker and Severely Bites Him.

O. W. Thacker of No. 119 East Second street, had an experience with a dog yesterday evening which he will not soon forget. He was riding along Temple street on his bicycle. When in front of No. 2401, a big black dog ran from the yard and, seizing Thacker by the right leg, pulled him from the wheel.

The bicyclist was bitten in the calf of the leg and on the heel. He called at the Receiving Hospital and had the wounds cauterized.

That Happy Valley Fight.

Sam Sims, William Seeley and S. W. Lee, the three men who got into a fight at Happy Valley some weeks ago, were before Justice Morrison yesterday for sentence. Sims, who was charged with disturbing the peace, was assessed $5, but Lee's sentence on a charge of exhibiting a deadly weapon, was postponed till February 1. Seeley was found not guilty of disturbing the peace.

Baseball.

All the clubs in the City League are now on even terms for the championship, and the winners of Sunday's game between the Tufts-Lyon and Los Angeles will be in first place. The Los Angeles team will try a new battery, Thomas and Leland. Leland is late of the Pasadena club. The game no doubt will be close.

For Bribing a Constable.

Ah Quong, the Chinese lottery man who was arrested Thursday night for bribing Deputy Constable Brakesuhler, was arraigned before Justice Morrison yesterday and his examination was set for February 5.

Trial Today.

Manuel Reyes, who was arrested on Thursday by Officer Wilkinson on a charge of petty larceny, was arraigned in the Police Court yesterday, and will be tried today.

Budd Lovett's Pal.

Dan Haskell, who was arrested with Budd Lovett early yesterday morning, was arraigned in the Police Court yesterday on a charge of grand larceny, and his examination was set for today.

Merit Talks

"Merit talks" the intrinsic value of Hood's Sarsaparilla. Merit in medicine means the power to cure. Hood's Sarsaparilla possesses actual and unequalled curative power and therefore it has true merit. When you buy Hood's Sarsaparilla, and take it according to directions, to purify your blood, or cure any of the many blood diseases, you are morally certain to receive benefit. The power to cure is there. You are not trying an experiment. It will make your blood pure, rich and nourishing, and thus drive out the germs of disease, strengthen the nerves and build up the whole system.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best, in fact—the One True Blood Purifier. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills Do not purge, pain or gripe. All druggists. 25c.

THE **Standard Dictionary**

(Trade Edition) complete in one volume, bound in full sheep, with cover design by George Wharton Edwards and Dennison's patent index; price........ $13.00

At last this great work, has been placed at the disposal of the book-seller and at a popular price. For sale by

C. C. Parker, 246 S. Broadway

Near Public Library. The largest, most varied and most complete stock of books on the Pacific Coast.

you will soon be thinking of spring housepainting. Don't take any chances with paint gotten up to sell and not to last. Paint your home with "Harrison's" this time and save the expense of painting it next year—to say nothing of the appearance.

P. H. Mathews, 238-240 S. Main St., Middle of Block, Between 2nd and 3rd Sts.

Don't go on using the old formular washing powder when you can get

SOAP FOAM

And it will do twice as much work as any other. Ask you grocer for it. Comes in 5c, 15c and 25c pkgs.

BUY Gloves of a Glove House. THE UNIQUE, 247 South Spring St.

Strictly High Grade **1895 March Bicycles.** $35.00 and Up. HAWLEY, KING & CO.

Children's Cloaks and Reefers.

A large lot of Children's Cloaks and Reefers in late styles, rich materials and elegantly executed. Pretty styles and worth $4 to $6; reduced to, each, $2.50

I. Magnin & Co., Manufacturers of Ladies', Childs' and Infants' Wear. 237 S. Spring St. Mail orders promptly filled. MYER SIEGEL, Manager.

BROWN BROS.' Big Special **Overcoat Sale.** 249-251 South Spring Street.

WE ARE ARTISTS IN Making Wigs and Toupees true to nature. Detection impossible. IMPERIAL HAIR BAZAAR, 224-226 West Second Street.

The Argonaut 246 SUTTER ST., SAN FRANCISCO. Is considered by editors of newspapers—and they are experts—the best weekly published west of New York. No paper on the Pacific Slope is so widely copied as is the Argonaut. It is noted for its short stories, its bright New York and European letters, its unique Departments, and its vigorous American editorials. For the Argonaut is American first, last, and all the time. Subscribe for **The Argonaut**

M.K. SYSTEM, 342 S. Broadway. We can take no more subscriptions at present to Ladies' Home Journal, Art Amatuer and Bookman at half rates. A few more can be taken to Harper's, Century, Atlantic, Review of Reviews, and others.

BOSTON DRY GOODS STORE BROADWAY, Opp. City Hall. Wholesale. Telephone Main 904. Retail.

Kid Gloves.

First Great Special Sale of the Year.

To those who were unable to attend our great glove sale yesterday, it will be pleasing news to know that we shall continue the sale

Today, Saturday,

which will give everyone an opportunity to secure the best Gloves for the smallest amount ever known for reliable goods.

One Hundred Dozen 4-Button P. K. and 2-Clasps

At 75c a Pair

Modes, Tans, Grays, Red, Pearl White, Black Embroidered and Spear Heads.

ALSO

French Suede Mousquetaire Genuine Kid Gloves, 12 and 16-button lengths, White, Pink, Black, Nile Green. All these Gloves are strictly first class and worth from One Dollar Twenty-five to Two Dollars Fifty Cents,

At 75c a Pair.

Crombie & Co., COAST AGENTS PILLSBURY'S BEST. WHOLESALE DEALERS Minnesota, Dakota, Kansas, Washington and California **FLOURS**

H. JEVNE

GO TO JEVNE'S FOR FINE BUTTER.

It's a great comfort to know just where to get good butter, fresh from the creamery every day. "You're safe at Jevne's." Two-pound roll of Jevne's finest Creamery Butter for 45c. We make it a point to keep the best Butter and Cheese—Splendid Cheese.

208-210 South Spring Street, Wilcox Bldg.

Best for Sickness---Best for Health---Because Absolutely "Pure."

Woollacott's Gold Medal Wines. Delivered Free of Freight to the East. H. J. WOOLLACOTT, Fine Wines and Liquors. 124-126 N. Spring.

Drink Coronado Water. It is the Purest. Sold in 10 gallon tanks, iphons and bottles. Call at 204 S. Spring St., Wilcox Bl'k, and get a drink free. Telephone 1204. W. L. WHEDON, Agent.

Allen's Closing Out —Furniture Sale Prices Tell.

332-334 South Spring Street.

Ladies' Writing Desks, Fancy Rockers, Rattan Rockers, Pedestals. Parlor Cabinets, Parlor Tables, Music Cabinets, Rugs, etc., etc.

IT PAYS TO DEAL AT **Diamond Bros** The new Dry Goods Store, N. E. Cor. Main and Second Sts.

Nicoll THE TAILOR 134 SOUTH SPRING STREET. A bargain in uncalled-for garments.

A NEW GIFT BOOK.

(Copyright 1897 by Geo. W. Hazard.)
Invaluable to Invalids, 125 pages. Sent free,
By DR. T. FOO YUEN,
929 South Broadway, Los Angeles, Cal.

J. T. SHEWARD 113-115 N. SPRING ST.

No one not acquainted with the manufacture of Corsets can conceive how well made and how finely finished are the corsets we are selling for one dollar. They are far superior to the regular dollar corsets, not only in style and finish, but in quality as well. A dollar will buy as good a fitting corset as $2.50 will. There is a little more work on the higher-priced corset. They will not wear any better. We think for one dollar we have the finest corset ever made for the money.

Something cheaper? Yes, 50c. No one ever thinks of buying one for less.

We have a Good 50c CORSET, The Best We Ever Sold for the Money....

For $1.25 and $1.50 we have a few extra fine numbers made in the same proportions as the dollar goods; more work; more bones; finest materials. No better for wear, but a better corset for the price than the average. We would like for you to see these extra corsets. They are all new, and worth a close inspection.

Newberry's.

OLIVES We Are Headquarters for Pure California Olive Oil and Olives.

Black Split California......25c qt. Manzanilla.................20c qt. Green California...........20c qt. Queen......................35c qt.

OLIVE OIL Howland's California..........75c qt. Gold Seal California.............75c qt. El Montecito..........75c qt.

216 and 218 S. Spring St.

VISITORS at the HOME PRODUCTS EXHIBITION Marvel at the Excellence and Variety of Local Manufactures. **Bishop & Company** RECEIVED **First Prize.** Draw Your Own Conclusions. Manufacturers of PRINCESS SODA CRACKERS.

Cass & Smurr Stove Co 314 & 316 South Spring St — Hot Air Furnaces.

LOWMAN THE HATTER

Aaron in the Wild Woods

A NEW AND GREAT SERIAL —BY— JOEL CHANDLER HARRIS Illustrated by OLIVER HERFORD.

A Sequel to "AARON (SO NAMED) THE SON OF BEN ALI," one of the most popular books of 1896.

Will Begin Publication in THE TIMES Feb. 7—14 Installments.

As with "Uncle Remus" and "Little Mr. Thimblefinger," Mr. Harris carries his latest and most popular hero "Aaron" through a series of new and delightful adventures. All the familiar interesting characters of the first book are introduced, including the "Little Master," known as "Little Crotchett," "Grey Poney," "The White Pig," "Chunky Riley," "Uncle Fountain," etc., etc. Every one of the fourteen chapters are of vivid and sustained interest, with original scenes from Southern swamp and plantation life told in Mr. Harris's inimitable manner. "Aaron in the Wild Woods," will prove as entertaining to grown folk as to boys and girls, and is sure to prove a strong literary feature for Sunday newspapers. Mr. Herford's exquisite fanciful illustrations of the strange scenes and characters go far to enhance the value of the story.

Consumption —Cured

By the Improved Tuberculin Treatment Of DR. CHARLES H. WHITMAN.

Consultation and Examination Free, **Koch Medical Institute,** 529 S. B'way LOS ANGELES. Office Hours—9 a.m. to 4 p.m. Telephone Main 929.

BANNING COMPANY.

COAL. COAL. COAL. COAL.

Just received several thousand tons selected S. F. Wellington Coal and are selling at lowest market price. Stock up for the winter.

TELEPHONE, MAIN 36 - - 222 SOUTH SPRING STREET

CITY BRIEFS.

Today, at the Womens' League meeting, will be read an interesting paper on the garbage question by Mrs. Sarah Longstreth. The discussion on the same will be opened by Dr. Steddom. The doctor will also exhibit a Formaldhydge generator and explain its uses. A class studying sanitary law at the Southern California University will be in attendance with their teacher, Dr. Harvey. A cordial invitation is extended to all men and women interested in this subject. A full attendance of the league is requested.

Saturday the last day of the great water-damaged shoe sale at Hamilton Bros., 239 South Spring street. A large quantity of ladies' shoes that were formerly sold at $3, will be sold at 50 cents per pair today, only. These goods will not be fitted nor exchanged.

It will pay you to see the bicycles that C. M. Stevens & Co. can sell you. The famous "Paragons" and the well-known U.S.C.H. of Chicago in ladies, gents', boys and girls. Secure one today. Sale will only last a day or two longer. 435 South Spring street.

Ladies, it will pay you to call at Howells's shoe store before buying elsewhere, and look over that new coin toe, ladies' shoes, tan and black, the largest and best assortment in the city. Howells, 111 South Spring.

First Baptist Church, Sunday. Rev. J. Herndon Garnett will preach at 11 a.m. At 7:30 p.m., "Endeavor Day" exercises under the auspices of the Y. P.S.C.E. All Welcome.

The sale of A1 bicycles at 435 South Spring street, positively will only last a few days longer; you can buy as good a bicycle as made for from $30 to $35: Larson.

Sunday gospel service at the Y.W. C.A., 107 North Spring street, 3:45 p. m., conducted by Miss Emma F. Rider. All women cordially invited.

Are you likely to buy a bicycle this season? If so, go at once to 435 South Spring street, and see what you can buy there. C. M. Stevens.

Howells will have a sale on all ladies' and misses' and children slippers on Friday and Saturday. Howells, 111 South Spring street.

We have sold over 3000 bicycles since the 1st November last, and we have not heard a single complaint of any one we sold.

Concerning bikes, see the $75 wheel for 60 cents; certain grocers keep them. You will not always have the chance.

The beautiful Hotel Arcadia, Santa Monica, will reopen February 1, thoroughly renovated and newly equipped.

Remember the Womens' Leagne meeting this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock, Owen's Block, 330½ South Broadway.

Sacrificing sale of bamboo goods at Lee Kwai Sing, 336 South Spring street, is still on. Don't miss this chance.

A fish story. Take Terminal Railway to Long Beach and try your luck. Round trip, 50 cents.

Peniel Hall tonight, Mr. Hadley from the Water-street Mission, New York, speaks.

St. Vincent's College, Grand avenue; spring term begins on Monday, February 1.

Peniel Hall, Henry Varley begins meetings tomorrow afternoon and night.

Dr. Minnie Wells, diseases of women, 316 W. Seventeenth, cor. Grand.

To build up your boy see Bessing.

Van Storage Co. Tel. Main 1140.

Undelivered telegrams at the Western Union for Fillche Trujillo, Felix Jellenik, W. Rossiter, Mrs. Estelle B. Smith, Hon. W. E. Hall, Miss W. C. Crook.

THEY WERE MARRIED.

Romance of James Leach and Anna May Livenan.

Anna May Livenan, that was, and her husband, James Leach, stood before Police Clerk Gridley in the Central Police Station Thursday evening, and with flashing eyes the husband produced a document which set at rest the fears of the police that he was not the lawful husband of the little girl who stood by his side.

Both had figured in a pretty little romance, and as usual, Cupid won out. Leach is an employé of the Cudahy Packing Company and he had long been enamored of handsome fifteen-year-old Anna May Livenan. When he proposed marriage she readily consented, but there were obstacles in the way. Mrs. H. L. Smyser, the girl's sister, who lives at No. 316½ South Spring street, objected to the marriage.

Then the young couple were struck with a brilliant idea. They would go to San Pedro and board a schooner. After they were out on the high seas they would ask the captain to join them heart and hand. This was done, and Mr. and Mrs. Leach returned to this city and engaged apartments at a Broadway lodging-house.

Mrs. Smyser learned of their whereabouts and was afraid that something was wrong. She took Officer Redfearn into her confidence and enlisted his aid. The two went to the lodging-house and were assured that the couple they were in search of were living there. Neither was in, however, and the officer returned to his post.

A little later Mrs. Smyser made another attempt to locate her sister and was assisted by Officer Stewart. He ran into them at the corner of Second street and Broadway, and requested them to walk to the Police Station with them. This they did and, accompanied by Mrs. Smyser, they soon stood before Clerk Gridley.

Then it was that the young husband produced his marriage certificate, which set forth that James Leach and Anna May Livenan had been married on the high seas of the Pacific Ocean. The latitude and longitude were given and the document was duly signed by the captain of the schooner who had performed the ceremony.

After seeing this, Mrs. Smyser forgave the couple and all left the station in the best of spirits.

The Harbor Board.

The work of the Harbor Board in this field is about concluded. Commissioner Morison arrived yesterday afternoon from San Francisco and took rooms at the Westminster, where he will remain until his departure for the East. On Wednesday he will be joined by Commissioner Rodgers, who is now in San Francisco, and Commissioner Morgan, who has been staying at Pasadena, and all three members of the board will leave for Washington together, where their closing sessions will begin on February 10.

The boring and sounding operations, which have been conducted by the Coast Survey for the purposes of the board, have been transferred to Santa Monica and will be brought to an end next week.

Held for Trial.

Harry McCourt and Harry Grace, two of the six boys who were arrested on charges of burglary, were held to the Superior Court for trial by Justice Owens yesterday. McCourt's bail was fixed at $1000, while Grace was allowed to go on his own recognizance.

ALIFORNIA LIMITED ON THE SANTA FE Leaves Monday and Thursday; service unequalled, no extra fare.

VISIT WHITTIER.

The Special Legislative Committee at the Reform School.

The private car bearing Gov. Budd and the special committees from the Senate and Assembly arrived from the North at the Arcade depot yesterday afternoon at 1:30 o'clock in charge of Traveling Passenger Agent C. A. Thurston of the Southern Pacific Company. Contrary to expectations here, the party did not leave their car, and remained at the railway depot less than an hour. While there they were joined by W. C. Patterson, president of the board of trustees of the Whittier Reform School.

Shortly after 2 o'clock they left Los Angeles and arrived at Whittier at 3:15 o'clock. There they were met by Superintendent Coffin and driven, in carriages, to the girls' school, about one mile from Whittier. Under the guidance of Superintendent Coffin, the Sacramento party, which included Mrs. Adina Mitchell, one of the trustees, made a thorough inspection of this department.

From there they returned to the boys' school, where they witnessed the dress parade of the six companies and the band, buglers and fife corps. Much pleasure was manifested by the visitors at the creditable showing made by the school, and all were impressed with the value of military training in such an institution. As it was then too late to see the boys working at their trades in the shops, that part of the inspection was postponed until this morning.

Last evening the lawmakers were entertained in the parlors of the school by Superintendent Coffin. After spending the night at Whittier, the party will return to this city today in the forenoon.

DID NOT KILL BELLEW.

Three Colored Men Who Were Suspected of the Crime.

Three colored men, said by the police to be hard characters, are locked up at police headquarters on a charge of battery, but the suspicion of a more serious crime, that of complicity in the murder of James Bellew last Sunday morning, rested against them until recently.

The prisoners are George Ford, an ex-convict, and Cy and Lige Robinson. The two former were arrested last Wednesday and the latter was taken into custody yesterday.

Lige Robinson was arrested on San Fernardo street by Detectives Hawley and Auble, and Officer Bob Stewart and Detective Steele arrested George Ford. Cy Robinson was captured by Detectives Hawley and Auble. An investigation showed the men to be innocent of the Bellew murder, but a charge of battery was obtained against them, the complaintant being a young man named Bertrand, who was badly beaten last Monday morning at the corner of Second street and Stephenson avenue.

Ford and Cy Robinson pleaded guilty and will be sentenced today. The other man will be arraigned today.

The Burbank's Innovation.

Three performances will be given at the Burbank today. The first will be a morning matinée at 10:15, the second in the afternoon at 2:15, and the third in the evening. This is an innovation in amusements.

Back to Ione.

Budd Lovett, who was arrested by Deputy Constables Quinn, Menzer and Mugnemi in the Chicago lodging-house Thursday night, was taken back to Ione by Constable Harry Johnston last night.

He Had Done His Share.

[Chicago Post:] She was an elderly woman, but she was what would have been termed an "earnest worker" by people who gave time and attention to charitable work.

He wasn't particularly pleased to see her, but, of course, he was polite. It wouldn't do to rebuff her.

"We have just started such a deserving charity," she began, "I know you"—

"Really, I don't believe I can do anything more just now," he interrupted.

"Ah, but you haven't heard the scheme—the plan," she persisted.

"That wouldn't make any difference," he replied. "I have done all that I feel I can afford to do."

"But you have never done anything in this line.",

"I have helped in pretty nearly every line in charitable work there is going," he asserted.

"But this is something new. If I convince you that it is really deserving, and that you never have done anything of the sort before, may we expect a contribution?"

There seemed to be no other way of getting rid of her, so he accepted the proposition.

"Well," she explained, "the plan is solely to help young girls."

He nodded, but said nothing.

"So much is expected of girls now," she went on, "so much more than used to be expected of them, that, for want of a helping hand, some of them fall. We shall devote ourselves entirely to them. Does not the idea appeal to you?"

"It is a good thing," he admitted; "but there is nothing new about it—at least, to me."

"You have done something in that line?" she asked in astonishment.

"Yes," he replied. "That idea appealed to me early in life, and I selected one of the most deserving girls I could find, and—and"—

"Well?"

"Why, I married her, and found her even more deserving than I had expected, so I have been working on your thory ever since."

He turned to his desk with the air of a man who thought that he had done his share toward helping deserving girls along in the world, while the charitably-disposed woman gave up the fight and left without another word.

Mourning Millinery.

Our great sale of Mourning Millinery at cut rates still continues; very special bargains in Veils, Hats, Flowers and ornaments. Ladies who dress in black will find that a good deal of money can be saved by purchasing just now.

MARVEL Cut Rate MILLINERY CO.,
241-243 S. Broadway.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure

Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assures the food against alum and all forms of adulteration common to the cheap brands. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

PERSONALS.

L. A. Mendelson of Capistrano is at the Nadeau.

J. Notley and wife of Philadelphia are at the Hollenbeck.

Mrs. D. Snitzer of San José is a guest at the Hollenbeck.

Miss Beatrice Harding of Chicago is staying at the Van Nuys.

Robert H. Aiken and wife of Chicago are guests at the Van Nuys.

George J. Cato and wife of St. Louis are guests at the Van Nuys.

Arthur Wilcox and wife of Boston are registered at the Van Nuys.

D. C. Campbell and family of Chicago are guests at the Hollenbeck.

J. B. Thomas and wife of Baltimore, Md., are registered at the Hollenbeck.

George L. Stephenson and wife of Menominee, Mich., are at the Van Nuys.

Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Herr of San Francisco are registered at the Westminster.

Mrs. E. S. Coates and Miss Jennie E. Coates of Pomona are guests at the Nadeau.

J. C. Kimble and son of Oakland; E. W. Akerman and wife of San Diego are at Hotel Broadway.

Mrs. J. N. Burson of Philadelphia and Mrs. I. C. Parker and son of San Francisco are at the Westminister.

Ira E. Draper and B. C. Ward of Prairie City, Iowa, with their families, are in Los Angeles for the winter.

J. S. Henderson and wife and Mrs. J. McMullen of Oskaloosa, Iowa, are among those staying at the Hollenbeck.

A party of tourists from Dillon, Mont., consisting of J. E. Morse and wife, Misses Blanche B. and Alma N. Morse, Master Howard E. Morse and Miss M. L. Pollinger are guests at the Westminster.

Licensed to Wed.

Walter Paul Siemon, a native of Indiana and a resident of Los Angeles, aged 21, and Marguerite Georgie Workman, a native of California and a resident of Los Angeles, aged 18.

Fred C. Metcalf, a native of Kansas and a resident of Los Angeles, aged 23, and Daisy E. Hilton, a native of Iowa and a resident of Santa Monica, aged 22.

Otto Leon Wuerker, a native of Illinois and a resident of Los Angeles, aged 30, and Elizabeth Horne Kimball, a native of Illinois and a resident of Tropico, aged 25.

DEATH RECORD.

HARTNETT—January 28, 1897, Patrick Hartnett, a native of Ireland, aged 76 years.

Mr. Hartnett was the father of Rev. P. Hartnett of the Sacred Heart Church, East Los Angeles, and his funeral will take place on Saturday, January 30, at 9 a.m., from the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Catherine Hannon, corner of Orange avenue and East Washington street. Solemn requeim mass at Cathedral of St. Vibiana at 10 a.m.

BUEL—In Los Angeles, January 28, 1897, Rev. J. L. Buel, a native of Ohio, aged 82 years. Funeral from his late residence, No. 3037 Melvine street, Boyle Heights, this (Saturday) afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited to attend.

MATHES—January 29, 1897, at her residence, No. 227 Koster street, East Los Angeles, Mrs. Sarah M. Mathes, aged 85 years.

ZAHN—In this city, at No. 645 South Hope street, on January 28, 1897, Henry Zahn, aged 79 years. Funeral from C. D. Howry's undertaking parlors at 1 o'clock on Saturday.

I.O.O.F. FUNERAL NOTICE.

Members of Golden Rule Lodge, No. 160, I.O.O.F., are requested to meet in Memorial Hall, No. 220½ South Main street, on Sunday, January 31, at 2 o'clock, for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late brother, John E. A. Brent. Services will be held in the hall. By order

WM. DOWNIE, N. G.

Attest: W. P. SCHLOSSER, R. S.

Persian Shah.

AUCTION.
PERSIAN AND TURKISH RUGS
Monday, Feb. 1, 10 a.m. and 2:30 p.m.
S. Cal. Music Hall, 216-218 W. Third.
Exhibition Today and Tomorrow.
THOS. B. CLARK, Auctioneer.

THE WHITE CARNIVAL'S FAREWELL.

With the closing of the doors tonight the great sale of Under Muslins comes to a close. Everything that's left in this line of goods will be offered today at prices that are really absurd. There's still a great many bargains, especially in Nightgowns. Don't forget the Hair Dressing Department—finest service in the city.

Read These Special Saturday Prices.

There's a story of economy in every item. It's only another illustration of the greater power for low prices of the "Greater People's Store."

Special Silks. 1000 yards of Printed India Twills in all the new shades and elegant patterns, rich 50c qualities; today for.... 35c

Black Dress Goods. 15 pieces 44-inch Black Brocaded Sicilians in handsome scroll patterns, regular 65c quality; today for.... 37c

Colored Dress Goods. Elegant Crepons in plaids and fancy patterns in two-toned effects; very fine 75c qualities; today for.... 50c

Domestics. 15 pieces new novelty Dress Goods, full 40 inches wide in new and pretty colorings and a 25c value; will be on sale today at.... 16⅔c

50 pieces new Outing Flannel in medium colorings, very soft and fleecy and a 12½c value; today at.... 8⅓c

Linens. Cream Table Damask, all linen, neat patterns, wide and heavy and worth 50c; today for.... 39c

Damask Towels, size 25x50 inches, with deep colored border and two rows fine Spanish drawn work and heavy fringe, worth 50c each; today 35c, or 3 for.... $1.00

Special Hosiery. Ladies' Hose, boot style, drop stitch or plain tops. Hermsdorf dye, and worth every cent of 25c the pair. Today at only.... 12½c

Children's Close-ribbed Stainless Black Stockings. The kind you have been paying 12½c for. Today 3 pairs for.... 25c

Second Day of the Challenge Shoe Sale.

Notwithstanding the rain yesterday the great shoe sale started off with a liveliness that was surprising. No, it was not surprising considering the values given. Today we will continue the wonderful bargains. Be an early buyer.

$3.00 Ladies' Dongola Kid Button Shoes, at....
$3.00 Ladies' Vici Kid Oxfords, at....
$3.50 Ladies' Fine Kid Shoes, at....
$2.50 Ladies' Cloth Top Southern Ties, at....
$3.50 Ladies' Genuine Seal Oxfords, at....
$2.50 Men's All-calf Shoes, at.... $1.95

Special Bedding. Tan Blankets, 1¾ yards wide by 2 yards long, colored borders, well bound, good weight; worth 85c pair. Last chance today at.... 59c

Gray Blankets, 2 yards wide, 2¼ yards long, extra heavy quality, blue or red borders, well bound; worth $1.95 pair. Special today, the pair.... $1.19

Men's Hats. Choice of any Stiff Hat in our store, worth up to $4; also many of the choicest lines of Soft Hats, including advance spring styles; in our window at.... $1.69

Men's Furnishings. Men's Natural All Wool Derby Ribbed Shirts and Drawers, with full taped seams; today at.... 69c

Boys' Clothing. Boys' Zouave Suits in fancy all wool English mixtures, deep sailor collar, light or dark, 3 to 6 years' sizes; today for.... $1.89

Carriage Shades. Good Gloria Silk Carriage Shades, lined with Silk, good strong frames ann joints; a $1 value at.... 69c

Dress Trimming. Narrow Silk and Tinsel Gimps, the very latest effects and colorings; 12½c grades; today, yard.... 6¼c

Deep Cream and Irelande Laces, 6 to 10 inches wide, open patterns and 35c grades; today at.... 11c

Ribbons. 3½-inch all-silk shaded Taffeta Ribbons, every yard worth 30c; today at.... 15c

Ladies' Purses. Ladies' Combination Purse and Card Case, very new and swell, worth 35c; today for only.... 20c

Toilet Articles.
10c Whisk Broom.... 5c
20c Hair Brushes.... 5c
10c Tooth Brushes.... 5c
Hand Brushes.... 5c
Dust Brush.... 10c
Scrubbing Brush.... 5c
Sink Brush, with handle.... 5c
25c Clothes Brush.... 10c
30c Hair Brush.... 10c

Millinery. Walking Hats of the finest French felt and camel's-hair and Scotch tweeds, the newest and best shapes, with best quality trimmings; grays, browns, blues and blacks. Hats which a few days ago sold at from $1.25 to $2.25. All offered in one grand lot for today's selling at.... 75c

Sailor Hats and Felt Shapes of the finest and medium grades; blues, blacks, browns and grays; values up to $1.50, in one lot for today at.... 25c

Special Gloves. Ladies' 2-clasp Derby Gloves, with heavy embroidered backs and cable seams, many colors, the best glove for the price on the market, every pair fitted and warranted; today for.... $1.00

Tonight

From 6 to 9:30 p.m. will be "Bargain Feast" in every department. Look the offers over carefully They seem to bristle with rare value—they do. Where, in all the town, is there a Saturday night like there will be here?

Embroidery. Fine White Nainsook Embroidery, with colored hemstitched edges, something entirely new, 25c grade; tonight.... 10c

Laces. 12-yard pieces of narrow white Valenciennes Laces, regularly worth 30c; tonight, the yard.... 1c

Ladies' Elastics. Ladies' Fancy Silk Side Elastics, with silver plated trimmings, worth 35c; tonight for.... 20c

Ribbons. Fancy Ribbons, 2, 3 and 4 inches wide; special tonight, the yard.... 10c

Notions Tonight.
Sterling Silver Thimbles.... 18c
Fancy Frilled Elastic, yard.... 8c
6 papers Hair Pins.... 5c

Umbrellas. Ladies' 26-inch Gloria Umbrellas, paragon frames, genuine Congo oak crooked sticks and Dresden ball handles; $1.25 and $1.50 grades; tonight only at.... 73c

Underwear Ladies' Swiss Ribbed Vests and Pants, fleece-lined Egyptian cotton, heavy and warm; a 30c value, tonight at.... 18c

Corsets. Ladies' Corsets of black sateen and gray drilling, well boned and perfect fitting; a splendid 50c value, tonight.... 39c

Table Damask. Bleached and Cream [illegible] mask in an extra 25c quality; tonight at.... 19c

Outing Flannel. Outing Flannels in medium and dark colorings; the 5c and 6¼c quality, tonight.... 3¾c

Canton Flannel. Unbleached Canton Flannel in medium weight and good twill; tonight at.... 4c

Check Ginghams. Check Ginghams in brown, blue, green, etc., and worth 5c; tonight.... 3½c

Table Covers. Chenille Cover, 4-4 size, fringed four sides, reversible, pretty new patterns and worth every cent of 65c; tonight.... 39c

Carpet Samples. Carpet Samples, 27x36 inches, same as sold during the week at 59c; we.... 39c

Boys' Waists Tonight. Boys' Flannelette Shirt Waists with box plait back and front, dark, medium and light colors, ages 3 to 14 years; tonight for.... 15c

Boys' Knee Pants. In all-wool Cassimere, Cheviot, Tweed and fleece lined Jersey, some with double seat and knees, 3 to 16 years; tonight for.... 45c

Men's Neckwear. Tecks, Clubs, 4-in-Hands and Band Bows, all silk, new and popular styles; tonight.... 12½c

Silk and Velvet. 1000 yards of fine Silk and Velvet in changeable and plain shades, every yard of these is worth 50c; Special tonight at.... 25c

Ladies' Hosiery. Ladies' Fast Black Cotton Hose, spliced heels and toes, guaranpair tonight for.... 8½c

Drugs—Toilet Articles.
25c Royal Tooth Powder; tonight, box.... 8c
2-oz. bottle Violet Water, tonight.... 10
Felt Corn Plasters; tonight, box.... 5c

The Greater Peoples Store—
127-129-131-133-135-137-139-141-143 NORTH SPRING ST.
A. HAMBURGER & SONS.

MEN'S and WOMEN'S
Felt Slippers For Cold Feet......
M. P. Synder Shoe Co.

FIRST-CLASS MORTGAGES
For Sale at six and seven per cent. Interest paid at your own bank the day due. Nothing better. First-class in every respect.
SECURITY LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY, 223 S. Spring St., Los Angeles.

JUST RECEIVED
The Latest Styles in all Colors of
Fine Cheviot Suitings!
Made to Order from.... $17.50 Up
Fine Clay Worsted from.... $20.00 Up
Stylish Trousering from.... $4 to $8
AT JOE POHEIM'S
The largest Direct Importer of Woolens and Tailoring Establishment on the Pacific Coast.
143 S. Spring St., Los Angeles, Cal

Dr. A. J. Shores Co.
SPECIALISTS for cure of Catarrh and all Chronic Diseases for
$5 per Month
Medicines free: Consultation free. Cor. 1st and Broadway.

CONSUMPTION CURED.
DR. W. HARRISON BALLARD, 404 Stimson Block, cor Spring and Third Sts., Los Angeles.
"Fortunately I learned of your Koch Treatment and decided to try it, with most happy results, for I now consider myself cured of Tuberculosis." MISS A. SPRY, No. 1614 OrangeSt., Los Angele

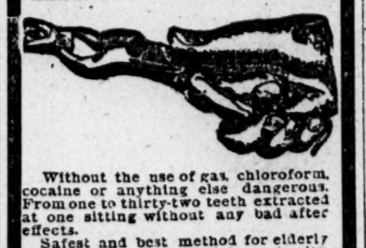
TERRY'S TEA.
Uncolored Japan, per lb.... 29c
M. and J. Coffee, per lb....
311 West Second Street.

EYE, EAR, NOSE and THROAT
L. H. Fuller, MD. Specialist, Catarrh permanently cured. Glasses correctly fitted; no charge for solid gold frames. Potomac blk., Room 17, 217 S. Broadway.

The Surprise Millinery, Wholesale and Retail, 242 South Spring St.

Los Angeles Incubators and Brooders Are the best. See them before buying. POULTRY SUPPLIES. Bone Cutters, Alfalfa Cutters, Shell Grinders, Spray Pumps, Caponizing Sets, Drinking Fountains, Poultry Books, etc. Catalogue free. JOHN D. MERCER, 117 E. Second st.

Teeth Extracted Without Pain.



Without the use of gas, chloroform, cocaine or anything else dangerous. From one to thirty-two teeth extracted at one sitting without any bad after effects.
Safest and best method for elderly people and persons in delicate health and for children.
ONLY 50c A TOOTH.
Schiffman Method Dental Co., Rooms 23 to 25, 107 North Spring St.

STRONG AGAIN New Life, New Strength, New Vigor
THE ANAPHRODISIC.
From PROF. DR. RICORD of Paris is the only remedy for restoring strength under guarantee and will bring back your lost powers and stop forever the dangerous drains on your system. They act quickly, create a healthy digestion, pure, rich blood, firm muscles, rugged strength, steady nerves and clear brain. Imported direct from Paris. Price per box, directions inclosed, $2.50. For sale by all respectable druggists. Mail orders from any person shall receive prompt attention. DR. V. CONDORY, agent and manager for U. S. A., 460 Quincy Bldg., Chicago, Ill. For sale by Thomas Drug Co., cor. Spring and Temple.

It DON'T PAY
To buy a cheap grade of cheap groceries. Our first principle is quality, madam, quality.
Cline Bros., CASH GROCERS
142-144 N. Spring Street.

FOR Poland Rock Water
Address F. L. SMITH, 500 S. Broadway Tel. 1923.

Notice

Of Sale at Public Auction.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I, William R. Staats, appointed trustee by order of the superior court, county of Los Angeles, state of California (record of civil actions of said court No. 27,315,) of a certain trust created by trust deed, recorded in the recorder's office of said Los Angeles county, in book 966 of deeds, at page 23, under and by virtue of the power and authority in me vested by said order and said trust deed, will sell at public auction on the 23rd day of March, 1897, at 10 o'clock a.m., at the Broadway front door of the courthouse of said Los Angeles county, the following described property, to wit: Lots one (1,) two (2,) three (3,) four (4) and five (5) of the Lemmert tract, as per map of said tract recorded in the recorder's office of said Los Angeles county, in book 13 of miscellaneous records, at page 35, together with the appurtenances thereunto belonging and the buildings thereon erected; to the highest bidder for cash, or for cash and one-half mortgage, payable in three (3) years, with interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.

WILLIAM R. STAATS, Trustee.

Proposals.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE Escondido Irrigation District will receive sealed proposals for the purchase of $4500, or any part thereof, of its bonds. Bids will be received at their office in Escondido, Cal., until 9 o'clock a.m., February 8th, 1897. Said bonds are of the denomination of $500 each. Payable in 10-20 years, interest 6 per cent.

A. J. WERDEN, Secretary Escondido Irrigation District.

W. L. CUMMINGS THE SHOE MAN
110 SO. SPRING ST.
Sign Brass Feet in the Pavement.

SHOE SALE.

All broken lines and Razor Toes must be closed out, read our price list carefully than come and look the goods over, you might find just what you want at about one-half regular price.

GENTLEMEN'S — Winter Tan Shoes and all of our black Razor Toes; regular price, $5 and $6; Sale price. $3.50

BOYS' — Good, Honest School Shoes; regular price, $2; Sale price.... $1.50

LADIES' — Razor Toe, fine Vici Kid, button or lace; regular $5 grade; Sale price.... $3.50

LADIES' — Dongola Button Boot, opera toe and heel, regular $2 grade; Sale price.... $1.35

LADIES' — Bead and Bow Fine Kid Opera Slippers; regular $2 grade; Sale price.... $1.00

MISSES' — Grain, Button, Extra Good School Shoes; regular $1.50 grade; Sale price.... $1.00

INFANTS' — Button Shoes, soft soles, regular 50c grade; Sale price.... 20c

City and Suburban. The South. Business.

Los Angeles Daily Times

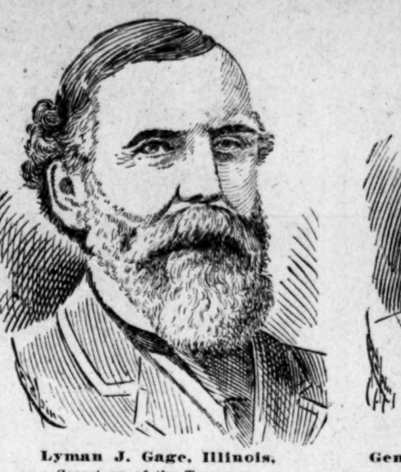
Two Parts—14 Pages. Part II—Pages 9 to 14.

XVITH YEAR. SATURDAY MORNING, JANUARY 30, 1897. PRICE: On Streets and Trains 5c. At All News Agencies 5c.

President McKinley's Cabinet—Three Certainties, Four Probabilities.

John Sherman, Ohio,
Secretary of State.

There is at least one Cabinet chair about which there is no doubt. Senator John Sherman will be the Secretary of State. He has been a conspicuous figure in public life for forty years. His long service in both branches of Congress and his familiarity with public affairs, both foreign and domestic, make him especially well equipped to conduct the State Department. Mr. Sherman was born in Lancaster, O., May 10, 1823; received an academic education, studied law, and was admitted to the bar May 11, 1844; was a delegate to the national Whig conventions of 1848 and 1852, and presided over the first Republican convention in Ohio in 1855; was a Representative in the Thirty-fourth, Thirty-fifth, Thirty-sixth and Thirty-seventh Congresses, and was the Republican candidate for Speaker in the winter of 1859-1860; was elected to the Senate in March, 1861, and reëlected in 1866 and 1872; was appointed Secretary of the Treasury in March, 1877, and served as such during President Hayes's administration; was reëlected to the Senate as a Republican, to succeed Allen G. Thurman, Democrat, and took his seat March 4, 1881. He was president of the Senate from December 7, 1885, till February 26, 1887; was reëlected in 1886 and 1892. His present term of service will expire March 3, 1899. His resignation as Senator will take effect March 1, and his successor is likely to be National Chairman Hanna. Mr. Sherman's home is at Mansfield, O.



Lyman J. Gage, Illinois,
Secretary of the Treasury.

Lyman J. Gage, who has been selected by President-elect McKinley for Secretary of the Treasury, is a financier of acknowledged ability, being one of the leading bankers and business men of Chicago. The success of the World's Fair was in large part due to Mr. Gage's untiring efforts in behalf of that great enterprise. He was one of four men who practically guaranteed that Chicago would raise $10,000,000 for the preparation of the site and the erection of the buildings, the other three men being Wirt Dexter, J. W. Doane and J. J. P. Odell. Mr. Gage was for some time president of the local board of directors of the World's Fair, but was compelled to resign by reason of the pressure of private business. He refused any compensation for the time he had spent as president of the local board of World's Fair directors, although a liberal salary had been voted for the position.

Mr. Gage is a native of New York, having been born at De Ruyter, Madison county, in that State, on June 26, 1836. His parents removed to Rome, N. Y., when he was 10 years of age, and be entered the Rome Academy, attending school there four years, which was practically all the schooling he received. His first business experience was as clerk in the Rome postoffice, and after leaving that position he became a route agent on the Rome and Watertown Railroad. He moved to Chicago in 1856, and his career as a banker and financier practically began with his acceptance of a position as bookkeeper for the Merchants' Savings, Loan and Trust Company of Chicago. He has been identified with the growth of that city for the past forty years, and has been no inconsiderable factor in the marvelous development and progress of the great metropolis of the Middle West.

Gen. Russell A. Alger, Michigan,
Secretary of War.

The name of Gen. Russell A. Alger of Michigan is familiar to the people of every State in the Union. He belongs in the class of "self-made men," having risen from poverty to affluence by his own exertions and good business abilities. His career furnishes an illustration of the possibilities of American citizenship.

Gen. Alger was born in the town of Lafayette, Medina county, O., on February 27, 1836. At the age of 11 years he was left an orphan, and worked on a farm until he was 18, attending school in the winters and afterward teaching. He studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1859. He began the practice of the law in Cleveland, but removed to Grand Rapids, Mich., on account of impaired health, and subsequnetly engaged in the lumber business there. At the outbreak of the rebellion he became captain of the Second Michigan Cavalry, and served with distinction throughout the war. At Boonesville, Miss., on July 1, 1862, he was sent by Col. Philip H. Sheridan, commander of his regiment, to attack the enemy's rear with ninety picked men. The Confederates were routed, but Capt. Alger was wounded and taken prisoner. He escaped on the same day, and on October 16 was made lieutenant-colonel of the Sixth Michigan Cavalry. He has been identified with the growth of gan Cavalry. At the close of the war Confederates. At the close of the war he resumed the lumber business in Detroit, Mich., where he has since resided. In 1884 he was elected Governor of the State, serving two years. His generous benefactions to the poor of Detroit and of other parts of the State have endeared him to all.

Gen. Alger is a man of large executive ability, and of genial temperament. He has a wide knowledge of men and affairs, gained through years of varied experience in public and private life.

John D. Long, Massachusetts,
Probable Secretary of the Navy.

Ex-Gov. John D. Long of Massachusetts, the probable Secretary of the Navy of the McKinley administration, will represent New England in the distribution of the places at the Cabinet table. Mr. Long is one of the most interesting characters among the public men of Massachusetts. He has been a successful politician and statesman, and at the same time has found the genius and time to be a successful poet, author, lawyer, singer and pedagogue, thus reminding one in his extreme versatility of the average French statesman who towers in the political, literary and scientific fields at one and the same time. Mr. Long is a New Englander of the New Englanders, of Mayflower pilgrim stock, named for a notable relative, John Davis, Governor of Massachusetts; educated in the common schools of Buckfield, where he was born, then at an academy, and lastly at old Harvard; wrote verses which he published in a collected form, entitled "Bites of a Cherry;" translated Virgil's Eneid in a style that warranted praise from the best critics; graduated in law, and at 32 a delegate to the Republican State Convention. His career as a lawyer has been very successful. He became a legislator in 1875, was made Speaker in his second term, was reëlected to that office, became Lieutenant-Governor in 1879, was reëlected, and went to the Forty-ninth Congress. He was twice reëlected, and since his retirement has been one of the leaders at the bar.

Joseph McKenna, California,
Probable Secretary of the Interior.

Judge Joseph McKenna of the United States court of California, who will be Secretary of the Interior in the McKinley Cabinet, is well known on the Coast, and popular for his fair decisions and his sturdy Republicanism. During his long career in Congress Judge McKenna served his constituents well, and when, in 1892, while he was still representing the old Third District of California, consisting of six northern counties, President Harrison made him a Federal Judge, the appointment was well received by the people. Judge McKenna is not a California product. He came hither from his native Philadelphia in 1855, as a mere child, and was educated in the common schools of this city. His collegiate course was taken in St. Augustine College, Benicia, Cal., and only one year after reaching his majority he was admitted to the bar of that State. In that very year he was elected District Attorney of Solano county. At the end of his four years' term he was sent to the Legislature from the same county. That was in 1875, and the young lawyer made a name for himself as an orator by delivering a powerful speech on the bill creating the board of railroad commissioners. In 1876 Mr. McKenna entered the wider field of national politics, and was a candidate for Congress, but was defeated by J. K. Luttrell. After a second unsuccessful candidacy he was elected to Congress by a handsome vote, and was three times reëlected. The Judge is a keen lawyer and a profound jurist.

Nathan Goff, West Virginia,
Probable Attorney-General.

Judge Nathan Goff of West Virginia, whose friends say he has accepted a Cabinet position from President-elect McKinley, will not be unfamiliar with Cabinet ways, should this be the truth. Judge Goff was Secretary of the Navy under President Hayes, and is one of the foremost jurists and ex-soldiers in the South. He was a brigadier-general of the Union army at 23 years of age, and is now in his fiftieth year. He was appointed in 1892 Judge of the United States Circuit Court of West Virginia, a post he still holds. His political career has been varied and exciting. A Republican in West Virginia, he has succeeded in being elected to high offices many times, a fact which speaks volumes for his personal worth and capacity. Defeated in 1870 and 1872 in his race for Congress, he was nominated for Governor in 1876, and was defeated after a remarkable campaign. In 1882 he was elected to Congress, and reëlected in 1884 and 1886. In 1888 he ran on the Republican ticket for Governor, and was given by the returns a majority of 100 votes over A. B. Fleming. He took the oath of office, but was not recognized by Gov. Wilson. After a long contest the election was given to Gov. Fleming. In 1892 he declined a renomination for Governor, and was then appointed Judge. He has a son, Guy D. Goff, who is a resident of Milwaukee.

James Wilson, Iowa,
Talked of for Secretary of Agriculture.

Ex-Congressman James Wilson of Iowa, who is talked of for Secretary of Agriculture in President McKinley's Cabinet, is looked upon as more than a possibility, although Gov. Hoard of Wisconsin has been actively pushed for this position by agricultural interests in all parts of the country. Iowans consider Mr. Wilson excellent Cabinet timber. He is now actively interested in the Agricultural College of Iowa, and has been one of the regents of the State University. He is a practical farmer himself, and is the owner and operator of one of the prettiest bits of farm land in the West. His farm is near Ames in this State. There is no angle of Agriculture that Mr. Wilson has not calculated, and he is devoted to the science of tilling with an ardency that is almost passionate. He was chairman of the Committee on Agriculture when he was in Congress. Indeed, Mr. Wilson's life has been given up to the study and practice of farming, and he is one of the best husbandmen in America. He is a native of Scotland and is in his sixty-third year. He came to Iowa in 1851, and has been a farmer ever since. He was sent to the Forty-third Congress, and reëlected to the Forty-fourth Congress. After a period of retirement his constituency again elected him, and he served in the Forty-eighth Congress.

BISHOP NEWMAN

GIVEN A GRAND RECEPTION LAST EVENING.

Newly Appointed Resident Bishop of California—His First Official Visit to Los Angeles.

MANY ADDRESSES OF WELCOME.

THE FIRST METHODIST CHURCH CROWDED WITH GUESTS.

Appointments Made for Bishop Newman in Southern California. Sketch of His Life and Services to the Church.

Most honored among the guests of Los Angeles at present is the Rt. Rev. John P. Newman, D. D., LL.D., recently appointed resident bishop of the Methodist Episcopal Church in San Francisco and Los Angeles. Bishop Newman reached this city Thurdsay, after a stay in San Francisco, and last night a formal welcome was tendered him and Mrs. Newman in the snape of a grand reception at the First Methodist Church.

All the church of the Southern California Conference joined in this welcome to their new bishop, and the First Methodist Church was filled to the doors with people anxious to shake the hand of the great divine, and to hear his first words of exhortation and good fellowship.

No pains had been spared to make the large auditorium a bower of beauty fit for the reception of the honored guest. The floral decorations were beautiful and elaborate. Graceful frouds of the date palm softened the outline of every pillar, and a broad frieze of pepper sprays hung from the entire semi-circle of the gallery. In front of the organ, which was wreathed with ivy, was suspended a wide band of smilax and roses, woven into a delicate lace-work on a foundation of wire net. The platform was a mass of palms and pepper boughs, relieved with huge clusters of callas and white carnations, and the open space below, where the bishop and Mrs. Newman received, was decorated with stands laden with smilax, pink and white carnations, and delicate Duchesse roses. A sofa of crimson velvet had been placed for the bishop just below the center of the platform. This was guarded on either side by tall stands of Duchesse roses and a large rug of green leaves and scarlet geraniums was placed on the floor in front.

Bishop Newman shared this sofe with the Rev. Abel Stevens, the famous historian of Methodism, who had come from the quiet home of his old age to give greeting to his friend and pupil. Mrs. Newman occupied a velvet armchair a little to the left.

Everything had been so well ordered by the Committee on Arrangements, Rev. E. W. Caswell, Rev. T. C. Miller and Rev. J. B. Green, that the whole elaborate programme passed off smoothly and quickly. After the singing of the doxology by the choir, an address of welcome was delivered by Rev. J. A. B. Wilson, pastor of the First Methodist Church. Prayer was offered by Rev. E. W. Caswell, presiding elder of the San Diego district, and then men prominent in the work of the church gave each a brief account of what was being done in the departments in which they were most interested.

Rev. J. B. Green, presiding elder of the Los Angeles district, and president of the evening, spoke in welcome to the great minister who had come to rule over the Methodists in California, and gave account of his stewardship in Los Angeles. Rev. A. C. Williams of Riverside addressed the bishop on the subject of the Southern California conference, and Rev. E. A. Healy of Asbury Church, East Los Angeles, followed with an account of the conference institutions.

Rev. O. Wilke, pastor of the German Methodist Church, spoke of the work being done in Methodism by the German-Americans, and the excellent citizens that came from this sturdy stock.

Mrs. J. A. B. Wilson read an address upon the work of the pastors' wives, and voiced the cordial welcome extended by them to the Bishop and Mrs. Newman. Leslie F. Gay was to have spoken in behalf of the laymen, but he was unavoidably detained from the reception, and his place was admirably filled by Dr. F. A. Seymour, who, with Dr. D. W. Edwards and A. E. Pomeroy, constitued the First Church Committee.

Rev. A. C. Westenberg of Santa Barbara, president of the Epworth League, gave a short address in behalf of the young people of the church, and then a burst of applause greeted the venerable bishop as he rose to respond to all these greetings.

Bishop Newman is a man of magnificent presence, and cordial and winning address. He spoke first with grave and tender reverence of the grand work of the Methodist Church, a body raised up by God to shape the destinies of nations, turning to the church at large the honor which had been paid to himself as one of the workers.

He then made graceful reference to the pioneer work done in California by the aged missionary, Father Hough, rejoicing in his present good estate and wide influence over the hearts of men. Turning to that other white-haired man who was still seated upon the sofa, from which he had just risen, Bishop Newman spoke of the inspiration which Dr. Stevens had been to him in the early days of his own ministry, and of the inestimable value which his work had been, not only to the Methodist Church, but to the ecclesiastical history of the world.

The address of each minister in turn was then taken up, and each great branch of the church work received cordial words of encouragement and cheer from the man who had risen to the front rank of her teachers.

Mrs. Newman responded to the address in behalf of the pastors' wives, speaking in a friendly, informal way to them, and closing with a charming poem of Frances Ridley Havergal's.

After the final hymn, the Committee on Introduction, Mrs. J. M. C. Marble, Mrs. Z. L. Parmelee, Rev. A. M. Hough and W. W. Beckett, M.D., took their places on either side, and introduced to the bishop the members of his flock who crowded to shake him by the hand and bid him hearty welcome. Good order was kept in the throng by the large Reception Committee, which included:

Mesdames:

D. Schieck,	W. H. Bien,
D. A. Butterfield,	C. E. Brown,
C. R. Pattee,	S. Hawver,
E. B. Smith,	A. W. Bannister,
W. B. Holcomb,	C. H. Smith,
B. N. Conway,	G. A. Grubb,
Helen J. Hough,	R. M. Widney,
I. A. Dodge,	A. E. Pomeroy,
Henry Rogers,	T. W. Brown,
S. W. Hawkins,	N. S. Harshman,
W. L. Cleveland,	J. Ginther,
L. B. King,	Miss Lillie Sigler,
G. A. Hough,	Miss M. E. Lewis,
C. S. Thompson,	

Messrs.—

H. C. Moore,	J. Petherick,
F. W. Vandenburg,	F. M. Reiche,
F. L. Fortson,	F. Maeder,
M. L. Bowman,	J. O. Lidenor,
Francis Bates,	G. I. Cochran,
Dr. E. Allin,	I. H. Preston,
G. W. Butterfield,	C. W. Lee,
R. J. Doyle,	S. P. Creasinger,
K. W. Wing,	A. C. Shafer,

The appointments made for the time of Bishop Newman's stay are as follows:

He will deliver a sermon in Simpson Methodist Episcopal Church tomorrow at 11 a.m.

The bishop will be received and will deliver an address at the Methodist Tabernacle in Pasadena, Thursday, February 4.

Sunday morning February 7, he will preach in the Methodist Church Block, San Diego. He will deliver his celebrated lecture on "Gen. Grant" in San Bernardino Wednesday evening, February 10.

Thursday evening, February 11, the bishop will lecture in the Methodist Episcopal Church at Redlands; subject, "An Evening in Jerusalem."

Sunday morning, February 14, the bishop will preach in the Santa Barbara Methodist Episcopal Church, and will deliver a lecture in the same church Sunday evening. A reception will be given him at Ventura Monday afternoon, February 15.

The bishop expects to depart for eastern appointments soon after the services in Santa Barbara. He preaches the annual sermon at Cornell University, Ithaca, N. Y., on Sunday, February 28, and opens the Washington conference March 10, the Philadelphia conference March 17, and the New England southern conference April 14.

On his return to the Pacific Coast Bishop Newman expects to come by way of Los Angeles, and will then render further service to churches in this section desiring his presence.

Rev. E. W. Caswell has written the following interesting sketch of Bishop Newman's career, which is taken from the California Independent:

"Bishop Newman was born in New York City, September 1, 1826. He was converted at the age of 16, and after acquiring an academic education at Cazenovia Seminary, New York, at the age of 22, he entered the traveling ministry in the Oneida Annual Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

"In the year 1855 he was transferred to the Troy conference, serving Amsterdam and Albany. His next appointment was Bedford street, New York City. In the year 1859 Dr. Newman made a trip abroad, visiting Europe, Egypt and Syria. Upon his return Harper Bros. published his work, "From Dan to Beersheba," a book highly prized by students of the Bible.

"He now became pastor of the Washington Square Church, New York City.

"Toward the close of the war, Dr. Newman was selected by Bishop Ames as eminently fitted to reorganize the work of the Methodist Episcopal Church in the South. He established the Southwestern Christian Advocate at New Orleans, founded three conferences, two colleges, and rendered valuable aid to the national government.

"In 1869, Dr. Newman was recalled from the South and appointed pastor of the Metropolitan Church, Washington, D. C.,—the costliest edifice in Methodism at that time. During the pastorate he was elected Chaplain of the United States Senate. At the expiration of the three years' limitation, President Grant gave Dr. Newman an appointment as Inspector of United States Consuls. He made a tour of the world, occupying about two years. It is said that his commercial reports, made from the closest and most careful observations, were the most valuable the government had ever received. On his return he was reappointed to Metropolitan Church.

"In 1879 Dr. Newman was transferred to the New York conference and stationed at Central Methodist Church, New York City. Although following some of the leading pulpit orators of Methodism, Central Church could not hold the crowds attendant upon his ministry. Moved once more by the inevitable limitation, Dr. Newman again visited Europe, and on his return, between the sessions of conference, he accepted a unanimous call to the Madison Avenue Congregational Church, New York City.

"In 1885, for a third time, he was assigned the pastorate of Metropolitan Church, Washington. In 1888, in the city where he was born, Dr. Newman was elected bishop, receiving one of the largest votes ever given upon such an occasion. Since his election, Bishop Newman has made a tour of the conferences in Japan, of the South American missions on both the eastern and western coasts. He has visited Mexico and all the European missions, as well as many of the conferences in the United States. While resident bishop in the city of Omaha, for seven years Bishop Newman performed invaluable services throughout the great Northwest."

Considering the world-wide fame of Bishop Newman as traveler, writer, thinker, author, and orator, we need not wonder that he has received a larger number of invitations to preach and lecture than any other divine, coming on his first visit to Southern California. It will be impossible for the bishop to respond to one-half the invitations received. He will depart for the East the last of February, attending conferences over which he has episcopal supervision.

Notwithstanding the bishop's exceedingly arduous duties, his immense correspondence, his numerous lectures, addresses and sermons, aiding imperiled churches and educational institutions, still he has found time for extended authorship and a multitude of newspaper and magazine articles. His most celebrated works are: "From Dan to Beersheba," issued in 1864; "Christianity Triumphant," (1884;) "Babylon and Ninevah," (1885;) "Evenings with the Prophets in the Lost Empires," (1887;) and "Supremacy of Law," (1893.)

In 1876, Bishop Newman was a member of the commission appointed to reëstablish fraternal relations between the Methodist Episcopal Church and the Methodist Episcopal Church, South. In 1881, he was elected a delegate to the Methodist Ecumenical Conference, held in London, and presented a valuable paper upon the subject of "Holiness."

Several times he has represented his conferences in the General Conference of the church. Before his election to the episcopacy he was the most widely-known Methodist in America. The great and lasting friendship existing between himself and Gen. Grant, continuing up to the close of the President's life, brought him into association with the chief public men of America, with the representative men of the earth, and gave him great influence throughout the world.

The bishop's personal appearance, dignified bearing and stately presence is like a benediction before he begins his masterly addresses. His style of oratory is similar to that of Richard S. Storrs of Brooklyn, N. Y., the chief orator of Congregationalism.

SHE FOLLOWED THEM.

A Guilty Couple Overtaken by the Injured Wife.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

PALATKA (Fla.,) Jan. 29.—Huga Benedix and a pretty brunette named Madeline Elder of Indianapolis, Ind., were two of the principals in a sensational affair in Justice Coxe's court yesterday. Benedix was engaged as a stockbroker in New York City three years ago, and Madeline Elder was employed as his typewriter. The two eloped, going to Indianapolis, where they remained until three months ago, although Mrs. Benedix was searching for them. Yesterday they were confronted by the deserted wife, who immediately made an attack on Miss Elder, and would have injured her severely if the Sheriff had not interfered. Judge Coxe held Benedix and Miss Elder under bonds of $500 each.

Fatal Collision.

ROCHESTER, Jan. 29.—Henry Schneider, conductor, and Trainman Cranston were killed in a wreck on the Buffalo, Rochester and Pittsburgh road, five miles west of Leroy, last night. Fireman McLain was injured, probably fatally. Brakeman Robert McLaughlin was pinned under the engine and badly injured. Fireman P. R. Ryan and James Carrigan were hurt. A collision occurred in a blinding snow storm, between a freight and a snowplow.

The entertainment at the Home Products Exhibition yesterday was under the auspices of the G.A.R. and W.R.C. posts of the city. The stage was decorated with stacked muskets and flags, and the band discoursed patriotic music during the afternoon and evening. The programme in the afternoon included a graceful skirt dance by Miss R. L. Dorsey, a song, "Star Spangled Banner," by Mrs. Scoville, and a vocal solo by F. A. Werth. Little Hazel Baldwin, corked and costumed like a plantation darky, gave a jolly song and dance, which was heartily encored.

IN THE EVENING.

There was a martial strain that ran through the greater part of the evening entertainment at the Pavilion last night. The veteran drum corps of the G.A.R. played all the old army marches and almost set the audience marching to the time of their drums and fifes. First they played "Marching Through Georgia," then "Jaybird," and from that they ran on through all the old familiar tunes of soldier times.

Before the programme of the Grand Army and the Women's Relief Corps began the regular bicycle races on the home-trainer were held. A series of mile-heat races for a racing saddle were the first events. The first heat was ridden by H. Shafer and Tommy Nelson, but before they had covered the entire distance the home-trainer was discovered to be out of order and the race was called off. The second heat was between George Stevenson and W. E. Brotherton. The former won in 1:54 1-5. Then the first heat was ridden over and Shafer won over Nelson in 2:08 3-5.

Before the final of the heats Hamlin and Mussey rode a mile in the contest for the prize sprocket watch chain. The race was closely contested to the last lap, and Mussey only won out by a few yards, making the mile in 1:50.

Shafer refused to ride the final against Stevenson, so the latter went alone in 1:54 3-5.

The exhibition of class training in physical culture and gymnastics by fifteen pupils under the instruction of Miss Naomi Alfrey was most entertaining. The exercises began with marching and continued with a series of carefully-drilled body movements and calisthenics. After this Miss Alfrey brought on Miss Foyer, a pupil of only ten months' standing, to show the methods of training a skirt dancer. The drill was performed to a musical accompaniment and was a wonderful exhibition of what elasticity and suppleness of muscle and bone may be developed by careful training.

Miss Foyer's rehearsal of the butterfly skirt dance was marvelously graceful and won her warm applause, and Miss Gertrude Young's dancing of the English hornpipe was very fetching.

The new scenes reproduced by the animatoscope were quite as realistic as those portrayed heretofore. The tally-ho scenes and the passing of the Buffalo express, running at the rate of seventy miles an hour, seemed to best please the audience.

To close the entertainment for the evening the Woman's Relief Corps had arranged, with the assistance of the Grand Army posts, a series of tableaux vivants. The first was the meeting of President Lincoln's Cabinet at the time of the signing of the Emancipation Proclamation. After that there were scenes of the soldier leaving for the war and his return home after years of service. The last group was called "The Wounded Soldier."

One of the most spiriting features of the programme was the blowing of the cavalry bugle calls by O. T. Thomas, who served with the Fifth Indiana Cavalry.

TODAY'S PROGRAMME.

Today will be Los Angeles Free Kindergarten Association day, and the afternoon will be filled with a children's matinée programme, consisting of selections by the Catalina Band, Mrs. Wyatt's dancing class in minuets, Spanish tambourine dances, etc., and a baritone solo by E. Harrison.

The Free Kindergarten day today will prove one of the most interesting events during the exhibition. The little tots will be gathered in one of the large rooms adjacent to the exposition hall and there grouped around tables, where they will be engaged in their plays and studies just as in the schoolroom. This will be the only occasion to witness the practical method of the Free Kindergarten system.

The programme this evening will be as follows:

March, "Col. Strachan," (Perkins.)

Selection, "Little Christopher," (Caryll.)

Baritone solo, "The Favorite," (Hartman,) by E. Harrison.

Fremont Quartette.

Bicycle races, Pasadena cyclers' night. Races under auspices of J. B. Chaffin. Final race of Baker & Hamilton prize race and award of prize.

DeLano's Banjo, Guitar and Mandolin Club, (a) "Chariot Race," (Paul;) (b) "Black America," (Zickel.) Guitars, banjos and mandolins.

Animatoscope.

DeLano's Club, (a) "American Beauty Two-step," (Lowinsky;) (b) "Phantom Dance," (Grover.) Guitars and mandolins.

Fremont Signal Corps, sabre drill exhibition.

DeLano's Club, (a) "Lorelei March," (DeLano;) (b) "Darkies' Pastime," (Rehe.) Guitars, banjos and mandolins.

Free exhibit of X rays in Howland & Chadwick's booth in balcony.

The association will receive 25 per cent. of the cash net profits at the door. The list of patronesses for the day include:

Mesdames—

M. S. Severance,	William Currier,
J. B. Fremont,	H. C. Gooding,
R. H. Herron,	J. E. Fulwood,
S. C. Hubbell,	L. C. Black,
C. C. Carpenter,	C. D. Pillsbury,
I. N. Van Nuys,	O. H. Churchill,
Ira O. Smith,	C. D. Willard,
C. E. Kregelo,	R. W. Pridham,
J. D. Hocker,	T. A. Eisen,
C. W. R. Ford,	D. G. Stephens,
O. P. Posey,	A. Lazerus,
C. M. Severance,	W. M. Stanton,
J. C. Newton,	Pasadena,
Pasadena,	J. P. Jones,
Miss McCullough.	Santa Monica.

The popular vote for the handsomest decorated booth is creating considerable interest and rivalry among the exhibitors. Each purchaser of a ticket at the box office receives a voting ticket, and after a careful inspection the vote is deposited in the boxes, securely locked and located in front of the stage. As three prizes of $100, $75 and $50, respeetively, have been offered to the exhibitors who receive the three highest popular votes, the contest is most spirited.

INTERESTING EXHIBITS.

Up in the northeast corner of the gallery the Pioneer Roller Paper Company occupies a gay little booth decorated in perforated pink and blue paper and festoons of pink and yellow tissue roses. Rolls of different kinds of wrapping paper are exhibited, and a feature of the booth is a house model roofed with the felt composition and gravel roofing which the company also manufactures.

A near neighbor is the exhibit of the California Chamois Works, of which W. J. Cook is proprietor. The little booth, which is only 7x9, contains $2500 worth of the skins. The manufactory, which has only one rival in the United States, located in New Jersey, has been established in this city for two years, and unlike the New Jersey firm, shaves its skins instead of splitting them. The chamois are all made from sheep skins and are wonderfully fine and soft. The process of shaving the skin is shown every evening by a skilled workman, and from $10 to $20 worth of samples are given every day to visitors. Mr. Cook confines his business entirely to the wholesale trade, and makes only the finest grade. Samples are shown in the natural yellow, the bleached and the delicate colors.

An interesting invention in the form of a patent pivoted window, is shown by Hipolito & Mastin, who also manufacture model window screens. With this invention, windows are easily and quickly turned inside out, bringing the outside within the reach of the cleaner, who is thereby saved the necessity of risking his or her neck balancing on a ladder or the sill.

C. Laux & Co. exhibit an assortment of California perfumes made by them in this city.

The Franco-American school of dress cutting and making, occupies a prettily-decorated booth near the head of the east stairway, and displays models of seamless princess gowns, and those both seamless and stitchless, which are made specialties in the school. There is also displayed the dressmakers' universal curve, which meets every curve of the human form and can be used on any system of cutting. Draughts are exhibited of all designs from the princess gown to the simplest jacket. In the same booth is displayed Dickey's Creme de Lis for the complexion.

One of the most artistic booths in the whole exhibition is that of Frank Schumacher, photographer, which is located in the southeast corner of the gallery. Deep crimson draperies form an effective background for the beautiful display of portraits in carbon, bas-relief, platinotype, and exquisitely-colored photographs. A fine life-size portrait of the queen of the last fiesta is one of the specially noticeable features, and there are numbers of photographs, large and small, of prominent society ladies in lovely gowns. Many of the pictures are elegantly framed, and artistically arranged as they are, the effect is extremely artistic. Pretty tables, chairs and rugs add to the general attractiveness of the corner.

A booth much patronized by the sample-collectors is that of the Foster Preserving Company, which displays a large and tempting assortment of jellies, jams, preserves, and all kinds of pickles, sauerkraut, Worcestershire sauce and ketchup, soup and tomato stock and mince meat.

The exhibit of Putnam, photographer, is separated into three divisions, and covers a space on the gallery wall, another in the stairway and a third by the entrance. The display includes some fine specimens of scenery, groups, interiors, and portraits. A photograph, four and a half feet in length, of the beautiful curve of the Santa Monica beach is an especially attractive feature. Rather a curiosity in the art of photography is the photograph, eleven feet in length, of eighty policemen, including four mounted officers, standing shoulder to shoulder.

"The Land and Its Fruits."

ORCHARD AND FARM
RANCHO AND STOCKYARD
RURAL LIFE IN SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA

Crops and Markets.

The fair weather following the rain has caused vegetation to make a vigorous growth, and according to reports from some sections to the local weather office, has brought out a few fruit buds ahead of time. Farm work of every description is progressing rapidly. Early-sown grain is showing up well.

It is believed by some that this will prove to be an exceptionally wet winter. So far, the rain has come in good shape, so as to produce the best possible effect with the amount of moisture that has fallen. The rain is especially advantageous to California just now, from the fact that wheat crops are light throughout the world, and there is every prospect that good prices will be secured for the coming crop of the State.

Oranges are going forward steadily. There has been a slight improvement in the price of first-class fruit during the week. Buyers at Redlands have been paying from $1.75 to $2.50 for navels.

Business in dried fruit has not been very lively. An enormous quantity of dried apples will be put up in the East this year, which will tend to depress the price of California dried fruit.

In prunes there are few changes. The larger size are somewhat scarce and bring full prices.

Prices of local products have been steady during the week. Barley has been rather quiet. Two shiploads of barley were shipped from San Francisco to England about ten days ago. Most of the barley that has gone to Europe recently was of the Chevalier variety, of which there is little remaining in the State.

The Fruit Exchange.

In the latest issue of the Anaheim Gazette, A. H. Cargill had a communication in regard to the attack made by the Gazette upon the Southern California Fruit Exchange in which he goes over much of the ground that was covered by The Times in its recent article on this subject. The Times offered to print any communication from fruit-growers bearing upon the subject of the policy of the fruit exchange, but has so far not received any, from which it may be concluded that the opposition to the exchange is not so wide spread as some have supposed.

In a recent article on this subject the San Diego Union makes the following suggestion as to one cause which is retarding the extension of the exchange system. These remarks are worthy of consideration:

"There is no occasion to enumerate the factors that have tended to weaken the exchange. Some of them go back a year or two, some are trivial, and none is beyond remedy. There is, however, one very serious defect in the system, and until it is removed the exchange cannot hope to attain the success which its advocates desire for it. The trouble is that practically no provision is made for rendering aid to fruit-growers who need assistance to tide them over until they receive the returns for their season's crop. The man who raises fruit is commonly not differently situated from the grower of wheat, cotton or other staples. All over the country there is a very large class of farmers who are compelled to borrow money between crops. Of course it is unfortunate that all producers are not so independently situated that they do not have to borrow. The California fruit-growers are certainly quite as independent as other classes of agriculturists, but for all that many of them require money while waiting for the returns from their orchards. This aid is commonly afforded by commission firms.

"With one or two exceptions, no provision is made by coöperative marketing organizations in California for furnishing any advances. This defect has kept many growers from joining such associations. It has also been the cause of many withdrawals. It is this lack of any provision for tiding over its members that has been the great obstacle to the fruit exchange. It is unfortunate that steps were not taken long ago to remedy this defect.

The exchange might with advtantage take lessons from the Fresno raisin-growers. In former years they tried coöperation without any provision for making advances, and it was not a success. Then they talked of freezing out the weaker growers, but this plan happily was abandoned. Finally they concluded to form an association which should care for its members and make advances to them when needed. The plan worked well, and the past season has been a success.

"It is true that one or two associations in the exchange have made advances to their members. But, generally speaking, the growers have had to wait for their money. If the exchange could arrange to advance to members, soon after the opening of the shipping season, a per centage of the value of the fruit on the trees—perhaps from 25 to 75 cents per box, according to quality—one of the greatest objections to joining the coöperative movement would be removed. Had the exchange adopted this policy a year or two years ago, its position today would be much stronger."

The San Francisco Chronicle, in its agricultural department, commenting upon the same subject, recently had the following:

"We note that a portion of the southern press attacks the Southern California fruit exchanges on the ground that the president of the exchanges is making money by reason of his interest in a certain refrigerator line which he helped to establish, and which carries the fruit of the exchanges. It is not denied that the exchanges are also making money by the operation. Indeed, it would be useless to deny it, for they are. Before the establishment of this line a certain rate was paid by the growers for the use of refrigerator cars; the new line made the same price as other lines, but gave rebates to the exchanges which last year amounted, as we remember it, to between $20,000 and $30,000, which was distributed among the growers. So much, at least, has been a clear gain to the growers as the result of the work of the president of the exchanges. We are not sure that this is not in violation of the interstate commerce law, if it was not an open rate, free to all, and that all parties to it are not liable to be put in jail, but anyhow, the exchanges and the growers got it. It is now charged that in addition to this the president of the exchanges is personally making money, either as a stockholder or an officer of the car company which he started. We know nothing whatever as to the facts in the case, but we presume that he is making money in that way, and we see no reason why he should not. The exchanges certainly pay him nothing. They have no right to claim his time, or services, except as he freely gives them. We see no reason why the unsalaried president of the fruit exchanges should not engage in any legitimate business for profit, especially when he divides what he makes with those whom he represents. We see no reason why the growers should object to his doing so, except on that principle that nobody who helps the farmers should be permitted to make a cent. We are not sure that this is not really the principle which governs farmers. It is fair to say, however, that all the attacks upon the southern exchanges which we have seen bear the marks of having been inspired and paid for."

Grossly Exaggerated Figures.

A Southern California exchange publishes a clipping from advance sheets of the coming report of Prof. Hilgard of the University of California, in which he estimates the California orange crop of the present season at 4,000,000 boxes and the lemon crop at 2,000,000 boxes.

Four million boxes of oranges would be equivalent to about 13,000 carloads. This is just about double the probable crop of the season. Several months ago, when some people were making wild guesses as to a probable orange crop of 10,000 carloads, or even more, The Times ventured the assertion that the crop would not be over 6500 carloads. The probability now is that it will be rather under than over this estimate.

The estimate made by Prof. Hilgard as to the lemon crop, putting it at about 6500 carloads, or as much as the orange crop is likely to be, is still wider from the mark. It is doubtful whether the total crop will be much more than one-tenth of that amount.

It is difficult to understand how the State University could have been led into such flagrant misrepresentation of facts, regarding which there should be little difficulty of ascertaining the approximate truth. An effort should be made to correct these figures before they are given out to the world in book form. It is not likely that the orange and lemon crop of Southern California will amount to 20,000 carloads before the end of the present century.

Citrus Fruit—Tariff and Expenses.

I. N. Hoag recently read a paper before the Farmers' Institute, on the subject of tariff on California fruits, particularly oranges and lemons. In the course of his paper, Mr. Hoag gave the following, which he called a careful and correct statement of the average cost and of the receipts for the first seven years of an orange grove:

Cost of land and water	$ 350.00
Grading and preparing to plant	50.00
Trees for one acre	100.00
Planting and staking	50.00
Capital invested per acre	$ 550.00
First year's interest	55.00
" " care	20.00
" " ass'ment on water stock	4.00
Second year's capital	$ 629.00
" " interest	62.90
" " care	20.00
" " assessment	4.00
Third year's capital	$ 715.90
" " interest	71.59
" " care	20.00
" " assessment	4.00
Fourth year's capital	$ 811.49
" " interest	81.14
" " care	20.00
" " assessment	4.00
	$ 916.63
Deduct net receipts, 10 boxes oranges	20.00
Fifth year's net investment	$ 896.63
" " interest	89.66
" " care	20.00
" " assessment	4.00
	$1009.99
Deduct net receipts, 25 boxes oranges	50.00
Sixth year's net investment	$ 959.99
" " interest	95.99
" " care	20.00
" " assessment	4.00
	$1079.98
Deduct net receipts, 50 boxes oranges	100.00
Seventh year's net investment	$ 979.98
" " interest	97.99
" " care	20.00
" " assessment	4.00
	$1101.97
Deduct net receipts, 100 boxes of fruit	200.00
	$901. 97

In this statement Mr. Hoag certainly makes his expenses entirely too high. No good can come from exaggerating these figures, in arguing for an increased duty. In the first place, $350 is a very high figure for an acre of land with water. Of course that amount, or even more, may be paid for an acre of citrus land in the neighborhood of first-class improvements, but first-class citrus land with water may now be had in Southern California for $250 per acre, or even less. This cuts off $100 from the estimated cost of an acre of orange trees. For grading and preparing to plant, $50 may be correct, although it certainly is a full price. For trees, $100 is altogether too much. Good orange trees may now be purchased at 50 cents apiece, making $50 per acre, supposing that 100 trees are planted to the acre. This cuts off another $50 from the estimate. The amount allowed for planting and staking is much too large; $25 would be ample for that purpose. This reduces the amount of capital invested per acre from $550 to $375.

Then the interest of 10 per cent. charged by Mr. Hoag, is too high. Eight per cent. is a fair rate of interest, and starting on a basis of $375 as the amount invested per acre, this brings us to $690, instead of $1009, as the cost of the acre at the end of five years, a material difference.

Mr. Hoag does not allow for any crop until the fourth year, and then only allows ten boxes to the acre, a merely nominal crop, with 25 boxes for the fifth year and 50 for the sixth year. He is, in our opinion, one year behind in these calculations. Under favorable conditions, a grove of navel orange trees, three years from planting two-year-old trees, should yield at least ten boxes to the acre, at least twenty-five boxes the following year, and the fifth year, according to the experience of a number of growers, an orange grove should take care of itself, whereas, according to Mr. Hoag's figures, it would not do so until the seventh year.

The Times goes into this matter at some length because such statements as this are likely to be extensively copied, and thus create a false impression.

In regard to duty, Mr. Hoag, in his paper, recommended a duty of 50 cents per standard box of two cubic feet. This is a more reasonable amount than has been asked by some California growers, who have been demanding a duty of 45 cents per cubic foot, equivalent to about 90 cents per box, a rate of duty that is preposterously high, from the standpoint of eastern people, and one which there is no probability that Congress would grant. The growers in the northern part of the State have been more reasonable, asking for a duty of 20 cents per cubic foot. Congressman Bowers, when he received the request to ask for a duty of 50 cents per cubic foot, or $1 per box, wrote back that he would ask for 25 cents, which was as much as he thought there was any chance of getting. In this case Mr. Bowers was undoubtedly right. To show the folly of attempting to get such a duty as 90 cents per box, it is only necessary to mention that before the McKinley law went into effect, the duty on oranges was 15 cents per cubic foot, or 30 cents per box; the McKinley law reducing it to 12 cents per cubic foot, and the Wilson tariff reducing it still further, to 8 cents per cubic foot. Now, if we could succeed in getting the duty fixed at 25 cents per cubic foot, or 50 cents per box, which is twice the amount of duty received under the McKinley law, we should be doing very well.

Agriculture at Chaffee College.

The announcement is made that an agricultural department is to be added to Chaffee College, at Ontario. The new departure owes its inception to S. M. Woodbridge, who has furnished the college with a laboratory. This college has always been understood to partake more or less of an agricultural character, but, in fact, it has been to a great extent merely a preparatory school for the Methodist college at the university. Under proper management, this new agricultural department should prove of decided benefit to the fruit-growers of Southern California. It is stated that there will be an experiment station on the lines laid down by eastern colleges, covering twenty acres. Any farmers in the southern counties will be offered an opportunity to carry on tests on their own land, under the supervision of the superintendent and chemist of this new agricultural department.

Frosts at Riverside.

The orange-growers at Riverside have shown a praiseworthy determination this year to do everything possible toward protecting their groves from frosts. This is much better than to ignore the fact that frost occasionally visits the lower section of that settlement. Possibly, the course of The Times in describing the actual facts of the case last season has had something to do with the change of this front on part of Riverside growers. Commenting upon this matter, the Bakersfield Californian says:

"It is interesting to note that our Riverside contemporaries are devoting large space to the 'great problem of frost prediction and frost protection.' Time was, say about that memorable period when the frosted oranges were plowed under at the suggestion of a well-known newspaper man, when for an average Riversider to merely suggest that there was danger of damage from frost was considered treason of the deepest dye, and no punishment was too severe. The papers themselves indignantly denied that the temperature ever could, would or had, reached a damaging stage. But now all this is changed. The truth is recognized, and, as stated, one of the leading topics of discussion now is frost protection."

The Government Seed Distribution.

While the legislators of California are being criticised for their extravagance in furnishing light jobs to political deadheads, at the expense of the people, the question of extravagance on the part of the national legislators in voting a large sum of money for a useless seed distribution should not be lost sight of.

In spite of the severe criticism of this practice by Secretary Morton, the Agricultural Appropriation Bill recently presented to the House of Representatives, carries an appropriation for the purchase and distribution of seeds amounting to $120,000, and the Secretary is directed to expend the appropriation. Secretary Morton made no estimate for this expenditure, and, as in former bills, it was inserted without his sanction. It should be generally understood by the people that this distribution of seeds serves no useful purpose. It is simply a wasting of the people's money for the purpose of enabling Congressmen to keep on good terms with their constituents.

POULTRY

The Johannesburg News says that there is a good opening in the Rand mining district for poultry raising. That paper states that it is almost impossible to get poultry for the local market, the demand greatly exceeding the supply. Poultry sells at $6 per dozen—not such a very high price—and eggs at from 30 to 40 cents per dozen all the year round. The News fails to state, however, how much chicken feed costs in that section.

LIVE STOCK

With the extensive dairy and wool interest of this Coast, and the abundance of hog feed as a rule, there will never be a necessity for a shortage in the supply of beef, mutton or pork. Based on the assessment rolls of the different counties, there are 320,000 dairy cows in this State. From these can be produced 150,000 bullocks a year, and the production of dairy cattle is steadily on the increase.

THE DAIRY

The Cheese Industry of New York State is a 5-cent bulletin which can be had by inclosing the price to the Superintendent of Documents, Washington. It names the Raines liquor law of New York, which forbids saloons to offer free lunches, as one of the "causes of discouragement" to the dairy industry of that State. It closes an annual market for 15,000,000 pounds of cheese, which, at 8 cents a pound, would amount to $900,000.

GENERAL AGRICULTURE

The American Cultivator advises owners of small farms in the East to coöperate in the ownership of farm machinery and thereby enable themselves to compete with the large Western farmers who all use such machinery. The Chronicle says:

"We do not see how it can be done. When the ground is right or the weather suits the planting or harvesting must be done by all. They cannot wait for the machine when the ground is drying up in the spring or showers are threatened in harvest time. There are limitations even to coöperation."

Mr. Mills, the Mathematician.

[San Francisco Examiner, January 28, 1897:] A month ago W. H. Mills circulated through all the railroad organs of the State this formal announcement of the results that must follow the foreclosure of the Government's lien on the Pacific roads:

"The first mortgage, which must be discharged before the government can have recourse against the property, being $58,000,000, and the reasonable valuation of the property being $71,000,000, the equity of redemption is by fair deduction valued at $13,000,000, and it is this equity of redemption which the government may dispose of by foreclosure. It is this margin of valuation between the actual value of the roads and the actual first mortgage incumbrance upon which the government must rely for the collection of the $121,000,000 now due. . . . It is, therefore, not only probable, but actually conclusive, that the proposition to foreclose the government's claim and sell it at auction means to discharge the debt of $121,000,000 by the payment of whatever the government claim would bring at auction. The actual value of the equity of redemption cannot exceed $13,000,000."

Mr. Mills asserted, as an indisputable mathematical truth, that the value of the government's interest in all the roads combined did not exceed $13,000,000. The Morgan syndicate has just offered $45,754,000 as a minimum bid for the government's claim on the Union and Kansas Pacific alone, and the Attorney-General expresses the opinion that higher bids may be received at the sale. There will doubtless be offers at least as favorable for the Central Pacific. Thus, even if the government should be so weak as to accept less than the face of this claim, it is reasonably sure of eighty or ninety million dollars, instead of the thirteen millions which Mr. Mills asserted to be the full value of its equity.

We are willing to give Mr. Mills the benefit of any reasonable explanation of his misstatement. Would he prefer to have it credited to paresis or to prevarication?

[Persons who are curious to read the letter of Mr. Mills in full can find it in the files of the Los Angeles Evening Express.]

HAD A GALVANIC BATTERY.

Francisco Nava's Possession Lands Him in the City Jail.

Francisco Nava was arrested yesterday afternoon at the corner of First and Los Angeles streets by Detective Steele and Officer Vignes and was locked up on suspicion.

Nava had in his possession a box containing a medical galvanic battery, which he claimed he had found in a deserted house somewhere in the city. He spent yesterday morning trying to sell his treasure, of which he said he did not know the nature, to a number of second-hand dealers on Main street. At that time he was suspected, but he escaped notice for a time by changing his costume from a brown duck to a blue flannel coat.

Nava is said to be the man who stole five or six window-sashes from the Figueroa about two weeks ago. At that time the proprietor, Paul H. Lemmert, caught a man in the act and started with him in his buggy to police headquarters. Just as they were turning a corner, the Mexican jumped out of the buggy and made good his escape in the darkness of the evening.

Rainfall to Date.

The rainfall for yesterday's storm up to noon was 0.32 inches, making a total for the season to date of 8.80 inches. For the corresponding period last year the record was 5.05 inches.

The rainfall up to date for the last eighten years was: For 1878, 10.93; 1879, 12.76; 1880, 9.98; 1881, 3.04; 1882, 4.49; 1883, 3.99; 1884, 9.38; 1885, 8.06; 1886, 9.01; 1887, 8.71; 1888, 12.04; 1889, 25.90; 1890; 8.52; 1891, 2.05; 1892, 9.79; 1893, 11.73; 1894, 7.03; 1895, 6.49; 1896, 7.72.

The average is 9 inches for nineteen years.

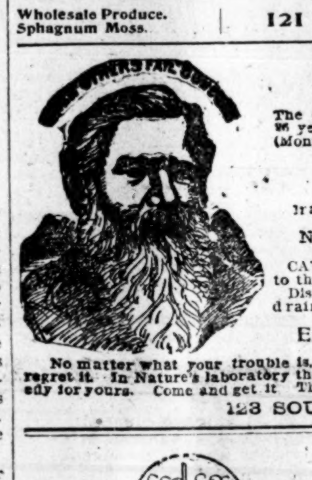
TO BEST SEE SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA
Take the Orange Belt line of the Southern Pacific Company. Leave Arcade Depot 8 a.m.; three hours in Redlands, one hour in San Bernardino, two hours and twenty-five minutes in Riverside. Arriving on return, Los Angeles, 8:20 p.m. Tickets admit of stop-over.

Effervescent—Palatable
TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT. TRADE MARK REGISTERED
Superior in action and effect to all other aperients.
A refreshing remedy for the cure of Constipation, Biliousness and Sick Headache.
TARRANT & CO. Chemists New York
50c. and $1.00. All Druggists.

The CHASE NURSERY COMPANY RIVERSIDE, CAL.
TREES ORANGE, LEMON AND GRAPE FRUIT
APPLE APRICOT ALMOND PEAR PRUNE PLUM PECAN WALNUT OLIVE
175 ACRES IN CULTIVATION.
LARGEST CITRUS NURSERY IN AMERICA.
Inspection and Correspondence Solicited.

NILES PEASE, Telephone Main 338
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in FURNITURE
Carpets.... Lace and Silk Curtains, Blankets and Comforts, Portieres, Oilcloths, Window Shades, Linoleums, Mattings, etc., Baby Carriages.
337-339-341 South Spring St.
SPECIAL LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

WHOLESALE WM. CURRER & SON, RETAIL
SEEDS ALWAYS RELIABLE SEEDS
Wholesale Produce. Sphagnum Moss. | 121 S. Main St. | Berry Plants Nursery Stock.



DR. LIEBIG & CO.
The old reliable, never-failing Specialists, established 26 years. Dispensaries in Chicago, Kansas City, Butte (Montana), San Francisco and Los Angeles at:
123 South Main Street.
In all private diseases of Men
Not a Dollar Need Be Paid Until Cured
CATARRH a specialty. We cure the worst cases in two to three months.
Discharges of years' standing cured promptly. Wasting drains of all kinds in man or woman speedily stopped.
Examination, including Analysis, Free
No matter what your trouble is, nor who has failed, come and see us. You will not regret it. In Nature's laboratory there is a remedy for every disease. We have the remedy for yours. Come and get it. The poor treated free on Fridays from 10 to 12.
123 SOUTH MAIN STREET.

THIS IS NOT OUR WAY.

THIS IS OUR WAY OF FITTING GLASSES.
You can tell the difference at a glance: as perfect as our frames are adjusted to your face, so are our lenses fitted to your vision. Fitting of lenses and frames is our life study—our exclusive business—It may be to your interest to come and see us should you require glasses. We test the eyes free of charge and grind your lenses specially for you on our premises.
Our prices are very low—Solid Gold Frames from $1.75 up.
S. G. Marshutz OPTICIAN 245 S. Spring Established 1886. Look for CROWN on the window.

Unscrupulous Parties
Are Offering So-called
EUCALYPTUS LOZENGES
In bulk, and are thereby deceiving the public and imposing a hardship on the invalid. Each and every package of GENUINE EUCALYPTUS LOZENGES bears the following cut:

Free samples furnished by Mission attendant
At the Home Products Exposition.
For sale at all Drug Stores.

BANKS.

Oldest and Largest Bank in Southern California.
Farmers' and Merchants' Bank of Los Angeles, Cal.
Capital (paid up) $500,000.00
Surplus and reserve 875,000.00
I. W. Hellman, President; H. W. Hellman, Vice-President; H. J. Fleishman, Cashier; G. Heimann, Assistant Cashier.
Directors—W. H. Perry, O. W. Childs, J. F. Francis, C. E. Thom, I. W. Hellman, Jr., H. W. Hellman, A. Glassell, T. L. Duque, I. W. Hellman.
Special collection department. Correspondence invited. Safe deposit boxes for rent.

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK.
New Location, N. E. Corner Main and Second Streets.
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MAURICE S. HELLMAN ......Vice-President
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5 per cent. interest paid on Term, 3 per cent. on Ordinary Deposits.
Open Saturday evenings from 7 to 8 o'clock, to receive deposits.

M. W. STIMSON, Pres. WM. FERGUSON, Vice-Pres. W. E. McVAY, Cashier.
Open an Account with the
UNION BANK OF SAVINGS,
223 SOUTH SPRING ST., Los Angeles, Cal.
DIRECTORS:
M. W. STIMSON, WM. FERGUSON, R. M. BAKER, S. H. MOTT, A. E. POMEROY, R. H. F. VARIEL.
5 per cent. Interest paid on Term Deposits.

GERMAN AMERICAN SAVINGS BANK,
N.E. Cor. Main and First Streets, Los Angeles, Cal.
Capital Paid Up...$100,000. Surplus and Undivided Profits...$43,300.
OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS: VICTOR PONET, Pres.; L. W. BLINN, First Vice-Pres.; C. N. FLINT, Second Vice-Pres.; M. N. AVERY, Cashier; P. F. SCHUMACHER, Asst. Cashier; E. Eyraud, Dr. Joseph Kurtz, C. Brode, H. W. Stoll.
Five per cent. interest paid on term, and 3 per cent. on ordinary deposits.
Open Saturday evenings from 7 to 8 to receive deposits.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF CALIFORNIA.
Capital and Profits, $270,000.00.
OFFICERS:
J. M. C. MARBLE ......President
O. H. CHURCHILL ......Vice-President
H. M. LUTZ ......Vice-President
A. HADLEY ......Cashier
JOS. D. RADFORD ......Assistant Cashier
R. I. ROGERS ......Assistant Cashier
DIRECTORS:
J. M. C. MARBLE, O. T. JOHNSON, NELSON STORY, N. W. STOWELL, W. S. DE VAN, FRED O. JOHNSON, O. H. CHURCHILL, JOHN WOLFSKILL, GEORGE IRVINE, E. F. C. KLOKKE, M. H. SHERMAN, T. E. NEWLIN, A. HADLEY.

MAIN-STREET SAVINGS BANK—
Junction Main, Spring and Temple streets (Temple Block,) Los Angeles.
CAPITAL, PAID UP $100,000
Officers and Directors: T. L. Duque, president; I. N. Van Nuys, vice-president; B. V. Duque, cashier; H. W. Hellman, Kaspare Cohn, H. W. O'Melveny, J. B. Lankershim, O. T. Johnson, Abe Haas, W. C. Kerckhoff.
Money Loaned on Real Estate.
Five per cent. interest paid on term deposits.

LOS ANGELES NATIONAL BANK, UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY.
Capital $500,000.00
Surplus 45,000.00
Total $545,000.00
GEO. H. BONEBRAKE ......President
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F. C. HOWES ......Cashier
E. W. COE ......Assistant Cashier

FIRST NATIONAL BANK —OF LOS ANGELES.—
Capital stock $400,000
Surplus and undivided profits over 250,000
J. M. ELLIOTT ......President
W. G. KERCKHOFF ......Vice-President
FRANK A. GIBSON ......Cashier
G. B. SHAFER ......Assistant Cashier
DIRECTORS: J. M. Elliott, J. D. Bicknell, J. D. Hooker, F. Q. Story, Wm. G. Kerckhoff, H. Jevne, W. C. Patterson.
No public funds or other preferred deposits received by this bank.

LINES OF TRAVEL.

LOS ANGELES TERMINAL RAILWAY—
—In effect—
SUNDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1896.

Leave Los Angeles for		Leave for Los Angeles
7:30 am	Pasadena	8:15 am
9:30 am	"	10:50 am
12:40 pm	"	1:20 pm
3:20 pm	"	4:35 pm
5:20 pm	"	6:00 pm
9:30 am	Altadena	10:30 am
3:20 pm	"	4:15 pm
7:25 am	Glendale	8:00 am
11:30 am	"	12:05 pm
5:05 pm	"	5:42 pm
9:00 am	San Pedro	7:28 am
1:10 pm	Long Beach & San Pedro	11:15 am
5:05 pm	Long Beach & San Pedro	3:45 pm

Trains connecting at Altadena for —MOUNT LOWE RAILWAY—
Leave Los Angeles at 9:30 am 3:20 pm
Fine Pavilion. New hotel. Grand Scenery. Telescope and Search-light.
City Ticket office at A. B. Greenwald's cigar store, corner Second and Spring streets, and Wilmington T. Co., 222 South Spring street.
Depots east end First-st. and Downey-ave. bridges. General offices, First-st. depot.
S. B. HYNES, General Manager.

LINES OF TRAVEL.

Oceanic S.S.Co (Spreckels' Line.)
S. S. Monowai sails Feb. 4, 2 p.m., for Honolulu, Auckland, Apia and Sydney.
S.S. Australia sails Feb. 23, 2 p.m., for Honolulu only.
HUGH B. RICE, Agt., 122 W. Second St.

MOUNT LOWE RAILWAY TIME-CARD,
—In effect—
—NOVEMBER 3, 1896.—
Cars for Echo Mountain and Alpine Tavern leave Los Angeles via Pasadena and Los Angeles Electric Railway as follows:
9:00 a.m. 10:30 a.m. 3:00 p.m.
—Returning, arrive at Los Angeles—
11:30 a.m. 5:30 p.m.
Via Los Angeles Terminal Railway, leave Los Angeles at
9:30 a.m. 3:20 p.m.
Returning, arrive at
11:18 a.m. 5:00 p.m.

JAPAN, CHINA AND HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.
Special arrangements. Jan. 26, Feb. 13-23, March 4, April 1. Illustrated programmes free on application.
THOS. COOK & SON.,
621 Market St., San Francisco. H. B. RICE Agt., 122 W. Second St., Los Angeles.

PACIFIC COAST STEAMSHIP CO.
Steamers leave Redondo at 11 a.m. and Port Los Angeles at 2:20 p.m. for San Francisco, via Santa Barbara and Port Harford (San Luis Obispo:)

	Jan.	Feb.
Santa Rosa	4, 12, 20, 28	5, 13, 21
Corona	8, 16, 24	1, 9, 17, 25

Steamers leave San Pedro and East San Pedro for San Francisco, via Ventura, Carpinteria, Santa Barbara, Gaviota, Port Harford, Cayucos, San Simeon, Monterey and Santa Cruz:

	Jan.	Feb.
Eureka, 6:30 p.m.	1, 9, 17, 25	2, 10, 18, 26
Coos Bay, 6:30 p.m.	5, 13, 21, 29	6, 14, 22

Steamers leave Port Los Angeles at 6 a.m. and Redondo at 11 a.m. for San Diego. Steamer Corona will also call at Newport (Santa Ana:)

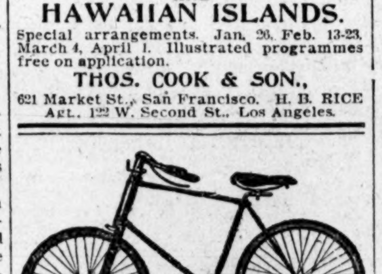
	Jan.	Feb.
Santa Rosa	2, 10, 18, 26	3, 11, 19, 27
Corona	6, 14, 22, 30	7, 15, 23

The company reserves right to change without previous notice steamers, sailing dates and hours of sailing. Cars connect with steamers via San Pedro leave S.P.R.R. (Arcade Depot) 5:05 p.m. and Terminal Ry. depot 5:05 p.m.
Cars connect via Redondo leave Santa Fe depot 10 a.m. or from Redondo Ry. depot 9:30 a.m.
Cars connect via Port Los Angeles leave S.P.R.R. depot 1:35 p.m. for steamers northbound.
W. PARRIS, Agt., 124 West Second st., Los Angeles.
GOODALL, PERKINS & CO., Gen. Agts., San Francisco.

LOS ANGELES AND REDONDO RAILWAY —COMPANY.—
Los Angeles Depot, corner Grand avenue and Jefferson street.

Leave Los Angeles for Redondo.	Leave Redondo for Los Angeles.
9:30 a.m. daily	8:00 a.m. daily
1:30 p.m. daily	11:00 a.m. daily
5:00 p.m. daily	3:45 p.m. daily

Take Grand-avenue electric, or Main-street and Agricultural Park cars.
L. J. PERRY, Superintendent.


Large consignment of High Grade Bicycles to be sold less than half price.
BURKE BROS., 456 S. Spring St.

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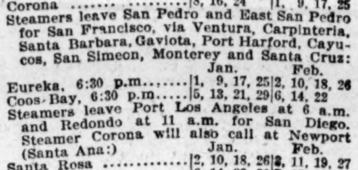
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Kreiter & Marsh are the Parry Shirt Company
Hatters and Men's Furnishers.
120 SOUTH SPRING STREET.

Floral Funeral Designs.
REASONABLE PRICES.
SO. CAL. FLORAL CO.,
No. 255 South Spring St., opposite Stimson Block. Morris Goldersen, Manager.
TELEPHONE 1218.

Facial Blemishes.
The largest establishment in California for the special treatment of Superfluous Hair, Moles, Warts, Birthmarks, Red Nose, Red Veins, Oily Skin, Acne Pimples, Blackheads Scars, Bleaching, Facial Development, Etc
MRS. SHINNICK, 323 South Broadway.
Electrolysist and Complexion Specialist.

The WEILL TRACT offers LOTS
On 8th, 9th and 12th Sts. near Central Ave. car line.
$300, $325, $350, $375.
Terms—$25 cash and $10 per month. We charge no interest on deferred payments
RICHARD ALTSCHUL, Sole agent Alexandre Weill Tract, 408 S. Broadway.

NO Better Desks on the market.
FURNITURE. Carpets and Stoves.
Largest house of its kind in Southern California
I. T. MARTIN,
531-533 S. Spring St

The Fraternal Field.

Masonic.

The officers of Pomona Lodge, No. 246, F. and A. M., were installed last Saturday night by Past Master W. T. Martin as installing officer.

A large class of novices will be conducted across the burning sands of the desert by Al Malaikah Temple Nobles of the Mystic Shrine next Friday night at the temple. The ceremonies will be followed with a banquet.

At a regular meeting of the Masonic Board of Relief the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, Samuel Prager; Vice-President, John Dunsmoor; Secretary, C. W. Blake; Treasurer, J. C. Cunningham; Messrs. Prager and Blake were re-elected.

The proceedings of the last session of the Grand Lodge of California are being sent out to those entitled to receive them. This is the earliest the proceedings have ever been sent out after the close of a sssion, and Grand Secretary Johnson is being commended for his promptness.

The funeral of Dr. Orswell A. Wheeler, one of the prominent citizens of Monrovia, was held in that place last Sunday under Masonic auspices, the sermon being delivered by Rev. Dr. Conger of Pasadena.

Elaborate preparations are being made by the Scottish Rite bodies of the city for the dedication of their new cathedral on Washington's borthday. Masons of high degree from all parts of the State will be present. Thomas H. Caswell, thirty-third degree, Supreme Commander A. and A. S. R. of the southern jurisdiction, will assume charge of the ceremonies, assisted by W. F. Pierce, thirty-third degree, Inspector General, and Charles F. Crocker, Grand Commander of the Grand Consistory of California.

An interesting event in California Lodge No. 1, F. and A. M., is the annual visit of William S. Moses, dressed in the garb of the miner Mason. He is the oldest living Mason, with one exception, in Masonic service in the State. He visited the lodge in question last week, wearing the emblematic apron his father wore in 1821 in New York, and otherwise dressed as the miners of California were in 1850. Mr. Moses also enjoys the distinction of being the only Mason in California upon whom the order of the Grand Cross has been conferred by the Supreme Council of the Southern Jurisdiction of the United States. There are but four others in the United States upon whom this order has been conferred.

Los Angeles Chapter, No. 33, R. A. M., conferred the royal degree on Wednesday evening, and Signet Chapter the most excellent degree Tuesday evening.

Pentalpha Lodge, No. 202, F. and A. M. conferred the third degree Monday night, and Southern California Lodge the same degree Wednesday night.

E. Y. Chevalier, an old resident of Riverside, who died from the effects of injuries on Monday, was buried on Wednesday under the auspices of the Riverside Lodge.

District Inspector C. L. Ennis went to Alhambra Tuesday and installed the following officers of Alhambra Lodge, No. 322, F. and A. M.; W. H. Whittemore, W.M.; H. L. Hausecombe, S.W.; N. W. Thompson, J. W.; James J. Rich, Treasurer; E. B. Stuart, Secretary; O. O. Witherbee, S.D.; D. W. March, J. D.; H. P. Ware, Marshal; Robert Patiol, S.S.; James McDonough, J.S.; Neal Sorensen, Tyler.

Los Angeles Commandery, No. 9, K. T., conferred the Order of the Temple Thursday night.

Odd Fellows.

Karl Stromson, D.D.G.M., and about twenty members of Embarcadero Lodge, No. 348, of San Pedro, visited Bohen Lodge, No. 138, of Wilmington on the 21st, and installed the officers of the latter lodge. A banquet and social session followed the ceremonies.

An elaborate celebration of the seventy-eighth anniversary of the order is being planned at Santa Barbara on April 26. The principal oration will be delivered by Past Grand Master William H. Barnes.

Grand Patriarch Doran visited Galt, Sacramento, Marysville, Petaluma, Vallejo, and Napa this week. Next Monday he will visit Santa Rosa, and will be with Magnolia Encampment of East Los Angeles Thursday night. On the 5th he will visit San Bernardino and the 6th Santa Ana.

Next Tuesday evening the five lodges composing the thirty-fifth district will meet at the hall of East Side Lodge for the purpose of organizing a district degree team. A team will also be organized soon by the four lodges of district No. 30. The district comprises East Side, Semi-Tropic, America, Hofer and San Fernando lodges.

Santa Monica Encampment, No. 95, had degree work Tuesday night by the new officers who were installed on the evening of the 22d.

Semi-Tropic Lodge, No. 371, conferred the degree of truth on seven candidates Tuesday night. The attendance was large, including about fifteen visiting members.

The officers-elect of Riverside Lodge gave an oyster supper to the members of the lodge after the installation on Tuesday night.

San Antonio Encampment, No. 8, of Pomona will have degree work next Monday night Grand Patriarch Doran will visit the encampment on February 8.

Canton Orion, No. 12, gave a banquet to Canton Los Angeles, No. 27, Thursday night, at the conclusion of a drill. Numerous toasts were made.

The funeral of J. A. E. Brent of Golden Rule Lodge will be held under the auspices of that lodge Sunday afternoon.

The Rebekahs.

Mrs. Frank Rogers installed the officers of Santa Ana Lodge last week.

Arbor Vitae Lodge, No. 83, initiated two candidates Tuesday night.

Columbia Lodge, No. 194, held a nice programme under good of the order Monday night, the principal feature being the remarks of J. H. Gingery.

Una Lodge, No. 172, will give a sheet and pillow-case, party at Memorial Hall next Saturday night.

Eureka Lodge, No. 128, gave a hard times social at the hall on Downey avenue Wednesday night, for the benefit of the family of one of its members. The costumes were strictly in keeping with the nature of the affair. Prizes for the best sustained characters were awarded to Miss Dora Gregory and J. H. Kreiger, personating a school girl and miner respectively. Dancing followed the award of prizes.

Knights of Pythias.

The Supreme Tribunal will convene at Indianapolis next Wednesday.

Gauntlet Lodge, No. 129, conferred the page rank on two candidates Monday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Muller of San Pedro presented the Seaside Temple Rathbone Sisters, No. 30, with a full set of 'officers' and members' jewels last week.

Pasadena Company Uniform Rank has elected the following officers: Captain, P. A Collins; First Lieutenant, George Hollaway; Second Lieutenant, H. S. Morse; Recorder, R. L. Fisher; Treasurer, F. S. Hearn; Right Guide, George Sanderson; Left Guide, A. W. ...in.

An effort is being made to organize a Past Chancellors' Association in the city.

Los Angeles Lodge, No. 205, conferred the rank of page on three candidates last week, and the Esquire rank last night.

The funeral of George W. Watson, Past Grand Chancellor of Arkansas, was held at the residence of his sister, Miss H. J. Watson, Prospect Park, Wednesday afternoon, under the auspices of the local knights, who attended in goodly numbers. The deceased was also a Knight Templar and and an Odd Fellow. The interment was at Rosedale.

Theodore Zeigler tendered his resignation as Master of Finance of Marathon Lodge Tuesday night, and L. C. Preston elected to the vacancy.

Marathon Lodge, as a diversion under good of the order, has inaugurated a query box, in which a committee looks up and endeavors to answer all questions of interest to the order.

Los Angeles Lodge, No. 205, contemplates conferring the Knight rank in amplified form, with the Uniform Rank assisting, next Friday night. Invitations have been sent to all the lodges in the county. Refreshments will be served at the conclusion of the ceremonies.

The Maccabees.

The total membership of Los Angeles Tent, No. 2, K.O.T.M., on January 1, was 622. It has $2130 deposited in the bank to the credit of the building fund, and a credit balance of $697.85 for the sick and accident fund.

The following officers of Santa Ana Hive, No. 7, L.O.T.M., were installed Tuesday evening: Mrs. L. M. Devore, P.C.; Mrs. George Peters, L.C.; Mrs. Galbraith, L.C.; Miss Morgan, Sergeant; Mrs. Spencer, Sentinel; Miss Newman, M. at A.; Mrs. A. E. Hawley, P. There was a social session after the ceremonies.

The whist tournament between Tent No. 2 and 21, K.O.T.M., was begun last Tuesday evening at the tent rooms of No. 21. At the close of the evening's playing Tent No. 21 was three games in the lead.

Deputy Supreme Commander C. A. Luckenbach will publicly install the officers of Santa Monica Tent, K.O.T. M., next Wednesday night, assisted by the degree team from Los Angeles Tent, No. 2. A large number of knights and ladies from this city will attend.

The Ladies of the Maccabees of the city are making arrangements to entertain Supreme Lady Commander Hollister next month. The details are being managed by Supreme Deputy Commander Mrs Neidig.

There are three times as many Maccabees in Los Angeles as in San Francisco.

Native Sons of the Golden West.

Los Angeles Parlor, No. 45, initiated six new members last Wednesday evening.

Three candidates were initiated into Ramona Parlor last Saturday night.

Delegates to the Grand Parlor will be elected by the parlors of the city next month.

Next Friday night will be observed as Native Sons' night at the Home Products Exhibition, and the parlors of the city are making preparations for a buge demonstration on that occasion.

The celebration of Admission day in Southern California will be observed in this city on September 9, and promises to eclipse any demonstration of the kind ever held in this vicinity. Committees have been appointed by the parlors of the city and they are actively at work preparing for the event. One of the features contemplated is an excursion to Catalina.

Order of Chosen Friends.

Martha Washington Council of San Pedro, installed the following officers on Friday night of last week: Mrs. J. M. Weldt, P.C.; Mrs. G. Schulze, C.; Charles Blank, V.C.; John Schmidt, Inc.; W. H. Savage, Secretary; H. M. Dakin, Treasurer; Ross Hilyer, Prelate; C. H. Olsen, Ma.; Mrs. H. E. Dakin, Warden; H. Bennett, Guide; W. A. Carpenter, Sentry.

Ancient Order of United Workmen.

Grand Recorder Hirschberg returned last Sunday from Chicago, where he attended a meeting of the Supreme Relief Board.

The Grand Medical Examiner has passed on over four hundred applications during the present month.

The following officers were installed by Southern California Lodge, No. 191, Thursday night: N. Mattes, M.W.; John Fitzgerald, Foreman; L. Hartman, Overseer; W. L. Morgan, Financier; James Gallagher, Guide; R. Manco, I.W.; V. Barnum, O.W.

All the lodges of the city report work at every session.

Indepnndent Order of Foresters.

Court San Bernardino, No. 447, installed the following officers on the 21st, the ceremonies being conducted by Deputy High Chief Ranger, J. F. Wallin of Colton: J. F. Parker, C.R.; W. C. Clark, V.C.R.; H. Hillyer, R.S.; E. N. Snider, F.S.; J. W. Catick, Treasurer; Rev. Oates, Chaplain; Dr. G. B. Rowell, Physician; E. M. Pugh, S.W.; H. R. Gansevert, J.W.; F. Jones, S.B.; A. D. Frantz, J.B.

A new court is being organized at Fortuna, which will be instituted by High Chief Ranger McElfresh before his return.

G. A. McElfresh, H.C.R., has been visiting the courts in San Francisco this week. Thursday night he officiated at a public installation of the officers of Court Santa Rosa, No. 127. On Wednesday he instituted a new court at San Francisco. He will visit Bakersfield and vicinity next week, and the prospects are that Bakersfield will soon have a new court.

Court Temple initiated one candidate and received seven new applications Tuesday night.

The team of Court La Fiesta will confer the Oriental degree on about fifteen candidates at I.O.F. Hall, No. 245 South Spring street, on the evening of February 9, for which the camels are being groomed and new branding irons being made.

High Secretary Perry, who installed the officers of Court Burbank on Friday night of last week, reports much interest being taken in the order at that place. A public meeting was held concluding with a banquet. Eleven new applications were received during the evening.

W. R. Uber, D.S.C.R., is making good progress in the organizing of the new court on Temple street.

The officers of Court Palmetto, No. 3345, were installed Wednesday night. Illustrious Commander F. H. Leach and Los Angeles Encampment, No. 17, Royal Foresters, conducted the installation, at the conclusion of which supper was served in the banquet-room. Toasts were responded to by W. E. Reavis, F. H. Leach, R. W. Martin, Rev. S. A. Widney, W. R. Uber and Dr. A. B. Newkirk. Dancing followed the banquet. A short musical programme was rendered in connection with the ceremonies.

Foresters of America.

Grand Junior Beadle W. A. Weldon installed the officers of Court San Pedro, No. 107, on the 21st.

The officers of Court Citrus, Riverside, were installed on the 21st.

Following are the officers of the General Relief Committee for the ensuing year: President, J. H. Foley; Vice-President, J. Bernal; Treasurer, R. Wankowski; Secretary, Max Roth.

Woodmen of the World.

Head Counsul F. A. Falkenburg visited the San Bernardino Camp Monday night, Riverside Tuesday, Azusa Thursday, Pasadena Friday. He will be present at the social and smoker of La Fiesta Camp next Monday night, and from here he will go direct to Oakland.

The members of La Fiesta Camp intend that the smoker and social next Monday night shall eclipse all former occasions of the kind.

A reception was tendered to Head Consul Falkenburg at Riverside Tuesday evening. A programme was rendered, followed by a banquet and dancing.

Women's Relief Corps.

The members of Kenesaw Relief Corps, East Los Angeles, presented their retiring President, Mrs. Sophronia Griffin, with a gold recognition pin last week, in appreciation of her efforts in behalf of the corps during the past year.

John F. Godfrey W.R.C. of Pasadena installed officers Wednesday night. A feature of the evening was the presentation of an emblematic pin to Mary L. Hartwell, the retiring President. A banquet was served. A number of the members of John F. Godfrey Post, G.A.R., were present.

Yesterday was Relief Corps and Grand Army day at the Home Products Exhibition.

The Fraternal Brotherhood.

Commencing Tuesday, February 9, Los Angeles Lodge, No. 1, will meet at Elks' Hall every Tuesday night except the first in each month.

Bartholomew Lodge, No. 3, initiated two new members last Saturday night.

The Supreme Lodge will convene in this city next Thursday. There is considerable business to be transacted, and a large number of amendments to be made to the constitution.

Junior Order United American Mechanics.

The State Council will convene at Sacramento on Tuesday, March 2.

State Councilor H. C. Schaertzer is making his official visitations in this vicinity. Monday evening he visited John Adams Council of this city, Tuesday at Redondo, Wednesday and Thursday at San Diego, Friday at Redlands and tonight will be at San Bernardino. His further visits are as follows: Union Council of this city February 1; Gen. Joseph Warren Council, Boyle Heights, February 2; Riverside the 3d, Hancock Council the 4th, Santa Barbara the 5th and Lompoc the 8th.

All the councils of the city have been invited to attend the entertainment of Hancock Council, No. 20, next Thursday night. State Councilor Schaertzer will be present and address the meeting.

J. H. Fulton of Union Council leaves this week to try his fortune in South America.

Union Council, No. 5, will desert its old quarters in McDonald Hall, having secured new quarters in A.O.U.W. Hall, No. 213 South Main street.

Preparations are being made by the councils of the city for a proper observance of Washington's birthday, which will probably be held with Union Council.

W. E. Keeler, Financial Secretary of Union Council, is the senior proprietor of a new paper, which appeared this week, called the Player and Sportsman. It is well filled with items of interest to lovers of the stage and sports.

During his visit to this vicinity State Councilor Schaertzer will revive several councils that have of late appeared to lack interest in their work.

Three candidates were initiated and two applications received by Hancock Council, No. 20, Thursday evening.

The entertainment which had been arranged by Hancock Council to be given February 4, has been postponed till Thursday evening, February 11.

The State Counciler will pay an official visit to Hancock Council next Thursday evening and an invitation has been extended to all councils of the city to be present.

Royal Arcanum.

The attendance at the informal social of Sunset Council, No. 1074, Monday night was quite large, and with cards, music and dancing the members and their friends enjoyed themselves to a late hour. Los Angeles Council, No. 1489, attended in a body.

Los Angeles Lodge, No. 1489 had considerable amusement with a mock initiation ceremony Thursday night.

An active organizer is to be put in the field in this vicinity by the Supreme Council soon.

Ancient Order of Foresters.

A new court of this order was initiated at Pasadena last week with a good membership. It is to be known as Court Gold of Ophir. The following officers were elected and installed: A. F. Fuller, P.C.R.; H. W. Hines, C.R.; J. C. Brainerd, S.C.R.; Harvey Caldwell, F.S.; H. M. Greene, R.S.; L. J. Huff, S.W.; E. J. Pyle, J.W.; W. J. Pierce, S.B.; Harold Simpson, J.B.; H. H. Klamroth, Treasurer; Dr. W. D. Turner, Physician; L. J. Huff, Druggist.

New Lodge The Fraternal Brotherhood.

The preliminary institution of a new lodge of the Fraternal Brotherhood occurred at West End Hall, Temple street, last night. There are about twenty names on the charter list. The following officers were elected: J. W. Harris, President; C. A. Bronaugh, Past President; Charles G. Packard, Vice-President; C. H. Case, Secretary; D. D. Bronaugh, Treasurer; J. W. Harris, Physician; S. O. Thomas, Chaplain; E. D. Wilson, Inner Doorkeeper. The election of the other officers was deferred until another meeting. The lodge will be known as West End Lodge, No. 7, and the regular meetings will be held every Thursday night. It is expected that at least twenty new members will be initiated next Thursday night, at which time the installation of officers will occur.

JOHANNESBURG.

BRILLIANT FUTURE OF THE NEW MINING TOWN.

Water Abundant and Pure—Rapid Progress in Building—Boom in Mining Property—Construction of New Roads.

RANDSBURG, Jan. 27.—[Regular Correspondence.] The town of Johannesburg lies almost due east of Randsburg and distant a mile and a half. It lies on better ground for a town than Randsburg, for the reason that the townsite of Johannesburg was selected and laid out with broad streets crossing each other at right angles, while the town of Randsburg was like Topsy, not boun' at all, but just ground. The proximity of the first mines determined the location of Randsburg.

The development of water beyond Johannesburg was the ruling idea with Messrs. Darling & Pratt and the other men associated with them in the start, while the location of a town with the South African idea of calling it Johannesburg was an after-thought. Their first idea was the furnishing of water to the people of Randsburg. But, after buying the Riggs well, five and a half miles east of Randsburg, and doing some development work, they got such a flow of water that the larger scheme of laying out a town and digging reservoirs to hold water for milling purposes took shape. Such has been the energy with which the whole business has been crowded forward that eighty acres of ground has been platted, wide streets graded and many substantial buildings occupy the site which scarce a month ago was an open level desert covered with greasewood, cactus, sage brush and other plants indigenous to desert lands.

Best of all, water, most precious, and nowhere valued as it is on the desert, is delivered in the town under pressure sufficient to throw it over the highest buildings. Just back of the well from which it comes is a high mound or pinnacle of rock 300 feet higher than the source of the water. On this point, which is almost solid granite, a reservoir was blasted out eleven feet in depth and twenty-five feet in diameter, capable of holding 38,000 gallons. Into this reservoir the water is first pumped from the well and then is conveyed in four-inch screw-joint pipe to the edge of the town and delivered in two-inch pipes of the same material through all the principal streets and sold to the consumers at 1½ cents per gallon. The reservoir spoken of could only be reached over a trail, as it is too steep for a wagon road and all the material used had either to be packed on animals or carried on the shoulders of men.

The well itself is 127 feet deep and eight feet in diameter, with tunnels five by six feet, running forty feet each in opposite directions. These were carried as long as they were able to handle the water with the pumping plant, so as to permit the men to work. The supply of water is sufficient, so the engineer at the well says, to keep the pump going during the daytime only. Other wells can be put down in the immediate vicinity of this one, and the quantity of water can doubtless be many times increased with further development.

Just north of the town, on a slope considerably above the principal part of it, they are now excavating for another large reservoir with a capacity of 300,000 gallons. This is to be used for milling purposes, and a ten-stamp mill will soon be erected near this reservoir. There are mines on all sides, so that the question of ore for the mill is already settled as soon as it can be put in operation. The Val Verde group, on which work is being pushed by the Rand Mining and Milling Company, lately organized, lies just north of Johannesburg and in plain sight with a downhill pull from the mines to the mill.

Many good buildings are being erected, the most costly being the bank. This building will be of solid granite from foundation stone to cornice. The foundation walls are now in course of construction, and are three feet thick. A fine hotel of sixty rooms is being delayed for want of lumber, but will be rapidly pushed when material arrives. This building will cost $9000, and stands diagonally across the street from the bank building.

The company is laying off and grading wide thoroughfares from the town in all directions, the first being an almost level roadway around to the north and west of the range of hills lying between Randsburg and Johannesburg. This road is nicely graded, and heavy loads can be easily hauled from one town to the other, the distance between the two by this route being about a mile farther than over the hill by the nearest way.

Another road has been cut out and graded through the low divide to the south, which intersects the Kramer road and also the Lancaster road by way of Rogers. Still another runs north to Goler and Garlock, and grading is being done on that now.

Owing to the topography of the country, the railroad from Mojave will have to be built first to Johannesburg and then back around the hill near the graded wagon road to get into Randsburg. The grade from Garlock, or the valley, up the cañon, is too steep, and the cañon too narow, to make the necessary turns to reach Randsburg in any other way. The survey is already made west from Johannesburg, almost to the point reached from Mojave, and the surveyor's camp is now just south of Garlock.

At first it seemed a wild scheme to lay out a town on such a desert and to plan and put into execution improvements of such a costly and extended character, but now that the town is an accomplished fact, with water on every street, and of the best quality, many who ridiculed at first now go quietly over and invest their money. It is a noticeable fact that nearly every moneyed man who comes to Randsburg, either to examine or invest in mining property, goes over to Johannesburg and buys a lot or two before leaving.

The town is situated on a school section, consequently the title is perfect. Then, again, the location makes the place attractive. There are men here who believe that within a very brief period many thousands of people will be here in this desert mining camp. This is not only the opinion of those interested here, but also of many other mining men of intelligence. F. E. Kearney, for instance, a man of wealth and mining experience, who invested in both Randsburg and Johannesburg, and is now negotiating for several pieces of mining property, expresses himself freely as to the future of the camp and his own unlimited confidence in it. If these men are correct, the projectors of the town of Johannesburg will be regarded as men of courage and far-reaching business sagacity. Three hundred lots have already been sold, and every mail brings applications for lots. A postoffice has been established, with George S. Curtis postmaster, and he now awaits only the approval of his official bond to begin business.

This has been another rainy day, and there is every indication of another storm, although not nearly so cold as the former. The roads were getting in prime condition again and freight was coming in rapidly, but this rain will again delay things. There is no surplus of anything here, and not a lumber-yard in town can fill an entire bill for even the smallest house, although huge loads seem to be constantly coming in.

Some rather extensive mining deals are being negotiated, but are not definite enough to report as yet.

AROUND THE KITE-SHAPED TRACK.

Observation car leaves at 8 a.m., returning at 6:05 p.m. Stops are made at Redlands and Riverside for sight-seeing. Tickets permit stop-overs at pleasure. Round trip, $4.10. Particulars at Santa Fé ticket offices.

Heating Houses, Churches, etc.
With hot air is made a specialty by F. B. Browne, No. 123 East Fourth street.

JACOBY BROS.,

Largest, Leading and Most Popular Clothiers.

NO. 128, 130, 132, 134, 136 and 138 NORTH SPRING STREET.

A Store that Means to Stay

Can gain nothing by deceiving customers. If you are misled in the purchase of a single thing here, bring that thing back. We do not want you to keep goods that are not what you expected them to be. And we are determined that no store in town shall give you reliable merchandise for less money. This has been our rule for twenty-nine years, and we mean to stay with it a few years more.

TODAY IS THE DAY OF ALL DAYS IN MEN'S FURNISHINGS.

Have You Looked in Our Middle Windows? Don't Miss This Sale.

Broken Line of STAR WAISTS for Children, Today .... 45c Regular Price $1.00

Men's All-Wool Ribbed Shirts and Drawers, silk bound, pearl buttons, every garment guaranteed by the makers, as well as ourselves; these goods never sold at less than $1.00 a garment; Today's Price 57c

Men's Dark Gray Random Underwear, excellent value at 40c per garment; Today's Price 25c

Men's Lambskin Gloves, all the popular colors and thoroughly well made, a real bargain at $1.00, all sizes; Today's Price 76c

Men's Outing Flannel Nightrobes, well made and pretty colors, full sizes, a garment that always brings 75c; Today's Price 44c

Men's Lisle Thread Half Hose, in black and tans, seamless heels and toes, goods that are hard to match at 25c a pair, all sizes but 10s; Today's Price, a box of 6 pairs 85c

Men's White Laundered Shirts—These Shirts are reinforced back and front and sell in a regular way at 50c each; Today's Price 34c

Men's Neckwear—200 dozen All-Silk Tecks, Four-in-Hands, Flowing Ends and Bows, the best value we ever heard of; Today's Price 19c

Men's Cotton Half Hose—143 dozen Men's Fine Maco Cotton Half Hose, mixed browns, worth everywhere 10c per pair; Today's Price, a box of 1 dozen pairs 67c

Today in Children's Department.
(2nd Floor, Take Elevator.)
Values like these are what make business and friends.

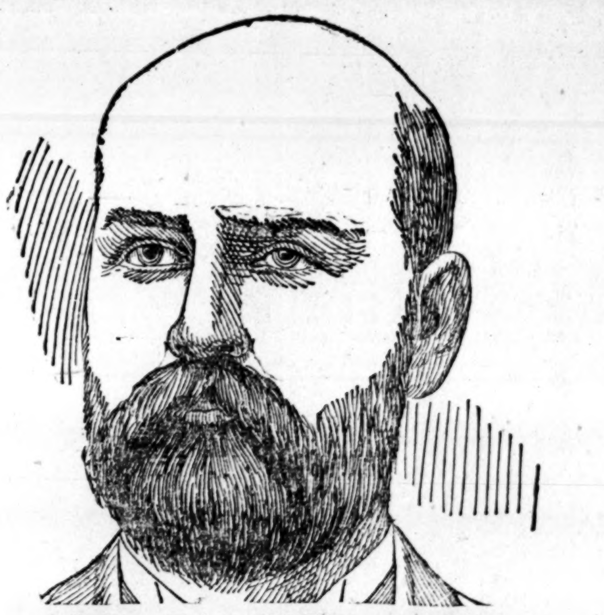
Boys' and Children's Hats.
Crushers, Yacht and Golf Caps, regular price 50c; TODAY 29c
Tam O'Shanters and Mortar Boards or Student Caps, regular prices 75c and 50c; TODAY 38c

Boys' and Children's Furnishing Goods.
Fast Black Hose, all sizes, regular price 12½c; TODAY 7c
Random Natural Mixed Underwear, all sizes, the very best bargain of the season; TODAY 19c
Derby Ribbed Fleece Underwear, regular price 35c; TODAY 24c

Boys' Clothing.
All-Wool, Double-Breasted Knee Suits, regular price $3.00; TODAY $1.95
Fine All-Wool Cheviot Double-Breasted Knee Suits, regular prices $5 and $6; TODAY $3.45
Boys' Long Pants Suits, ages 13 to 19, regular price $4; TODAY $2.35
Boys' Long Pant Wool Suits, ages 13 to 19, regular price $6.00; TODAY $3.85
Fine All-Wool Cheviot Suits, ages 14 to 19, regular price $10.00; TODAY $5.95

Last Days
Of the Men's Suit Sale, which has caused more excitement along the line than any previous sale we know of.
$20.00 Suits at $12.85.
$15.00 Suits at $7.85.
Every garment fully warranted. You're missing a great opportunity if you miss this occasion. All sizes in stock.

Last Days
Of the Greatest Shoe Sale this town has ever seen; broken sizes of Ladies' $5.00 Shoes going at only
$1.65.
You cannot afford to let this sale close without attending, for if your size is here you will get the Shoe Bargain of your life.



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The only Specialists in Southern California treating every form of weakness and

Diseases of Men Only

We have a hospital in connection where we cure Varicocele, Rupture and Piles in one week. We will give you an honest opinion of your case free of charge. We never ask for a dollar until cure is effected. Cor. 3d and Main st., over Wells-Fargo. Private side entrance on 3d street.

There's only one
Cottolene
The best cooking fat.
Cleanlier than lard and more healthful.

Genuine Cottolene is sold everywhere with trade marks—"Cottolene" and steer's head in cotton-plant wreath—on every tin.

A handsomely illustrated Kitchen Calendar of unique design, for 1897, containing Three Hundred and Sixty-five Selected Recipes by the best known teachers of and writers on cookery. Will be sent on receipt of this advertisement and six cents in stamps.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

GET FREE.. SAMPLES At Our Lighthouse At the Home Products Exhibit.

Notice of Removal

Dr. Wong Him, the Imperial Chinese physician, begs to announce to his numerous friends and patients that he has removed to larger and more modern premises, at 831 S. Hope street, between Eighth and Ninth streets, where he still hopes to merit the favor of their patronage. Take Traction, Grand avenue or Washington - street cars.

TESTIMONIAL.

January 5, 1897.

To the Public: I take this means of expressing my thanks to Dr. Wong Him of 639 Upper Main street, for having cured me of kidney and stomach trouble which caused me great prostration. I was unable to get a good night's sleep for about three years, and, acting under the advice of the best doctors of Chicago, I came here to get well on the climate, but kept getting gradually worse, until I was told to try Dr. Wong Him, and by the aid of his wonderful life-giving herbs I can say that in three months' time I am a new woman, and feel stronger than I ever did. Any person wishing me to certify this can find me.

716 North Marengo avenue, Pasadena. MISS KLEMME.

Go to the Renowned
Chinese Doctor
At 713 S. Main and let him give you a correct description of your ailments, and then do as you like about taking treatment. Contentment of mind is a continual feast, but how are you to obtain it without health?
You will always find
DR. WONG
At his post from 9 a.m. to 9 p.m.
Telephone 895 Black.

Electric Belts

Are good things if properly made; but there is no sense in paying a high price for a poor article simply because some advertising "quack" demands it. Buy no Belt till you see Dr. Pierce's. Call or address DR. PIERCE & SON, 704 Sacramento st corner Kearney, San Francisco, Cal. Branch Office, 640 Market St., S. F.

SANTA BARBARA COUNTY.

NO MATERIAL CHANGE IN RECOUNT OF CHARTER ELECTION.

City Marshal Warns the Public not to Soil Sidewalks—Death of John O. Coit—A Case of Triplets—Notes and Personals.

SANTA BARBARA, Jan. 29—[Regular Correspondence.] Present indications are that the charter contest will avail nothing. At noon today ballots from four of the five wards had been recounted, and the result changed but slightly, the majority against the charter being reduced from 30 to 20. The Fifth Ward had but nineteen votes against the charter, and if they were all thrown out, which is highly improbable, there would still remain a majority of one against the measure. Over forty ballots were thrown out, and in the Third Ward, where the contestant expected to gain heavily, there was a change of but four votes, and if the rulings of the court were based upon the apparent intention of the voter, the defense would have gained one instead of losing four.

When the Fifth Ward was recounted the majority against the charter was 21, and the only hope of the contestant is to throw out the vote of the Third Ward, which action is not probable.

THE RAIN.

The weather is still unsettled, with fair prospect for rain. During the past two days, half an inch of moisture has fallen, making the total for the season over eleven inches. Henry Stoddard reports the total fall in the Montecito Valley for the winter as amounting to 11.32 inches.

WARNED NOT TO SPIT.

The City Marshal will post in a day or two "warnings" to the expectorating public, informing sidewalk-spitters that a fine of $5 is likely to be imposed for each and every expectoration. He states that it is his intention to fully enforce the law, and unless a few forgetful ones change their habits they will find their way into court.

GAVE BIRTH TO TRIPLETS.

Mrs. Giugliea Mantino died yesterday at the Parma ranch in Montecito, aged 35 years. On the same day Mrs. Mantino had given birth to triplets, two boys and a girl. The children are all large and healthy and are doing well. Mrs. Mantino came from Italy about a year ago, to join her husband, who had been living here for several years as foreman of Mr. Parma's ranch. Eight children survive her. The funeral took place this afternoon from the Catholic Church.

MR. COIT'S DEATH.

It is expected that the funeral of the late John O. Coit will take place tomorrow afternoon, and the remains will be interred in the Montecito cemetery. Mr. Coit's death was due to the forming of secondary abcesses, resulting from the bullet wound in his abdomen.

SANTA BARBARA BREVITIES.

Painters have been at work for several days applying a fresh coat to the Chinatown buildings, and great preparations are being made for the approaching New Year festivities.

It was reported today that Ed Stephens of this city had fallen heir to a fabulous sum of money, but Mr. Stephens denied the rumor when asked regarding it.

Thomas Ewing, for many years an attaché of the Arlington Hotel, has gone to Randsburg to associate with H. A. Rogers in conducting a hotel at that place.

A "missionary tea" was given last night by the ladies of the Baptist Church at the residence of Mrs. Mayhew. A fine programme followed the supper.

A union missionary meeting is being held today at Grace Methodist Episcopal Church, and is largely attended.

SAN PEDRO.

Results of Harbor Soundings Show Conditions Little Changed.

SAN PEDRO, Jan. 29.—[Regular Correspondence.] Soundings off Santa Monica and in the outer-harbor site here have been completed, as far as directed by the Harbor Board. The U.S.S. Gedney, the vessel which had been used for the purpose, is now moored in the inner harbor, and the results of the soundings are being platted. The work of platting consists of locating the various soundings on a map or chart, for ready reference. This is done with data obtained from rough notes made in the field when the soundings were in progress. The lines of the soundings are at distances of about one-eighth of a mile apart. Soundings along these lines were made at longer or shorter intervals, according to the depth of water. At greater depths they were made further apart. As the soundings were made for the purpose of ascertaining the depth of water from its surface to the bottom, pains were taken not to permit the lead to sink into the bottom at any place where it might be inclined to do so. The results of the soundings would not therefore show the character of the bottom. Of this knowledge of the surface of the bottom was obtained by procuring samples, but the character of the bottom below its surface is found by boring, which work is not done with the Gedney.

The results of the soundings show comparatively little change from the measurements recorded from the last survey. The principal differences noted are in the outer harbor site here at the mouth of the inner harbor, the government jetty having produced a material change.

Signals have been posted along the sides of the inner harbor, and soundings are to be made in it. They will probably be closer together than those in the outer-harbor site.

The boring outfit which is in operation under the management of Engineer Hunt of San Francisco, working under directions of the Harbor Board, left here at 4 o'clock this morning for Santa Monica. The small tug Catalina was considered sufficient for towing the lighter about here, but for the work at Santa Monica the large tug Warrior was taken. Commissioner Morgan is to give his personal attention to the work.

SAN PEDRO BREVITIES.

Steamer Pasadena arrived here this morning for the first time in several months.

Mrs. D. W. Weldt and children are spending a few days in Los Angeles, as guests of Jerry Illich.

The dog-poisoner is abroad. Four good canines were found dead in town this morning.

Secretary Pratt of the Harbor Board was in town Thursday. It is said to have been his first visit to San Pedro.

Rev. R. Stahl, rector of St. Peter's Church, will return in a day or two from a vacation spent at Santa Barbara.

The City Trustees were to meet on Tuesday evening, but Dr. Weldon was the only member of the board present. The street-car franchise applied for by John T. Gaffey and George H. Peck, Jr., are consequently still pending.

A new baseball club has been formed, of which Joseph Bennett is secretary, Dr. Weldon manager, and James Fanning captain.

The Atlas moth, a gigantic furcoated, night-flying insect of Central Brazil, is said to be the very largest winged "bug" in the world. He measures fourteen inches from tip to tip.

BUSINESS.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE TIMES,
Los Angeles, Jan. 29, 1897.

A BANKING LAW. An important law, that is of great interest to bankers in California, is one which was outlined by the late State Convention of County Assessors, in Sacramento, and upon which the present Legislature will have to pass. It is one compelling banks to make annual statements to the Bank Commissioners, showing their standing on March 1 of each year, the statement to be verified by a majority of the directors of the bank. The law goes very fully into a description of what these annual statements must contain, and so sweeping is it that it would seem impossible that any bank property can escape assessment. They must set forth the amount of capital stock and number of shares into which it is divided; give the names of directors and number of shares held by each, state the total amount paid in, the amount of the reserve fund, total amount due depositors, and amount and character of any and all liabilities. The statement must, further, set forth the value of buildings and real estate; the amount loaned on real estate, no matter where situated, and the amount of money on hand, and any other property held, deposited, invested or placed not otherwise enumerated.

The bill says that the oath of the officers to the statement shall state that they have a personal knowledge of the matter therein contained, and that they believe every statement to be true, and any willfully false statement in the premises shall be perjury, and shall be punished as such.

COMMERCIAL.

THE WHEAT CROP. The following communication in regard to the wheat market was received a few days ago by a Los Angeles business man from a cousin in San Francisco, who is a member of the Produce Exchange:

This has been another disappointing week in the grain markets. Chicago closed at 80¾ last Saturday, with every indication of going higher Monday; but the unexpected came as usual, for in spite of the most bullish statistics, viz., 1,400,000 decrease in the visible, (more than anticipated,) small Northwest receipts, light world's shipments, over 3,000,000 less than requirements, the prices receded in all markets except Paris, where crop damage was feared on account of lack of snow covering. The main cause seems to have been the lack of speculative interest by the public, the bearishness of the Chicago crowd mostly on account of the "almanac," as it is termed, or in other words, this is, the inactive season, time to short the market. Forgetting that conditions this year all over the world have no parallel in our time, many operators have sold out and gone short, naturally wishing to cover and get their holdings in for less.

Even the most pronounced bear expects to see $1 wheat ere May. They are not particular what methods they employ to worry out long holders, and have all sorts of misleading statements and figures published and reported. As a sample, take that of Dun & Co., giving the exportable surplus of the United States on January 1, as still 100,000,000 bushels, which is simply preposterous, as any one posted in the trade knows, and which the following figures will conclusively show:

		Bushels.
Visible July 1, 1896		47,000,000
Invisible, say		50,000,000
Add crop 1896 (the highest estimate given,) say		450,000,000
Total July 1		547,000,000
The government crop estimate was only	411,000,000	
In which was an over-estimate on the California crop of	20,000,000	
Deduct home consumption and seed	370,000,000	
Exported to January 1	91,000,000	
Total		461,000,000
		86,000,000
Out of this 86,000,000, millers must keep a stock of 50,000,000 to last till the new wheat is fit to grind.		50,000,000
		36,000,000

This leaves 36,000,000 bushels for export provided every pound of surplus can be drawn out before we are sure of a crop at all.

What will wheat bring when the visable is exhausted? Yet such publications as Dun's have their effect on a dull market, especially in Europe, where they are especially sceptical, arguing that our liberal weekly shipment and slow decrease of visible supply lend color to the statement, forgetting that financial necessities and high prices have drawn out surplus more rapidly and earlier than usual, thus leaving less to draw from in farmers' hands, and as regards the visible supply, much of the grain received of late at the northwest milling points has accumulated there for awhile on account of some mills having closed down, and others running one-half time. In the mean while, the stocks of flour are rapidly diminishing and as soon as the mills start up again their visible stocks of grain will rapidly diminish, and in some cases so fast as to astonish natives and foreigners as well.

Another report was spread widely in the East and Europe, viz., that California has still 400,000 tons of wheat in the State, which the large clearance last week would seem to indicate. These clearances comprise cargoes contracted for January loading as far back as August and September, as low as 29 shillings, as well as a number of Australian and South African cargoes; also a number loaded on owners' account, who bought the wheat rather than lay over for the new crop.

The situation in California is about as follows:

	Tons.
Carry-over on June 1, 1896, wheat and flour	140,000
Crops, 1896	860,000
Total	1,000,000
Or, giving the figures in more comprehensive form, the stock-taking on December 1, 1896, showed the stock on hand	375,000
Exported 80,000 tons food and seed 25,000	105,000
On hand January 1, 1897	270,000
Requirements food, seed and flour, shipments 25,000 for months to June 1, 1897	125,000
	145,000
Deducting exports, January will foot up near	80,000
	65,000
Out of which millers must keep supplies to last till September 1, before new wheat is fit to grind	60,000
For export February 1, 1897	5,000

Australia and South Africa will require a considerable amount yet before the new crop is available, as it takes vessels ninety days to get there.

Yet such rumors as have been spread have a depressing effect on the public, who do not know the true state of affairs, and especially on weak holders on margins, and "longs" with a profit in sight. England is also playing the usual halting game, having a fair supply on the way, laying back and letting our markets settle from lack of pressing demand. Yet the amount England has on passage is not large—2,800,000 quarters—among which is 2,000,000 quarters from the Pacific Coast, which will not all arrive for four months yet, and little to follow from this side after this month. The above amount is only six weeks' supply with diminished reserves in the world to draw from as all the exporting countries have shipped their reserves and surplus rapidly on account of high prices, etc., as well as war. As the Liverpool Corn Trade News truly remarks, it will be harder to draw out supplies when it has to be dug out of low stocks than it was a couple of months ago. The continent has only 560,000 quarters on passage and is doubtless lying back awaiting the Argentine supplies. What if there be disappointing in quantity and quality, and England and the continent will step into the market as competitors for supplies? It is also by no reason sure that India will not want breadstuffs during the next three months. Such seem to be the views of some English journals. In fact, they are not out of the woods yet, as the light rain they have had thus far may be in effect dissipated with a spell of hot weather which is now soon due. Thus the foregoing summary would indicate that the short seller has but thin ice to stand on.

Corn has also had no friends, the crop being so large that there is little speculation in it thus far. Yet there are great quantities exported, fed, used in various ways, wasted, burned and spoiled by exposure and the probabilities that India and other countries will want quantities of it in place of other grain when high in price, especially as the European potato crop was small and of poor keeping quality. So there may be a good rise in the price of this cereal yet.

GENERAL BUSINESS TOPICS.

SWEATING SILVER DOLLARS. It is no new thing for gold coin to be "sweated," but such a swindling operation is not often heard of in connection with silver coin, especially since silver has been so low in price. A remarkable scheme of this character has recently been unearthed in Washington, where it has been discovered that a number of photographers have been systematically sweating silver coin for the purpose of obtaining nitrate of silver, which they need in their business. It is estimated that the government has lost within the past twelve months no less than $20,000 in sweated silver coins. Mutilated silver, regardless of weight, is redeemed by a new coin issue. With gold it is different, the government paying only for the actual amount represented by the weight of the coin to the treasury.

It looks as if the prevailing hard times are driving some people into rather small business.

LOCAL PRODUCE MARKETS.

Wholesale Quotations Revised Daily.

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 29, 1897.

Eggs have gone up another peg on account of the storm. For a while this morning dealers had to skirmish for supplies to fill orders. Later in the day arrivals from Ventura county relieved the famine. Seventeen cents was readily realized by jobbers.

There is a glut of the green pea market. A dollar a sack is as good as can be realized in many instances. Overproduction and no satisfactory outlet seems to be the trouble. Much of the stock offered is not of good quality.

Provisions.

Hams—Per lb., Rex, 11¾; picnic, 5¾; boneless, 8; boneless butts, 7; selected "mild cure," 8¾; skinned, 11; picnic, 5¾.

Dry Salted Pork—Per lb., clear bellies, 7; short clears, 6½; clear backs, 5½.

Dried Beef—Sets, 10¾; insides and knuckles, 12½; outsides, 8.

Pickled Pork—Per half bbl., 80 lbs., 8.00.

Bacon—Rex breakfast bacon, 9¾; Diamond C, special fancy wrapped, 12; Diamond C, plain wrapped, 11½; Diamond C, breakfast backs, 7.

Lard—Rex, Pure Leaf, tierces, 5¾; kettle rendered, in fancy 50-lb. tubs, 6; Ivory lard compound, 5¼; Rexolene, 5¾; White Label lard, tierces, 5¾.

Fresh Meats.

Butchers' prices for wholesale carcases:

Beef—Prime, 5@5¼@5¾.

Veal—5@7.

Mutton—4½@5; lambs, 5@6.

Dressed Hogs—5½@6.

Dried Products.

Beans—Lady Washington, 1.70@1.80; navy, 1.80@2.00; pinks, 1.60@1.75; Limas, 2.50@2.75; black-eyed, 1.50@2.00; peas, 2.50@3.00.

Eggs.

Eggs—California fresh ranch, 15@17.

Cheese.

Cheese—Local, large, 11; Young America, 12; hand cheese, 13; Swiss, imported, 25; American, 14@15; Limburger, 13@15.

Dried Fruits.

Apples—Evaporated, 6½@7.

Apricots—7@10.

Peaches—Per lb., unpeeled, 6@9; peeled, 11 @12½.

Prunes—Per lb., 4½@8½.

Raisins—Per lb., 5@7; fancy bleached, 10 @12½.

Dates—Per lb., 6½@8.

Butter.

Butter—Local creamery, 40@42½; fancy Coast, 37½@40; dairy, 2-lb. squares, 32½@35; light-weight squares, 27½; fair to good, 22½ @25; creamery, in tubs, 18@19.

Green Fruits.

Lemons—Extra fancy Eureka and Lisbon, 1.25@1.75; uncured, fancy, 1.25; limes, 50.

Oranges—Seedlings, 90@1.35; navels, 1.75@ 2.25.

Pears—Winter Nellis, 1.75@2.00.

Apples—Per box, 1.25; fancy, 1.50@1.75; eastern, in barrels, 3.50@4.00.

Bananas—1.75@2.00.

Strawberries—12@14.

Millstuffs.

Bran—Per ton, local, 18.00; northern, 18.00.

Shorts—Per ton, 20.00.

Rolled Barley—Per ton, 17.00.

Vegetables.

Squash—1.50.

Beans—8@9.

Peas—2@4.

Beets—Per 100 lbs., 75.

Cabbage—Per 100 lbs., 75@90.

Chiles—Dry, per string, 50@60; Mexican, per lb., 15; green, 6.

Garlic—3½.

Onions—Per 100 lbs., 2.00@2.25.

Potatoes—Per 100 lbs., River Burbanks, 1.00 @1.10 per sack; Nevada Burbanks, 1.15@1.25; Salinas Burbanks, 1.10@1.15; sweet, 1.00@1.25; Early Rose, 1.20@1.25.

Turnips—Per sack, 75.

Tomatoes—1.00@1.10.

Radishes—15.

Rhubarb—1.00.

Lettuce—15.

Celery—60.

Flour.

Flour—Los Angeles XXXX flour, 5.20 per bbl.; Capitol, 5.20; northern, 5.35; full superfine, 4.50; eastern, 6.25; Washington, 3.75; graham, 2.50.

Rolled Oats—Per bbl., 4.75@5.00.

Rolled Wheat—3.25.

Cornmeal—1.60.

Wheat—1.60@1.70.

Hay.

Hay—Best barley, 8.00@10.00; best oat, 10.00 @11.00; alfalfa, baled, 6.00@8.00; wheat and oat, 9.00@11.00.

Live Stock.

Hogs—Per cwt., 3.25@3.37½.

Beef Cattle—2.50@3.00.

Lambs—Per head, 1.50@1.75.

Sheep—Per cwt., 1.75@2.50.

Poultry.

Hens—3.50@4.50; young roosters, 3.75@4.50; old roosters, 3.75@4.50; broilers, 2.50@3.00; ducks, 4.50@5.50.

Turkeys—Live, 14@15.

Hides and Wool.

Hides—As they run, 11; kip, 9; calf, 14½; bulls, 6.

Wool—2½@4½.

Tallow—1½@2½.

Honey and Beeswax.

Honey—Comb, amber, 11; white, 12.

Beeswax—Per lb., 20@22.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

Shares and Money.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—The Stock Market today was more active and the dealings, aside from Northern Pacific and sugar, which ranked first and second in extent of trading, were fairly well distributed. The course of prices was irregular with some special movements in a few stocks, due to particular developments. The Northern Pacific was a decidedly strong feature, on a demand for foreign account, based upon rumors of impending alliances likely to strengthen the system and expectations of improved earnings. The common stock rose fractionally, while the preferred gained 1⅛, touching 36⅜. A favorable sympathetic influence on the general list occurred. The low-priced stocks attracted considerable inetrest. Railroad shares generally moved within narrow limits with an upward tendency, railway bonds being unusually active, and in the cases of some of the recently depressed issues, material advances were scored. Sugar lacked support late in the day and dropped a point. The market left off steady at slight gains. The bond market was unusually active on an investment demand for local and foreign account. The dealings covered a wide variety of issues and some striking gains were made. The sales were $2,429,000. Among the more imporant advances were: Northern Pacific erminal firsts, 1½; Oregon Short Line fives trust receipts, 1¼. The demand for governments for investment account by corporations and individual capitalists, continues brisk. The new coupons rose to 124, the highest price attained in the present movement. The sales were $51,000.

Closing Stocks—Actual Sales.

Atchison	14¼	U. S. L. pfd	61¼
Adams Ex	150	N. W.	104½
Alton, T. H.	56	N. W. pfd	154
Am. Express	109½	N. Y. Central	93¼
Baltimore & O.	14⅜	N. Y. & N. E.	38
Can. Pacific	54⅝	Ontario & W.	14¾
Can. South	45	Oregon Nav	13
Cen. Pacific	13¼	Oregon S. L.	15
Ches. & Ohio	17¼	Pacific Mail	25
Chicago Alton	164	P. D. & E.	2
C., B. & Q.	74	Pittsburgh	166½
Chicago Gas	78	Pull. Palace	157¼
Con. Gas	148	Reading	26¼
C. C. C. & St. L.	27½	U. S. Rubber	22
Colo. Coal & I.	½	U. S. R. pfd	75
Cot. Oil Cer.	11½	R. G. W.	12
Del. Hudson	107	R. G. W. pfd	40
D. L. & W.	152½	Rock Island	68
D. & R. G.	11½	St. Paul	76¼
D. & R. G. pfd	43¾	St. Paul pfd	132
Erie	14¾	St. Paul & O.	50⅛
Erie pfd	34	St. P. & O. pfd	133
Fort Wayne	166	Southern Pac	14¾
Great N. pfd	121	Sugar Refinery	116⅝
C. & E. Ill. pfd	90	Tenn. Coal & I.	29½
Hocking Val	10¾	Texas Pacific	9¼
Illinois Cen	94	T. & O. C. pfd	50
St. Paul & D.	21	Union Pacific	7
K. & T. pfd	30¼	U. S. Express	38
L. E. & W.	16¾	W. St. L. & P.	6¾
L. E. & W. pfd	*66¾	Wabash pfd	15⅞
Lake Shore	152	Wells-Fargo	98
Lead Trust	25¼	W. Union	83¾
Louis. & Nash.	51¼	W. & L. E.	2¼
Louis. & N. A.	¼	W. & L. E. pfd	9¼
Man. Con	88⅞	Minn. & St. L.	19¼
Memphis & C.	15	Gen. Electric	34⅝
Mich. Central	89½	Nat'l Linseed	13
Mo. Pacific	21⅜	Colo. Fuel & I.	26
Mobile & Ohio	21	C. F. & I. pfd	81
Nash. Chatt	66	T. St. L. & K. C.	5½
N. J. Central	99⅝	T. St. L. pfd	10
N. & W. pfd	17	So. R. R.	9⅛
North Pac	14¼	So. R. R. pfd	28⅝
North Am. Co.	4½	Am. Tobacco	73⅝
North Pac	14¼	Am. T. pfd	102
North Pac. pfd	36¼	Am. T. & C. Co.	85
U. P., D. & G.	1¾	Com. Cable Co.	160
Am. Sugar pfd	103⅝		

*Ex-dividend.

Bond List.

U. S. n. 4s reg	122⅞	C. P. 1sts, '95	100½
U. S. n. 4s coup	123⅞	D. & R. G. 7s	111½
U. S. 5s reg	113⅝	D. & R. G. 4s	88
U. S. 5s coup	114⅞	Erie 2ds	64¼
U. S. 4s reg	111⅞	G. H. & S. A. 6s	107
U. S. 4s coup	112½	G. H. & S. A. 7s	96
U. S. 2s reg	96	H. & T. C. 5s	107½
Pacific 6s, '95	103½	H. & T. C. 6s	101
Ala., class A	104	M. K. T. 1st 4s	84¼
Ala., class B	104	M. K. T. 2d 4s	62¼
Ala., class C	98	Mutual U. 6s	111
Ala. Cur	98	N. J. C. G. 5s	116½
La. N. C. 4s	93½	N. P. 1sts	114½
Missouri 6s	100	N. W. Con	141⅝
N. C. 6s	122	N. W. S. F. 5s	111½
N. C. 4s	102	R. G. W. 1sts	74
S. C. non-fund	½	St. P. Con. 7s	136⅜
Tenn. n. s. 6s	77½	St. P., C. & P.	112¾
Tenn. n. s. 5s	105	St. L. & I. M. 5s	75
Tenn. old 6s	60	St. L. & S. F. 6s	110¼
Va. Cen	63⅜	T. P. 1sts	88¾
Va. Cen. dfd	6	T. P. 2ds	21¾
Atchison 4s	81⅜	U. P. 1sts, '96	104
Atchison 2d A	48⅝	West Shore 4s	96⅞
Can. So. 2ds	107	N. P. 3ds	81
L. & N. 4s	79½	O., R. & N. 1sts	111
So. R. R. 5s	90		

San Francisco Mining Stocks.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 29.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks today were as follows:

Atchison	7	Julia	3
Alpha Con	10	Kentuck Con	3
Andes	30	Mexican	49
Belcher	35	Occidental Con	20
Best & Belcher	68	Ophir	110
Bullion	5	Overman	14
Caledonia	11	Potosi	55
Challenge Con	54	Savage	51
Chollar	95	Scorpion	3
Confidence	120	Sierra Nevada	49
Con. Cal. & Va.	220	Silver Hill	1
Con. Imperial	1	Union Con	43
Crown Point	36	Utah Con	4
Gould & Curry	50	Yellow Jacket	35
Hale & Nor	120		

THE STATE OF TRADE.

Bradstreet's Weekly Review.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—Bradstreet's tomorrow will say: There has been a falling off in general trade, owing to the heavy fall of snow and cold weather. There is a moderate increase in distribution of heavy winter goods, but commercial travelers very generally report buyers as even more conservative than earlier in the month and that wholesale trading in January, except in lines specified, is smaller than for years. Mercantile collections are interrupted and the improvement looked for in iron and steel in not in sight.

The most favorable feature of the business week is the sudden and sharp falling off in the total number of business failures in the United States, the aggregate beng 326, as compared with 429 last week, a decrease of 102. When compared with the corresponding week of 1896, this week's falling off is 67, but is an increase of 14 as compared with the like week of 1895. The total number of business failures throughout the Canadian Dominion this week is 56. Last week the total was 57 and last year it was 63.

The downward movement of prices for some of the most important staples continues conspicuous, notably for flour, wheat, oats, lard, coffee, petroleum, turpentine and tin plates. Quotations for Indian corn, pork, sugar, cotton and print cloths are practically unchanged.

Exports of wheat (flour included as wheat) from both coasts of the United States this week amount to 2,515,408 bushels, as compared with 2,916,000 last week; 2,500,000 in the week a year ago, and 2,483,000 bushels in the week two years ago.

Bank Clearings.

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—The following table, compiled by Bradstreet's, shows the total clearances at the principal cities, and the percentage of increase or decrease, as compared with the corresponding week last year:

	Amount.	Per ct. Inc.	Per ct. Dec.
New York	$562,588,002	14.4	....
Chicago	68,620,068	10.5	....
Boston	88,412,765	12.1	....
Philadelphia	55,473,128	0.7	....
St. Louis	24,070,245	....	5.3
San Francisco	10,722,792	....	9.3
Baltimore	13,292,567	....	4.3
Pittsburgh	14,918,044	0.7	....
Cincinnati	11,077,450	11.1	....
Kansas City	9,964,114	5.8	....
New Orleans	9,660,410	....	13.1
Buffalo	3,451,941	....	1.9
Milwaukee	3,643,643	....	1.1
Detroit	4,475,123	16.6	....
Louisville	5,704,460	....	1.3
Minneapolis	5,118,632	....	6.2
Omaha	4,465,600	2.0	....
Providence	4,723,500	....	1.0
Cleveland	5,665,051	6.6	....
Houston	5,819,197	....	....
St. Paul	2,981,431	....	27.9
Denver	2,567,453	....	1.1
Indianapolis	3,511,075	....	9.3
Columbus, O.	3,220,060	1.2	....
Hartford	1,931,600	....	6.8
Richmond	2,492,859	16.3	....
Washington	1,666,345	....	2.3
Dallas	2,261,470	....	....
St. Joseph	1,003,229	....	5.6
Peoria	1,282,193	....	8.5
Memphis	1,560,430	....	31.4
Portland, Or.	820,760	....	34.9
Rochester	1,320,604	4.9	....
New Haven	1,272,484	8.6	....
Savannah	3,233,698	10.9	....
Springfield, Mass.	1,336,354	17.7	....
Worcester	1,178,804	....	6.4
Portland, Me.	1,121,547	1.7	....
Atlanta	1,403,718	4.4	....
Fort Worth	1,344,711	24.3	....
Waco	1,347,740	22.7	....
Syracuse	799,764	....	5.2
Des Moines	725,970	....	14.1
Grand Rapids	568,664	....	24.9
Seattle	388,804	....	22.6
Los Angeles	866,167	....	8.8
Tacoma	370,867	....	44.4
Spokane	421,464	17.6	....
*Galveston	5,082,800	....	11.8
Salt Lake	1,044,286	....	11.1
Helena	482,993	3.2	....
Totals for the United States	$961,245,228	7.7	....
Exclusive of New York	398,657,226	....	0.8

*Not included in total.

Financial Review.

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—Bradstreet's financial review tomorrow will say: Extreme inactivity prevails in speculation. The market from day to day has been a mere affair of trades and the principal interests were afforded by the efforts to depress certain stocks, especially some of the anthracite coal roads. This resulted in irregularity in the quotations, but in spite of such influences, the undertone of the market has been strong. The general impression in the street is that very little will be required to produce another upward movement in prices. Liquidation of the weak speculative holdings started a fortnight ago has been completed and stocks have passed into strong hands, while a considerable short interest has been made.

The bond market is very strong, but its activity has decreased, while the supply of good bonds, or of the ebtter class of speculative issues is greatly reduced. The new government fours this week touched 123¾, the highest figure that they have yet reached. London is not a factor. The American market there is neglected and flat and prices simply follow the New York market. The street has paid little attention to the foreign exchange situation or to the break in rates early in the week. This seemed due to the selling of some of the long exchange held here on loans, which course was natural, in view of the decline in money at London. The break, however, was checked and rates restored, the exchange market presenting indications of manipulation. Little attention has been given to the proceedings of the expiring changes. The attempt to revive the Cuban discussion in the Senate was without any speculative effect.

Dun's Weekly Review.

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade tomorrow will say: January has been a month of disappointments, but of real gain. Nearly everybody had promised himself a land of milk and honey after New Year's, and the slow progress looks like standing still to men in such a state of mind. Moreover, there are multitudes throughout the country who have been taking large ventures in advance or apart from their regular business, because they expected a rise in prices. But prices fail as yet to bring them profit.

Wheat has declined severely; cotton has scarcely risen enough to pay brokerage; wool holds steady in spite of enormous buying; woolen goods hardly change in prices; iron and its products decline; leather is sluggish; hides are lower, for some shoe manufacturers accept a shade lower prices; the average of railroad stocks is slightly lower than it was December 31, and the advance in trust stocks has been small. To traders in such properties the month has been disappointing. Yet, during the past week the record shows that ten iron works have started and only two have stopped; thirteen woolen mills have started and nine more are about ready to start, while three have stopped. Similar things are seen in other industries, and the additional establishments are not starting without some increase in orders received.

The decline in wheat was over 6 cents, in spite of an official report of yield far below estimates generally accepted, which reflects perception of the error of the report, and also of the influence of enormous export of corn instead of wheat, 80,000,000 bushels in seven months. In January 7,859,127 bushels of corn have gone abroad from Atlantic ports, against 5,306,349 last year, while Atlantic exports of wheat and flour have been 6,536,154 bushels, against 8,403,765 bushels last year. As the great crop of corn prevents much advance in its price, its outgo affects the demand for wheat and a heavy liquidation of speculation has occurred, with the price of corn scarcely changing. Sales of wool in January have never been surpassed in that month nor in any other month, except last November and July of 1895 and 1892. In the earlier years sudden demand for consumption was the cause, but the increase in orders for woolen goods was small in November and had been small in January, compared with the purchases or anticipated possible duties. The price has remained about steady.

Iron and steel show little gain, production having increased so heavily before the gradual enlargement of demand for finished products has not overtaken that increase. Lower prices result for Bessemer pig, gray forge and for southern iron at Chicago; for angles and cut nails and the average of all quotations is the lowest since early last year. For sheets there is an active demand and better also for bars, on account of much car building. Tin and copper are a shade stronger, but competition causes sales of tin plates 10 to 15 cents below the agreed price.

Failures for the week have been 331 in the United States, against 404 last year; and 57 in Canada, against 70 last year.

Foreign Bourses.

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—The Evening Post's London financial cablegram says the settlement has been finally satisfactorily concluded. The stock market today was good, consols leading English rails. Americans were good. A further rise in Atchisons was the main feature until the buying was of the influential character. Northern Pacific preferred was bought extensively by Germany. All the best class of American bonds were in good demand. Brazils were flat. A large state loan was offered in Paris today. Mines were lower. The Paris bourse and Berlin market were firm.

Money and Bills.

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—Money on call, easy at 1½@1¾ per cent.; last loan, 1½ per cent.; closed offered 1½@1¾ per cent.; prime mercantile paper, 3@4 per cent.; sterling exchange, steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at 4.87@4.87¼ for demand and 4.85@ 4.85¼ for sixty days; posted rates, 4.85@4.85½ and 4.87½@4.88½; commercial bills, 4.84; silver certificates, 64⅞@65¼; bar silver, 64¾.

Treasury Statement.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Today's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, $230,289,032; gold reserve, $144,522,612.

Boston Stock Market.

BOSTON, Jan. 29.—Atchison, 14½; Bell Telephone, 212½; Burlington, 74; Mexican Central, 9.

Silver and Consols.

LONDON, Jan. 29.—Silver, 29¾d; consols, 112 11-16.

GENERAL EASTERN MARKETS.

Grain and Produce.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

CHICAGO, Jan. 29.—Wheat opened weak in continuation of the approach to demoralization which characterized it closing features the day before. It was rumored that a big line of long wheat was hanging over the market and fears that this would be thrown overboard caused a very wobbly beginning to the day's business, and May, which sold at 74⅞ at yesterday's close, opened today at from 74⅝ down to 74½. The first Liverpool cables, which came in before the opening here, showed declines of from 1d to 1½d. This, however, was looked upon as merely reflecting yesterday's decline on this side, and any weakening effect which the Liverpool decline may have caused was neutralized when second cables came in, showing a substantial recovery.

May advanced to 75¼. After 75¼ had been reached the market soon took a sudden turn. For a time the market was rather demoralized under the heavy offerings, and it was not until 73 had been recorded for May that a reaction took place. It finally recovered to 74⅝@74¾, which was the price as the closing bell sounded.

Corn opened steady and ruled firm, with a very good business. It did not participate in the weakness of wheat, but a good demand from shorts existed, and, as offerings, were light, the market scored a substantial advance.

Oats ruled higher, helped a great deal by the strength of corn.

Provisions ruled strong during the first half of the session, owing to light receipts of hogs. Smayy offerings and some coverings by shorts also helped prices. Realizing late in the session, however, caused some reaction, but most of the advance was retained.

The leading futures closed as follows:

	Closing.
Wheat, No. 2—	
January	73
May	74⅝@74¾
July	71⅝
Corn, No. 2—	
January	22¾
May	24⅜
July	25½
Oats, No. 2—	
January	15⅞
May	18¼
July	19

Cash quotations were as follows: Flour was easy; No. 2 spring wheat, 73@73¾; No. 3 spring wheat, 71; No. 2 red, 83⅝@84½; No. 2 corn, 22¾; No. 2 oats, 16½; No. 2 white, 20@ 20½; No. 3 white, 17@18½; No. 2 rye, 34½@ 34¾; No. 2 barley, nominal; No. 3, 24¾@35 f. o. b.; No. 4, 24¾@26½; No. 1 flax seed, 74@ 76; prime timothy seed, 2.75; mess pork, per bbl., 7.80@7.85; lard, per 100 lbs., 3.87½@3.90; short ribs, sides (loose,) 3.87½@4.12½; dry salted shoulders (boxed,) 4¼@4½; short clear sides (boxed,) 4⅛@4¼; whisky, distillers' finished goods, per gal., 1.17.

Grain Movements.

	Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, barrels	8,000	12,000
Wheat, bushels	19,000	23,000
Corn, "	167,000	3,000
Oats, "	231,000	183,000
Rye, "	3,000	
Barley, "	40,000	19,000

On the Produce Exchange today the butter market was firm; creamery, 15@20; dairy, 9@ 17. Eggs were steady; fresh, 17.

Chicago Live Stock Market.

CHICAGO, Jan. 29.—Sales were made at 3.50@3.75 for the poorest up to 5.10@5.15 for extra nice extra beeves. The bulk of the cattle sold at 4.00@4.90; stockers and feeders, 3.15@4.15; cows, 2.10@3.25; heifers, 3.00@3.75. Hogs—Packers bought freely and the supply was well taken for extreme range of 3.20@3.55 for the poorest to the best droves, sales being largely at 3.35@3.45. Sheep—ommon to choice sheep sold at 2.50@3.90; westerns, 3.30@3.60; yearlings active at 4.00@4.25, and lambs sold freely at 3.75@5.50 for common to prime lots.

Receipts—Cattle, 3000; hogs, 22,000; sheep, 9000.

Excitement in the Wheat Pit.

CHICAGO, Jan. 29.—In the wheat pit today the last hour was the most sensational in months. On a break from 75 to 73, several big houses sold great lines of wheat. The trade was stampeded. Everybody tried to sell. A big line went over for New York account. It was contended in the pit that a big baker line was thrown by several houses. After the break some houses doing big selling were the best buyers until the May price got over 74 cents again. It was whipsaw for hundreds in the trade. New York added to the force of the rally by reporting 800,000 bushels sold for export.

Liverpool Grain.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 29.—Spot wheat closed dull, with a poor demand. No. 2 red spring, 6s 6d; No. 1 California, 6s 9d. Futures closed firm, with May ¼d lower and other months 1d lower. January, 6s 4½d; February, 6s 3¾d; March, 6s 5½d; May, 6s 5¾d. Spot corn closed quiet. American mixed, new, 2s 8½d. Futures closed steady, with January ¼d lower, May ¼d higher and other months unchanged. January, March and April, 2s 8d; February, 2s 8½d; May, 2s 9d. Flour closed dull, with a poor demand. St. Louis fancy winter, 9s 3d.

Kansas City Live Stock Market.

KANSAS CITY, Jan. 29.—Cattle receipts, 6000; shipments, 2900. The market was steady to weak. Native steers, 3.25@4.85; native cows and heifers, 1.00@3.50; stockers and feeders, 2.25@4.00; bulls, 2.25@3.45.

Petroleum.

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—Petroleum was dull. United, 85 bid.

Hops.

LONDON, Jan. 29.—Pacific Coast hops, £3 15s.

SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS.

Grain and Produce.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 29.—Flour—Family extras, 5.00@5.15; bakers' extras, 4.75@4.85; superfine, 4.10@4.35.

Wheat—No. 1 shipping, 1.37½@1.38¾; choice, 1.40; milling, 1.40@1.50.

Barley—Feed, fair to good, 72½@75; choice, 78⅜@80; brewing, 87½@92½.

Oats—Fancy white feed, 1.37½@1.42½; good to choice white feed, 1.15@1.35; poor to fair, 1.00@1.10; Surprise, 1.45@1.55; gray, 1.10@1.30; black for feed, 95@1.05; black for seed, 1.10@ 1.25; red, 1.10@1.20.

Middlings—Per ton, 18.20@18.50; California bran, 12.50@13.00; outside brands, 12.00.

Hay—Wheat, 8.00@11.00; wheat and oat, 7.00 @10.00; oat, 6.00@8.00; river barley, 5.00@6.50; best barley, 7.00@8.50; alfalfa, 6.00@7.50; clover, 6.00@8.00; stock, 5.00@6.00; compressed wheat, 6.00@9.50; compressed oat, 6.00@7.00; straw, per bale, 35@50.

Potatoes—Early Rose, 75@85 per cental; common Salinas Burbanks, 75@90; fancy Salinas Burbanks, 1.00@1.05; river Burbanks, 50 @75; river reds, 70@80; sweet potatoes, 1.00@ 1.25; new potatoes, 2@3 per lb.

Various—Onions, 1.25@1.60; cucumbers, 70@ 1.00 per doz.; dried pepper, 7@8 per lb.; dried okra, 10@12½ per lb.; garlic, 1½@2 per lb.; mushrooms, 15@20; asparagus, 10@25 per lb.; Los Angeles tomatoes, 75@1.25; green peas, 4@5 per lb.; string beans, 5@9 per lb.; green pepper, 40@50 per box; summer squash, 75@ 1.00; egg plant, 15@20.

Fruits—Fancy apples, 1.00@1.25 per box; common apples, 50@75; eastern, 2.00@3.00 per bbl.; cranberries, 6.00@7.50 per bbl.; common pears, 25@50; choice pears, 75@1.00.

Citrus fruits — Navel oranges, 1.75@2.50; seedling, 75@1.25; common lemons, 1.00@1.25; good to choice lemons, 1.50@2.00; fancy, 2.25 @2.50.

Tropical fruits—Hawaiian bananas, 1.00@ 2.00; New Orleans bananas, 1.50@2.50; pineapples, 3.00@4.00; Persian dates, 7 per lb.

Butter—Fancy creamery, 20@21; seconds, 19 @20; fancy dairy, 15@16; seconds, 12@13; pickled, 14@15; firkin, 13@14.

Cheese—Fancy mild new, 10; fair to good, 7@9; California cream cheddar, 11@12; young America, 11; eastern, 13@14; western, 12@12½.

Eggs—Ranch, 18@19; store eggs, 16@17; eastern, 15@16.

Poultry—Live turkey gobblers, 12@13; turkey hens, 13@14; roosters, old, 3.50@4.00 per doz.; young, 4.00@5.00; broilers, small, 2.50@ 3.00; large, 3.50@4.00; fryers, 4.00@4.50; hens, 3.50@4.50; ducks, old, 5.00@6.00; young, 5.50@ 7.00; geese, 1.50@1.75; pigeons, old, 1.00; young, 1.85@2.50 per doz.

Game—Hare, per doz., 75; gray geese, 2.50; rabbits, 1.00@1.50; white geese, 1.00; brant, 1.50; honkers, 3.50@4.00; English snipe, 2.50; common, 1.00@1.50.

Receipts.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 29.—Flour, quarter sacks, 1930; wheat, centals, 118,405; barley, centals, 5893; oats, centals, 2310; potatoes, sacks, 1980; onions, sacks, 678; corn, centals, Ogden, 800; beans, sacks, 21; bran, sacks, 1050; middlings, sacks, 60; hay, tons, 288; wool, bales, 13; hides, number, 2821; quicksilver, flasks, 149; wine, gallons, 43,300.

Callboard Sales.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 29.—Wheat, December, 1.22¼; May, 1.39⅞. Barley, December, 76¼ bid; May, 77⅞. Corn, large yellow; 75@ 77½. California bran, 12.50@13.00.

Beans.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 29.—Beans—Pink, 1.10@1.20; Lima, 1.65@1.75; small white, 1.20@ 1.30; large white, 1.05@1.15.

Drafts and Silver.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 29.—Silver bars, 65⅛; Mexican dollars, 52@52½; drafts, sight, 17½; telegraph, 20.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

FRIDAY, Jan. 29, 1897.

(Figures in parentheses, unless otherwise stated, give volume and page of miscellaneous records containing recorded maps.)

Carl Raiss to George F Paulk, lots 13 of J Baruch's resubdivision in block 17, Hancock's survey, $400.

Frank B Sturge et ux to Louis A White, part of lots 5 and 6, block 1, Chester tract (14-84,) $250.

Charles M Stimson to Carrie J Prentice, lot 11, J Marion Brooks's subdivision in the Philbin tract, $1000.

Frank B Sturge et ux to S Washburn, lot 14, block B, A J Painter's subdivision in the lands of Painter & Ball (16-99,) $250.

M S Libbey et ux to Abraham Cowgill, part of lot 14, block 2, Olivewood, city of Pasadena, $375.

Hugh T Gordon to Anna N Gordon, 80 acres in sec 33, T 1 S, R 9 W, $3700.

Henry E Drake to Edward B Hobson, 10 acres, being a portion of block 216, Pomona tract (3-96,) $3000.

S S Reeves et ux to Miss Winifred B MacCollum, lot 11, block 34, and lots 23 and 24, block 52, town of Azusa, $225.

Mary J Elberson to Frank B Elberson, piece of land 59x155 on the east side of Flower street, between Pico and Sixteenth streets, city of Los Angeles, $2500.

Frank B Elberson to Jennie Elberson, piece of property on Flower street, between Pico and Sixteenth streets, city of Los Angeles, $1700.

E J Baldwin to J D Lynch and J J Ayers, part of lot 1, block G, Rancho Potrero de Felipe Lugo, containing 10 acres, $1500.

E J Baldwin and Richard Garvey to J D Lynch and J J Ayers, 10 acres in lot 1, block G, Rancho Potrero de Felipe Lugo, $1500.

Joseph D Lynch et al to William L Hinman, part of lot 1, block G, same as above, $1500.

Mrs Elizabeth Ennor to Jesse C Ennor, lot 15, block G, Electric Railway Homestead Association tract, $100.

Abbot Kinney et al to Hettie B Williams, lots 5 and 6, block D, Santa Monica tract, town of Santa Monica, $200.

George M Stockwell et ux to James Burchill, lot 5 of Stockwell's subdivision of lot 13, Griffith tract, East Los Angeles, $1250.

James Watson et ux to Henrietta Thomas, lot 27, George W King's subdivision in block 39, Hancock's survey, $600.

Mara Bell Lemon to Fannie E Lunt, part of farm lot 141, American Colony tract, $775.

S H Hazledine et ux to C W Bush, lots 10 and 11, block 18, Davis's addition to Duarte, $500.

George M Hillar et ux to Edith Bloomfield, lots 6 and 7 of Hellar's subdivision of block 79, Hancock's survey, $700.

George B Woodberry et ux to J T Holbrook, lot 7, block 13, town of Glendale, $850.

John Burr, Sheriff, to Ezra T Stimson, lot 6, Stewart & Fisk's subdivision in Highland Park tract, $246.

I H Preston, trustee, to George W Shires, lot 14, block Q, Garvanza addition No 1, $225.

Cornelius Cole et ux to Jacob Muller et al, part of block 3 in Colegrove, township of Cahuenga, $700.

John Burr, Sheriff, to Annie C Phillips, lot 12, Hay's addition to Sunset tract (11-85,) $296.

Los Angeles Cemetery Association to A H Judson, lot 1150, Evergreen Cemetery, city of Los Angeles, $260.

Alexander Weiss to Mary H Keller, lots 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8, block D, H N Elliott's Ninth-street tract, $810.

John Leitz to W H Smith, part of lots 14, 15 and 16, block 1, Chester tract, city of Los Angeles, $200.

I H Preston, trustee, to George W Shires, lot 14, block Q, Garvanza addition No 1, $225.

SUMMARY.

Deeds	37
Nominal	8
Total	$25,891

NOTICE TO SHIP CAPTAINS.

Forecast of Wind and Weather in the North Pacific Ocean for February.

BRANCH HYDROGRAPHIC OFFICE,
SAN FRANCISCO (Cal.,) Jan. 28, 1897.

The following information has just been received from the Hydrographic Office at Washington, D. C.:

Along the south side of that portion of the ocean east of the Hawaiian Islands the trade winds may be expected to blow with a decided northeasterly slant, while to the westward of them the trades may be expected generally to be easterly or east-northeasterly. During February the belt of calms and variables between the trades may be expected to be narrow, so narrow in some places that a vessel may pass from one trade wind into the other without any perceptible break.

Typhoons are unusual during February.

The northeast monsoon on the coast of China blows steadily during the month.

Occasional fog will be found along the American coast.

W. S. HUGHES,
Lieutenant, U.S.N., in charge.

COUNTRY OF CHECKS.

Englishman's Hardships with the American Baggage System.

[London Mail:] The American Constitution has been called a system of checks. So in American life. When you want to travel you give your baggage to the porter of your hotel and he gives you a check in return. At the station you reclaim it with the the check, and pass it in at a counter and receive another check. As you approach your destination another functionary comes along the train, takes your check and gives you another in its place. He fishes out your baggage and conveys it to your hotel—for a consideration. You have left your third and last check at the office of the hotel when you enter it, and thence it is delivered up on receipt of the baggage.

At first you bless this arrangement as the salvation of the traveler. After a few weeks of it the tyranny of the check becomes so galling that you begin to long for the fine old English method of dumping down your goods in front of the porter and leaving them to find the way themselves. You would even hail it as a personal triumph if some of your baggage would get lost. But it never does. Sometimes it arrives late, but it always arrives.

Yet it seldom arrives in the shape in which it started, if that is any consolation. They who have to do with baggage see to that. You very soon discover why Americans carry their goods in iron-clad trunks, and why it is madness for anybody to do anything else. I started out, like an idiot, with a new leather portmanteou. They ripped the stout brass lock off in the first week—not for plunder apparently, but simply because it is the tradition of the service. They punched it and kicked and danced on it. In softer hours, when literary inspiration came, they wrote on it. My portmanteau today is an epitome of the political sentiment of the United States from New York to San Francisco. As a historical document it is beyond price, and I am contemplating the gift of it to the library of Congress at Washington. As a portmanteau it has both feet in the grave.

The system of checks is not confined to travelers' luggage. The conductor of the train passes carelessly to and fro asking for your checks and giving you a check in return, or asking for your check and returning your ticket. If you hand your stick to a boy in the hotel while you write your name in the register he dashes off to stow it away in some secret place and returns triumphantly with a check. In the very hotel bar, when you buy seven pence ha-porth of whisky you get a check and walk two yards across the bar to pay at a desk.

But the apotheosis of the check is at Niagara. When you go down to t he Cave of the Winds you strip off your clothing and leave them as well as your valuables, in a tin box with the attendant. When you go down to battle with the cataract attired only in a suit of pajamas, a suit of oilskins and a check lashed around your neck and rising and falling with the beating of your heart. No wonder the American speaks of death as "handing in his checks." It is only by death that he can rid himself of them.

FILLING A BULLDOG'S TEETH.

Operation a Dentist Did with Hesitation, but Success.

[New York Sun:] A powerful and ferocious bulldog, owned by Dr. Ward of Scranton, Pa., enjoys the distinction of having a big gold filling in one of his incisors, and a good many citizens, who have caught a gleam of the gold in his mouth, wonder how the filling was done. Some think it was done through hypnotic influence by the doctor over the dog, while others insist that it was through the dog's implicit obedience to his master's command.

The bulldog's name is Gem. He is as ugly in appearance as a prize-winner in a dog show. His nose is a mass of wrinkles, and his eyes have a wicked gleam for any one but his master and Mrs. Ward. His affection for them, however, knows no bounds. When Gem was discovered one day clasping his muzzle between his paws, rolling over and over on the floor, and moaning, his mouth was examined, and it was found that there was a big cavity in one of his incisors. It was decided that a dentist should be consulted. The dentist found that it would be necessary to use a rubber dam, and he promised to fill the cavity provided Gem was etherized. This was done and the operation was considered a successful one, although Gem evidently thought otherwise. Some time afterward the filling came out, and Gem's last state was worse than his first, for he refused to submit to another operation with ether. At the first sniff of the anaesthetic he not only added a score of wrinkles to those already in his nose, but showed his teeth in so dangerous a way that the dentist refused to proceed. Dr. Ward insisted that he could make Gem stand on the table and have the tooth filled without wincing. The dentist was dubious about trusting his hand between the brute's jaws, but finally consented to try.

Gem was put on the table and his master stood in front of him, kept his eyes fixed on Gem's and told him to open his mouth. Gem did so, and a rubber dam was soon adjusted in place. The dentist set to work with the instrument of torture called a burr; and one of Gem's ears went down in a threatening way, while the other he raised and kept his eyes fixed on Gem's, that never wandered from his master's gaze. The attitude of Gem's ears proved a barometer of his sufferings when the burr touched a spot close to the nerve. When both ears went down the dentist knew he had gone as far as the dog's nature would let him go. Gem's eyes never wandered from the doctor's in the hour and a half the dentist was at work. Gem stood the final polishing and when his master gave the word for him to get down from the table Gem danced with demonstrations of joy at his release. Since that day he has no trouble in masticating the biggest beef bone.

Grasshoppers, crickets, locusts and flies all have their ears situated in queer places—under the wings, on the middle of the body, and even on the sides of their legs.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA NEWS

PASADENA.

CITY ATTORNEY ARTHUR RETURNS FROM HIS LOBBYING TRIP.

He Reports That the Tax Limit Will Probably Be Raised—Meeting of the Medical Society—Woodmen of the World—Academy of Sciences Organized.

PASADENA, Jan. 29.—[Regular Correspondence.] City Attorney W. E. Arthur returned this afternoon from Sacramento, where he has been endeavoring to secure the passage of the bill to increase the tax limit to $1 in cities of the sixth class. Mr. Arthur was interviewed shortly after his arrival and asked as to the success of his mission. He said that he was unable to say whether the bill would become a law, although he did not expect any serious opposition to it from the representatives of other cities of the sixth class. A similar bill was introduced early in the session in the interest of several cities of the sixth class situated in the northern part of the State. This measure provided, however, that a special election must be held in any city before the tax limit could be raised. Mr. Arthur said that he induced Senator Holloway, who had introduced the bill, to substitute for it the bill prepared in the interest of Pasadena, which does not require a special election, but raises the tax limit to $1 in all cities of the sixth class. The latter bill has now been reported favorably in both Senate and Assembly.

The local opponents of the proposed increase are industriously circulating another petition addressed to Assemblyman Melick and asking him to oppose the bill. The rumor gained currency this afternoon that 800 signatures had been obtained to the petition, but upon investigation the popular protest dwindled considerably. Only ninety-one signatures had been obtained and of these some were not voters. Three women are among the signers. C. C. Brown, who has been circulating the petition, says that none but taxpayers have been asked to sign it. It is reported that many of those whose names are attached to the petition were induced to sign by the representation that the bill now pending is designed to increase city taxes. This is not strictly true. The city can increase the taxes under the present law by again raising valuations. The proposed change would render an increased valuation unnecessary, while at the same time giving the city power to increase the tax rate if necessary. The friends of the measure admit, however, that it is but a temporary expedient.

The City Attorney has been absent ten days.

PASADENA MEDICAL SOCIETY.

At the annual meeting of the Pasadena Medical Society Thursday evening, Dr. R. J. Mohr was elected president, Dr. Fordyce Grinnell, vice-president, and Dr. J. E. James, secretary and treasury. The report of the secretary shows a membership of twenty-five, an increase of four for the year. There have been nine regular meetings with a good attendance at all of them. The papers read have been interesting and practical, and the discussion of them has been general. Papers have been given by Drs. Mohr, Rowland, Hull, Chapin, Grinnell, Lund and King. The interest in the meetings is increasing and augurs well for the future of the society.

At the meeting last evening Dr. John W. Givens of Los Angeles gave his personal observations of the work of the Johns Hopkins Hospital, which, through its splendid endowment and equipments, is able to lead in bacteriological work, and to operate under a condition of asepsis beyond that of any other institution. The doctor's description of the various surgical operations possible, the antiseptic precautions in the preparation of the room and instruments, and his remarks about the patients and surgeons, were of especial interest.

Dr. Miller of the University of Pennsylvania stated his belief in the precautions taken, and declared that his university was not behind any in such precautions. A general discussion followed, and a vote of thanks was given Dr. Givens for his paper. Light refreshments were then served. Those present were: Drs. Chapin, Dalrymple, Grinnell, Hagadorn, James, Givens, Laird, King, Kearns, Page, Praeger, Rowland, Miller, Van Slyck and Weir.

PROTECTION FROM DELINQUENT CUSTOMERS.

In accordance with the plan adopted at the last meeting of the Merchants' Protective Association, each member will furnish the secretary at the close of the month with a list of all overdue and unpaid claims against customers. The secretary will then make up and give to each member a statement showing all delinquent customers and the total claims against each one. The system is designed to protect the merchants of the city from persons who are not entitled to credit. The regular monthly meeting of the association will be held next Monday evening in the Board of Trade rooms.

MEXICAN SHOPLIFTERS.

Manuel Martinez, Ygnacio Garcia and Thomas Marin, a trio of tough-looking Mexicans, were arraigned this afternoon upon complaints charging them with stealing goods from the stores of F. E. Twombly and Heiss Bros. The circumstances have already been reported in The Times. Martinez pleaded guilty to both complaints. Garcia and Marin asserted that they were innocent and they will accordingly be tried without jury next Tuesday at 2 p.m. Martinez will be sentenced at the same time.

BICYCLE MEET POSTPONED.

The meet which was to take place Saturday afternoon at the Crown City track, has been postponed one week, as the rain has made the track too soft to be used. Next week the programme announced for tomorrow will be carried out. A large attendance is expected and some good records should be made. Competent judges declare the Crown City track one of the best and fastest in the country.

Arrangements are being made for a race meet on Washington's birthday, February 22. It is expected that this will be a notable occasion. In addition to the bicycle events, it is proposed to make Scottish games a feature of the day.

THIEVES AGAIN AT WORK.

Another robbery has been reported to the police. About 6:30 o'clock Thursday evening a noise was heard in Dr. J. B. Talcott's barn on South Orange Grove avenue. An investigation was made and it was found that the heavy door at the rear of the barn, which had been securely locked by the coachman only a few minutes before, had been pried open. Parts of a set of harness, a $40 overcoat belonging to the coachman, and some smaller articles were missing. The police were notified, but as yet no arrests have been made.

ELECTRIC LIGHTS FOR SOUTH PASADENA.

The Trustees of South Pasadena are considering a proposition to light the town with electric lights. No action has yet been taken, but the subject was discussed at a meeting Thursday night. Two plans have been suggested. One is that the city put in its own plant. The other is that power be obtained from the Pasadena and Los Angeles Railway. The proposed improvement is desired by many residents of South Pasadena, and it is expected that some action will soon be taken by the Trustees.

WOODMEN OF THE WORLD.

A public meeting and entertainment was held this evening by Pasadena Camp, Woodmen of the World, at the Tabernacle. After music by Schillinger's Orchestra, an introductory address was made by Rev. W. M. Jones. He was followed by Head Consul F. A. Falkenburg of Denver, who spoke at length upon the aims and value of the order. The exercises of the evening concluded with a wood-sawing contest between the Los Angeles and Pasadena camps. A large audience, including many ladies, was present.

ACADEMY OF SCIENCES.

The Pasadena Academy of Sciences was duly organized this evening at Throop Hall. The business meeting was preceded by some discussion of scientific subjects. Prof. C. F. Holder gave an interesting address upon "Deep-Sea Life," giving a graphic description of the various forms of animal and vegetable life found in the depths of the ocean. He also touched upon the discoveries made at San Clemente Island and showed a number of skulls and utensils exhumed from an Indian grave. Maj. Rust followed with remarks upon the subject. Dr. Conger and Hon. Delos Arnold also spoke briefly, and Prof. E. B. Hoag then read a draft of a constitution which had been prepared for the society. It was unanimously adopted without change. The election of officers was next in order. Prof. C. F. Holder was elected president, Prof. C. F. Daggett, first vice-president; Hon. Delos Arnold, second vice-president; Prof. E. B. Hoag, secretary; O. E. Gale, Treasurer. An executive committee will be named by the president, and a curator will be appointed for each department. Many persons have already declared their intention of becoming members of the society, and its success seems assured.

PASADENA BREVITIES.

Street-car travel on a part of East Colorado street was interrupted for several hours this afternoon. The street graders had piled up the dirt on each side of the tracks between Hudson and Lake avenues and the heavy rain formed a small lake about two feet deep through which the cars were unable to pass.

The telephone office is to be moved Saturday night to the Kinney & Kimball building, one door east of the present quarters. The work of transferring the wires and instruments will occupy all of Saturday night and part of Sunday. During that time no messages will be received or transmitted.

Arrivals today at Hotel Green include Mr. and Mrs. Neall Smith, H. Guilbeault, New York; J. H. Zitt, W. T. Ball, Chicago; Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Whitney, Miss A. J. Burrell, Boston; Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Donaldson, Ellenville, N. Y.

The monthly social of the Epworth League was held this evening, under the superintendence of Miss Anna Wood. The exercises included reading, recitations, games and music. About seventy-five were present.

The Midwinter Times; 48 pages and colored cover; 189 illustrations; full of interesting matter. For sale by local agents; price, 10 cents.

Mrs. W. Livingston and child, A. B. Livingston and Miss Mamie U. Lyon of Detroit, Mich., are recent arrivals at the Crown Villa.

The Times Year Book and Almanac is on sale, and can be obtained at the branch office, No. 47 East Colorado street.

Two suspicious characters were arrested this afternoon, but they were subsequently released.

You can well afford to give your baby a pound of taffy Saturday. You can buy it for 10 cents at McCament's.

Pure home-made taffy, 10 cents per pound at McCament's today.

ANAHEIM.

ANAHEIM, Jan. 29.—[Regular Correspondence.] Several gentlemen representing the unsuccessful bidders for the construction of the new electric-light plant and waterworks did their best to make the last meeting of the City Trustees one of more than ordinary interest. George E. Nolan, representing the Machinery and Electric Supply Company of Los Angeles, threatened the board with an injunction suit restraining it from accepting the bid of Gardiner & Howe, because that firm failed to comply with the requirements of the specifications in the matter of the certified check, and for the additional reason that the firm had been allowed to amend its bid with reference to the style of engine to be used. Mr. Nolan was quite persistent in his arguments, but the board did not consider his injunction threats seriously and passed on to other business.

The firm of Woodill & Halse was represented by Mr. Hulse, who also objected to the acceptance of the bid of Gardiner & Howe on the ground that the bid of his firm was the lowest submitted that was accompanied by the necessary certified check. The difference between the bids of the two firms was $1196, the bid of Gardiner & Howe being that amount less than the bid of Woodill & Hulse. At this point of the procedings Mr. Gardiner, who was present, was called on, and explained that the omission of the certified check was an oversight on the part of his firm, which had since been rectified. Then came Mr. Scribner of the Westinghouse Company. Mr. Pemberton of the General Electric Company, and Mr. Booth of the Buckeye Engine Company, all maintaining the superiority of the machinery turned out by their respective firms, and pointing out how the board had stood in its own light by not accepting their bids. At the conclusion of the speech-making it was moved, seconded and unanimously resolved that the certified checks of the unsuccesful bidders be returned to them and that the firm of Gardiner & Howe be retained for the construction of the works.

The Rt. Rev. Bishop Johnston of Los Angeles will preach at the Protestant Episcopal Church on Sunday at 2 p.m.

The Chamber of Commerce has refused the request of a local publication company to vote a grant of $200 for the purpose of helping out a special edition in which the advantages of Anaheim as a health resort were to be advocated.

Agent Darling of the Southern Pacific depot is again in hot water with the hobo element, one of which Judge Landel condemned to forty-five days on the Santa Ana rock pile. The hobo in question was passing the time breaking windows and disturbing the peace generally.

RIVERSIDE COUNTY.

HOW THE STATE IS BLED OF A HUNDRED PER MONTH.

A Sinecure Worth $1200 for Which Practically No Service is Given. Many Officers Who Want Increased Salaries Which They Think Worth Asking For.

RIVERSIDE, Jan. 29.—[Regular Correspondence.] Now that Assemblyman Goff is asking a heavy appropriation for the Highland Asylum, and the Legislature is disposed to retrieve its reputation by practicing economy for a spell, it may be well for Mr. Goff to ascertain whether any reforms are in order.

The position of secretary of the Highland Asylum is one for which a salary of $1200 per year is paid, and the work of the secretary never exceeds five days per month and does not average to exceed two or three days per month. It is purely a sinecure, through which Gov. Budd rewards the services of a faithful disciple.

It appears that there is but one other asylum with a similar sinecure attached, that of Agnew, where the same salary is paid. At the Ukiah and Stockton asylums the salary is $600 per year, but at Stockton the pay roll amounts to $97,000 per year, against $35,000 at Highland, and there is doubtless much more work connected with the office at the larger institution. At Napa, however, which ranks with the Highland, Ukiah and Agnew asylums, no salary is paid the secretary, the small amount of labor of the office being done by the directors themselves or by the private clerk of the physician in charge.

The secretaryship of the Highland asylum has just been changed, by order of Gov. Budd, the directors appointing to the vacancy Mark R. Plaistead of Riverside, who is thus given the bonus of $100 per month with practically no requirement of his time, as reward for having conducted a Democratic newspaper.

Careful investigation fails to reveal any reason why the duties of this office cannot be added to those of the physician's clerk, requiring about an hour a day of his time, and thus reducing the cost of maintaining the asylum $1200 per year.

COUNTY OFFICERS' SALARIES.

The county officers have prepared a schedule of salaries which they have sent to Assemblyman Lindenberg, with other data explaining the basis on which the schedule is made, with a request that he do his best to secure the changes. Following is a list of present salaries in the first column, and salaries asked for in the second column:

Assessor	$4500	$5000
Sheriff	4300	4900
Clerk	3000	4000
Recorder	3000	3750
Tax Collector	1500	3500
District Attorney	2000	2400
Assistant District Attorney	1500	1200
Treasurer	2000	2400
Auditor	1500	2400
Superintendent of Schools	1800	2000

The above figures are on the basis of the officers supplying all deputies and assistants of every character in their departments, the Sheriff to pay a jailer out of his salary.

While the above figures, on their face, appear to be modest, they are the request of the office-holders themselves.

The justices and constables are also taking a hand in fixing salaries, and Justices Mills and Chambers and Constables Burrell and Singletary have forwarded to Assemblyman Lindenberger the following schedule of proposed salaries: In townships with 8000 population and over, $100 per month; 6000 to 8000, $75; 4000 to 6000, $50; 2000 to 4000, $25; less than 2000, $15. Civil-case fees to be as at present and in addition to the above.

RIVERSIDE BREVITIES.

The city was thrown into darkness Wednesday night, and the cause was a mystery until Thursday, when it was found that some one had caused a short circuit by throwing a wet stick across the wires.

The Midwinter Times; 48 pages and colored cover; 189 illustrations; full of interesting matter. For sale by local agents; price, 10 cents.

The Woman's Parliament of Southern California will be in session in this city on Monday and Tuesday next.

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY.

Rialto Irrigation—Lewis Jacobs Buys His Partner's Interests.

SAN BERNARDINO, Jan. 29.—[Regular Correspondence.] The Rialto Irrigation District will be the scene of an important meeting Saturday afternoon to discuss the proposed compromise between the land-owners and stockholders. The exact nature of the questions to be submitted is not made known, but it is intimated that a compromise seems nearer than at any previous time during the negotiations to that end.

IMPORTANT TRANSACTION.

The fact is announced that Lewis Jacobs has bought the interest of his partner, L. Meyerstein, in the Bank of San Bernardino, and that institution will be conducted as heretofore. The information came today by telegram from San Francisco, where Mr. Myerstein resides, and Mr. Jacobs now is. These gentlemen have been partners in the bank since its founding, in the early history of the city, and they have been identified with many big projects throughout the county during the past two decades.

SAN BERNARDINO BREVITIES.

A petition is before the Supervisors for the creation of a school district in Yucaipe Valley. There were at one time two districts there, with constant contention, and both were abolished. The people seem now to have buried the hatchet.

A baseball game is set for Sunday between Riverside and San Bernardino teams.

You Den, a Cucamonga Chinaman, is in the County Jail on the charge of shooting a countryman in the leg last August. He has just been captured.

A heavy rainfall today has made a goodly addition to the season's precipitation.

Edward C. C. Foley and Electa J. Valden of this city have been licensed to wed.

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COVINA.

COVINA, Jan. 29.—[Regular Correspondence.] Orange stealing has become so common that a prominent shipping firm has employed regular patrolmen to watch the orchards at night. Two large orange-growers at Azusa have also had men on the alert all night long to prevent these disastrous depredations. Peddlers are now the principal thieves, but none of them has as yet been apprehended. A large amount of fruit has been taken already, but with thorough patroling the growers hope to cut off the loss in that direction.

Covina has had improvement in telephone service within the last week. T. E. Franklin's store has been made the central office, connecting the packing-houses with the main line, and also the depot. A new telephone has just been put in at Greenlaw's furniture store, giving that portion of town connection with the main line, and with the old part of town.

F. M. Chapman and A. M. Seeley have made a cash donation of nearly $200 for graveling the street connecting Citrus and Grand avenues, and running past their ranches. It is conditioned by the county's allowing an equal amount from the district fund. Road building is monopolizing all the time of this people save that required to pick and market their fruit, and a great good is resulting to the public highways.

After a lively contest which involved considerable feeling, E. M. Haskell has been chosen secretary of the Covina Irrigation Company, a position of great importance and responsibilities. The board stood four for and three against the appointee. At the same meeting of the board, at which the secretary was chosen, a committee of three was oppointed, consisting of Messrs. Chapman, Elliott and Chesebro to take full charge of the Lordsburg water development, where the company is spending thousands of dollars to increase its water supply. To meet the expenditures Messrs. Kerckhoff, Adams and Chesebro were authorized to dispose of $50,000 worth of bonds, and they will proceed at once to sell that amount of the $150,000 authorized by stock vote last summer.

Miss Zada Taylor, the contralto soloist of Simpson Tabernacle, who has been ill at her home here for several weeks, has returned to her musical studies at Los Angeles.

Mrs. W. G. Kerkhoff of Los Angeles is spending the week on the ranch southeast of town.

Mrs. Burpee, sister of Postmaster Wellington, and recently arrived from the East, is preparing to build a residence on her ranch in the suburbs of town.

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ORANGE COUNTY.

SANTA ANA, Jan. 29.—[Regular Correspondence.] Joseph Long and Frank Jones, found guilty of a misdemeanor by a justice of the peace at Capistrano, have been brought to Santa Ana and placed in the County Jail to serve out a sentence of twelve days each.

A petition of letters of administration in the estate of Leander Bell, deceased, has been filed with the County Clerk.

Charles H. Carey, receiver for the Willamette Lumber Company, has brought suit in the Superior Court of Orange county against the trustees of the First Christian Church in Anaheim to recover a certain sum of money alleged to be due for lumber that was used in the construction of the building.

Three vagrants, giving the names of Charles Cochran, Thomas Kinsaller and William Long, were brought over from Orange Friday by Deputy Constable Proud and placed in the County Jail to serve five days each.

Dr. Roland Lord of Santa Ana was granted a divorce Friday from his wife, Emily J. Lord.

County Clerk Brock issued a marriage license Friday to Jack E. Meehan, aged 23 years, and Fay Casener, aged 23 years, both residents of the town of Orange.

C. O. Rust of Anaheim has been appointed administrator of the estate of Arnold Staub, deceased. Bond was required by the court in the sum of $1600.

The examination of Martin Jordan, charged with petty larceny, has been set for Saturday morning, in Justice of the Peace Freeman's court. Jordan is the party charged with the theft of some fancy crockery from the store of John L. Martin.

The Orange County Vegetable-growers' Association up to last Saturday had shipped ten tons of green peas. The promise now is that twenty tons will go out this week. The association estimates that its output for the season will reach a total of 140 tons.

Alex Wright, the new Justice of the Peace in Fullerton township, has filed his official bond with the County Recorder, with W. M. McFadden and William Crowther as his sureties.

S. E. Elliott vs. J. A. Williams, an action brought to recover a certain sum of money on a promissory note, has been filed in the County Clerk's office.

Ed Molino and B. Placencia have been sent to the County Jail for beating a Chinaman.

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LONG BEACH.

LONG BEACH, Jan. 29.—[Regular Correspondence.] The cantata "Queen Esther," was produced Thursday evening at the tabernacle under direction of Prof. C. S. Cornell. The hall was crowded to its fullest capacity. Some of the principal characters were presented by Los Angeles vocalists. The entertainment was for the benefit of the public library. On account of the success of the entertainment its reproduction at Downey in the near future is contemplated.

A petition asking the Board of Supervisors to call an election for the purpose of voting on the question of reincorporating is in circulation. It is not anticipated that there will be any difficulty encountered in the effort to get the necessary number of signatures to the petition.

The City Park is being cared for by voluntary subscription in a manner evidently satisfactory.

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POMONA.

POMONA, Jan. 29.—[Regular Correspondence.] Pomona was visited by a heavy thunder, rain and hail storm from 3 o'clock to 3:30 o'clock this afternoon. During the latter part of Wednesday night and all day Thursday up to the middle of the afternoon the rain had fallen very gently, all the water being absorbed by the earth, but from 3 o'clock on it proved a regular old-time gully-washer.

The newly-elected officers of Heliotrope Rebekah Lodge and of the Mary S. Logan Club have been installed.

The members of St. Joseph's Church feel so grateful to the Amateur Minstrel Club, which netted the church $127.50 at its last performance, that they will set a banquet for the club in the church parlors on the evening of February 8.

The funeral of the late E. A. Curtis of this city will be held from the Methodist Church at 1:30 o'clock p.m. Saturday.

The women of the Unitarian Aid Society will give a reception in the church parlors Tuesday afternoon.

The Experimental Station has just received a lot of seed for spring planting.

Dean Peck, the evangelist from Denver, Colo., will speak in the Baptist Church Saturday evening.

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FRED DETMERS, the optician, has removed to No. 257 South Spring street.

SAN DIEGO COUNTY.

INGENIOUS THEORIES ABOUT A MYSTERIOUS LAND DEAL.

Serious Accident to a Young Horseman—Charles Lang Defended His Home from a New Woman—Brief Notes and Personals.

SAN DIEGO, Jan. 29.—[Regular Correspondence.] More theories are advanced as to the meaning of the recent purchase of 150 acres of land on Point Loma by people believed to be interested in securing terminal facilities for a transcontinental railway and a transpacific steamer line. One of these theories is that C. A. Griscom, Jr., has secured the land as the terminus of a cable line to Japan. Another theory is that the land will be used as an experimental tea farm. Another wiseacer says the land will be used for a California Tuxedo, wherein swelldom from the effete and wintry East can perambulate in comfort during the cold months. Those who claim that they know all about the mystery say that it will all be explained in a short time in Associated Press dispatches from the East. Meanwhile, the public will have to wait with bated breath to see whether or not anything more than a mouse comes out of the mountain.

NEARLY KILLED.

While riding a bareback horse near Third and Cedar streets, Horace Deming, aged 19, was nearly killed. The horse slipped and the boy was thrown violently against the curbing, rendering him insensible. He has remained in a semi-comatose condition since the accident. It is feared that he is suffering from severe internal injuries, although no bones are broken.

DEFENDED HIS HOME.

A verdict of not guilty has been rendered in a rather curious police case. Charles Lang, of Mission Valley was charged with battery by Mrs. Rose. The trial revealed that the complainant called at Lang's house, called him a "big brute" and endeavored to run the house. Lang ordered her out. She declined to go. Lang forced her to leave, Mrs. Rose fought viciously with tongue and finger nails. The woman was finally bounced. Then she brought a complaint against Lang of battery. This may be one of the results of the new woman craze down this way.

SAN DIEGO BREVITIES.

J. D. Schuyler, the engineer, denies in a published letter that he was constructing engineer in the construction of Babcock's Otay dam, and gives Babcock's paper, the Union, the lie, adding: "It looks very much as though Babcock was getting ready to throw the blame of any disaster that may occur to his dam upon some one else, when everybody knows that he has planned it all himself."

In the case of the Savings and Loan Society against Fannie M. McKoon, administratrix of Hosmer P. McKoon's estate, a judgment has been rendered for the plaintiff. This involves the ownership of the Fanita ranch at El Cajon. The judgment amounts to about $40,000.

A San Diego rancher planted 150 strawberry plants in January, 1896, and by September of that year harvested 94 quarts from the vines, besides selling 2500 plants from the runners of the original plants, at $1 per 100.

The Golden Cross Milling and Mining Company at Hedges will not shut down, as has been reported. Receiver Stewart has secured Richard Wheeler as a mill superintendent.

The annual report of the Board of Public Works shows total receipts of $1975; expenses, $74,788, of which $18,481 was for street lighting, $17,164 for hydrant rental.

Graham E. Babcock will build public baths at D and California streets, the estimated cost to be $15,000. The plunge tank will be 50x100 feet.

The legislators to inspect the proposed normal school site at Pacific Beach will arrive tomorrow, accompanied by Senator Withington.

Architect J. B. Stannard is the first person arrested for violating the ordinance forbidding expectoration on the sidewalk. He was fined $2.

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McCabe & Johnson have started a factory for the manufacture of smoking tobacco from the leaf raised on their El Cajon ranch.

Admiral Palliser of the British North Pacific squadron telegraphs his regrets at being unable to attend the carnival on February 22.

The League of American Wheelmen has appointed I. L. Leszynsky and Miss Florence Alling consuls in this city.

On February 21 the Loyal Legion of this State is expected here to attend the carnival and hold a meeting.

Miss Lucia Dickinson has begun studying at the State Normal School in Los Angeles.

The monitor Monterey went through the interesting drill of clearing for action yesterday.

The revenue cutter Corwin cruised outside yesterday to test her boilers.

Mr. and Mrs. George L. Stevenson of Michigan have arrived at Coronado.

The schooner Ida has arrived from Lower California with guano.

Judge J. W. Hughes is again in court, after an attack of the grip.

REDLANDS.

Water Rate Problem Before a Federal Court.

REDLANDS, Jan. 29.—[Regular Correspondence.] Judge Otis has returned from Los Angeles, where he has devoted several days in the interest of the water users under the Bear Valley Company, and as special representative of the Domestic Water Company. The United States District Court has been asked to grant a temporary injunction restraining the Bear Valley Company from collecting the rate of 20 cents per inch for the use of water. The attorneys for the Domestic Company and other water users will file their briefs next week, and a hearing of the question is expected during February.

REDLANDS BREVITIES.

The Chamber of Commerce has withdrawn its indorsement of the cannery project, which has been hanging fire for two years, and will seek other parties to interest in the establishment of a cannery in this city.

The directors of the Chamber of Commerce have elected officers for the ensuing year as follows: President, A. B. Ruggles; vice-president, S. C. Haver; secretary, C. T. Gifford.

E. M. Marshall has resigned the position of night watchman.

Rain fell very gently last night and a good portion of today.

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USE Smith's Dandruff Pomade, the only sure cure for dandruff, itching scalp and falling hair, guaranteed to give satisfaction, by all druggists. Price 50 cents.

Monday Night We Give Away the House. Today We Give Great Values.

Perhaps by the time the Cuban War is ended—Perhaps by the time the harbor is complete—Perhaps by the time the Salt Lake Road is done there will be a store in Los Angeles that will match us in selling Boys' clothes—But the plain facts of the case are that up to the present time no one touches us. At least that's what mothers who are posted on quality and prices say.

All Boys' Cape Overcoats, 3 to 14 years in size, at one third of regular price.

Boys' Reefer Suits, sizes 4 to 8 years, great $2.50 and $3.00 values at $2.00

Boys' Double-breasted Suits, sizes 8 to 15 years, $3.50 and $4.00 sorts at $2.45

Boys' Juvenile Suits, sizes 4 to 7 years, worth $4, $5, and up to $6, now $2.75

Boys' Knee Pants, 4 to 14 years 25c

Nazareth Waists, 3 to 8 years, worth 25c, at 15c

Boys' Waists, assorted colors, 4 to 14 years 20c

Boys' Percale Waists, 6 to 12 years, 50c kinds 35c

London Clothing Co.

119, 121, 123, 125 North Spring Street .... S. W. Corner Franklin

HARRIS & FRANK, PROPRIETORS

Varicocele

Twisted, swollen, painful, weakening in its effects upon the vital powers, the direct cause of thousands of cases of general nervous exhaustion, debility and decay. This is Varicocele in the veins of the vital parts. It is perhaps the most dangerous of the many results of early indiscretions. It drains the vital powers in that slow, treacherous manner which leaves no sign of its terrible effect until the awful work is done—until the whole nerve force, the foundation of mental, physical and vital strength, is undermined and manhood destroyed. Doctors have tried every known means in their attempts to cure it, and have usually given it up with the advice that it will not be a serious matter. But this is only their way of excusing themselves for their helplessness. It is a serious matter, as proven by the thousands of physical wrecks it has caused. But it can be cured by

DR. SANDEN'S ELECTRIC BELT.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., March 14, 1896.

Dr. A. T. Sanden—Dear Sir: I bought one of your strong-power Belts for varicocele and its accompanying weakness. My case was of long standing and was aggravated by the use of all kinds of medicines, from which I found no relief until I used your Belt. I had good results as soon as I applied it, and in a short time, I noticed that the veins in the scrotum were very much reduced.

I want the world to know of the good your Belt has done me, and take great pleasure in recommending it. Yours truly, GEORGE E. NASH, Fifth and Crocker streets.

There is not another remedy in the world today which has received the favorable mention that has been given Dr. Sanden's Electric Belt. In many forms of disease and weakness in both men and women, it has proven effective and deserves a trial.

Call and consult the doctor and see and test the Belt, or send for book, "Three Classes of Men," which is mailed, sealed, free to any address. Don't put it off; act today. There is nothing more important than your health. Call or address

DR. A. T. SANDEN,

204 South Broadway, corner Second, Los Angeles, Cal.

Office Hours: 8 to 6; Evenings, 7 to 8; Sundays, 10 to 1.

$3.25

For Today Only we will sell any and all Boys' Suits to the value of $6.00 or under for $3.25. This is a legitimate temptation for you. We will lose heavily by the offer, but we want you to know all about this Removal and Alteration Sale. This is only in one department, but it is a sample of how reckless things are. In this particular sale, for this one day only, you are cautioned to be on hand early, as this is something that will surely take.

Bring $3.25.

Mullen, Bluett & Co.

101, 103 North Spring Street,
201, 203, 205, 207, 209 West First Street.

[THE PUBLIC SERVICE.]

WORK FOR THE CLERK

COUNCIL'S SUPPLY COMMITTEE WOULD GIVE HIM MORE.

Recommended That He Be Made the Purchasing Agent of Supplies for the Administration.

JOHN LEE FOUND GUILTY.

TAKES THE JURY TWELVE MINUTES TO REACH A VERDICT.

Contestants Rest in the Alaniz Will Contest—Suit for Twenty-five Thousand Dollars Damages. Embezzler Bound Over.

At the City Hall yesterday the Board of Public Works and the Supply Committee held meetings. The latter committee prepared a report recommending that the City Clerk be authorized to purchase all the supplies used by the different municipal departments.

The brief trial of John Lee for rape in Department One ended yesterday, the jury rendering a verdict of guilty as charged, in twelve minutes. Lee will appear before Judge Smith for sentence on Monday morning. The contestants in the Alaniz will contest have at last rested their case, and the proponents have begun to introduce their testimony. A suit for $25,000 damages against the Los Angeles Railway Company has been filed for the death of Charles C. Odell, a conductor who was killed by an electric shock last November. Barthelman's attorney made a motion for a new trial yesterday, and was allowed ten days in which to prepare an argument on the motion.. A deposition for the defense in the Spencer trial was taken before Judge Van Dyke yesterday, and Justice Young bound over an embezzler to appear before the Superior Court.

[AT THE CITY HALL.]

PURCHASE OF SUPPLIES.

METHOD USED IN THE PAST SAID TO BE DEFECTIVE.

A Committee Recommends to the Council That the City Clerk Be Made the Purchasing Agent Hereafter for All Departments.

The Supply Committe of the Council is dissatisfied with the methods now in use by the different municipal departments in the matter of purchasing supplies.

After a careful consideration of the subject, the committee has decided to recommend to the Council that hereafter the City Clerk be authorized to act as a purchasing agent for the entire administration. In a report to the Council, prepared yesterday, the committee speaks as follows:

"Your committee would respectfully call the attention of your honorable body to the fact that some provision other than that now existing should be made for the purchase of supplies for the various departments of the city. At present each department is purchasing its own stock without having provision made for keeping account of the same, and with the result that amounts are carried in excess of the immediate demand in some departments, while others will be in need of same. It is the opinion of this committee that the Clerk should be designated as the purchaser and custodian of all supplies of the various departments; that he should be provided with a place to keep same in his immediate care and deliver, upon requisition of the various departments. We feel that in this manner larger quantities could be purchased, better prices obtained, and a closer check kept upon all supplies."

In addition to this recommendation the committee's report contains the following:

"Your Supply Committee, to whom was referred the bids of the Crescent Coal Company and D. F. McGarry for supply the various departments of the city with coal, would respectfully recommend that no contract be entered into at present for the purchase of coal, and that the bids above referred to be filed.

"In the matter of the ordinance in relation to garbage can, your committee would respectfully report recommending that the draft of same as submitted by the City Attorney be adopted."

BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS.

Boiler Inspection and Street-sign Topics Laid Over a Week.

The Board of Public Works was expected to take action upon two important maters at its meeting yesterday, these being the ordinance repealing all "boiler-inspection" legislation and the draft of a franchise to erect street signs with advertising matter upon them.

At the request of R. A. Ling, counsel for Boiler Inspector Walters, the ordinance was laid over one week, and similar action was taken with reference to the street-sign proposition. Other matters referred to the board were acted upon as follows:

"In the matter of petition from P. W. Johnson, et al., asking that Towne avenue, between Sixth and Seventh streets, be graded, graveled, curbed with cement, sidewalked with cement five feet wide and sewered, under the bond provisions of the Vrooman Act, recommend the same be referred to the City Engineer for the necessary estimate of cost, and if the same exceeds the amount required by law, then to present the ordinance of intention therefor.

"In the matter of petition from Mrs. Mary E. Withrow, asking that the city abandon that portion of her property on Pasadena avenue falling within the lines established for said avenue, and that a deed to the city be accepted for land on the opposite side of said avenue, equal in area to the land asked to be abandoned, recommend the same be granted and the City Attorney instructed to pass upon deed for same; also that the City Engineer be instructed to furnish description of the property to be abandoned to the City Attorney to prepare the necessary ordinance.

"In the matter of petition from Frank Pfaffinger, et al., asking that the grade of Hope street, between Temple and Courthouse streets, be established as set forth in said petition, recommend the same be referred to the City Engineer for the necessary estimate of frontage and to investigate the practicability of the same.

"Recommend that petition from Henry Glap, et al., asking to have a five-foot cement walk laid on both sides of Wall street, between Fifth and Boyd streets, be granted and the City Engineer instructed to prepare and present the necessary ordinance of intention therefor.

"In the matter of petition from E. Huddleston et al., asking that Buckley street, between Ninth and Connecticut streets, be graded, graveled, curbed and sidewalked under the bond provisions of the Vrooman Act, recommend the same be referred to the City Engineer for estimate of cost, and if the same exceeds the amount required by law, then to present the necessary ordinance of intention.

"Recommend petition from J. R. Toberman et al., asking that a cement sidewalk be constructed on each side of Orange street, between Pearl street and Union avenue, be granted and the City Engineer instructed to present the necessary ordinance of intention.

"Recommend that petitions from J. E. Murray et al., from I. Y. Murray et al. and protest from E. P. Bosbyshell, in reference to sidewalking Orange street, be filed.

"Recommend that petition from John McQuilkin et al., calling attention to the condition of E. Ninth street, be referred to the City Engineer, in connection with other petitions heretofore referred to him, to report the best method of abating the nuisance complained of.

"Recommend that the ordinance of intention to establish the grade of Vermont avenue and Pico street, to a point 1000 feet south of the south line of Pico street, be placed upon its passage.

"In compliance with the recommendation of the City Engineer, recommend that all proceeding for establishing the grade of Albion street, under ordinance of intention No. 3998 (new series) be abandoned.

"Recommend that the Street Superintendent be instructed to extend the storm drain on South Cummings street from Second to Third streets.

"Recommend that the City Engineer be instructed to establish the grade of the alley between Boyle avenue and State street and First and Second streets.

"Recommend that the Street Superintendent be instructed to have the gutter on the west side of Los Angeles street, between Fifth and Sixth streets, cleaned out at least once a week.

"In the matter of petition from Thomas S. Ewing et al., asking to have a ditch dug on Trinity street, so as to carry the storm water off Twenty-first street, your board beg to report that the proper remedy would be to have said Trinity street graded.

"In the matter of protests from the McDonald Company, Alice Shafer, George H. Shafer et al. and A. E. Wadleigh et al., against the confirmation of the report of the commissioners for the opening of Mateo street, your board beg leave to refer the same back to Council without recommendation."

MORE SUGGESTIONS.

The Unemployed Considered by the Merchants and Manufacturers.

The City Council is in receipt of a letter from Secretary Knight of the Merchants' and Manufacturers' Association, in relation to the unemployed men in the city. The letter follows:

"To the Council of Los Angeles—Gentlemen: At a meeting of the board of directors of this association held January 25, the subject of the unemployed in our midst was introduced, and its various phases discussed at considerable length. These unfortunate people not only appeal to our sympathies for themselves and, in some cases, those dependent upon them for support, but it is felt that so large an element of idle and needy men is a serious menace to the safety of our community.

"The directors of this association, therefore, believe that the gravity of the situation calls for some action on the part of your honorable body without further delay. In accordance with that sentiment, the secretary was instructed, by a unanimous vote, to address a communication to you, respectfully urging that immediate steps be taken to provide work for the deserving unemployed.

"It was remarked that there is much useful work that needs to be done, such as keeping the business streets in better order, macadamizing the suburban roadways, improving the parks and boulevards, etc. Assistance thus rendered is not to be construed as charity, for it will enable the recipient to help himself, retain his self-respect, and remain an honorable member of society.

"It is believed that public funds judiciously expended for such a purpose in the present emergency, will meet with the hearty approval of taxpayers."

BICYCLE RACKS.

Council Petitioned to Pass an Ordinance Permitting Their Use.

After presenting several petitions to the Council, in relation to the use of bicycle racks on the sidewalks of the city, T. E. Newlin yesterday filed with the City Clerk another document bearing on the subject, signed by several hundred persons and reading as follows:

"We, the undersigned residents of Los Angeles and citizens of the United States, respectfully petition your honorable body to pass an ordinance allowing merchants and other business people to place bicycle racks in front of their respective places of business in Los Angeles for the accommodation of their customers who ride bicycles, to occupy a space about two feet wide by three feet long and about three and one-half feet high on the outer edge of sidewalk, allowing a sign 1x2 feet on the upper part."

Another Big Building.

Among the permits issued yesterday by Superintendent of Buildings Strange was one to L. Harris, for a four-story brick building on Spring street, between Fourth and Fifth streets.

A PROMISING MATCH.

Articles Signed for a Go Between Burns and Cotton.

Articles have been signed for a fifteen-round boxing match between Jim Burns of Chicago, who recently fought Billy Gallagher, and Joe Cotton, the colored pugilist, who fought a draw with Gallagher some time ago. The match is for a purse to be put up by the Los Angeles Athletic Club, in whose rooms the fight will come off. The size of the purse has not yet been decided upon, or at least not yet given out, but will probably be $250 or $300.

The match will be fought about the middle of next month, and promises to be a very interesting one. Burns and Cotton boxed a four-round exhibition last month at the club, which showed the men to be very evenly matched.

Death of Mrs. Luketich.

Mrs. E. Luketich, wife of one of the largest orange shippers of Hermosilla, Mex., who was well known in Los Angeles, died in Hermosilla December 4, 1896, at the age of 27 years. Mrs. Luketich was the daughter of M. I. Sugich of Dalamatia. She had resided in Mexico for seven years, spending the summer months in Los Angeles. Mr. Luketich will take the embalmed body of his wife to their old home in Europe.

THE MOST BEAUTIFUL PLACE
In California is San Diego and Coronado Beach; a perfect climate.

TO REACH RANDSBURG MINING CAMP
Take the Santa Fé route, only twenty-five-mile stage; leave Los Angeles 10:15 a.m.; arrive Randsburg 9:30 p.m. Through tickets, $6.75.

[AT THE COURT HOUSE.]

JOHN LEE CONVICTED.

COMPARATIVELY NO DEFENSE OFFERED IN HIS BEHALF.

The Jury Deliberated but Twelve Minutes Before Bringing in a Verdict—Lee Was Disappointed. Will Be Sentenced Monday.

Never was there better evidence of the truth of the statement that hope springs eternal in the human breast, than was demonstrated by the expression of keen disappointment depicted on the countenance of John Lee yesterday afternoon in Department One, when he heard the words pronounced which told him of his conviction for the crime of rape. To what straw Lee clung, in hoping that the jury would render a verdict in his favor, or even in hoping for a disagreement among the jurors, would be hard to state. Certain it is that the prisoner at the bar was for the moment staggered and almost overcome, when the thought came over him that he was, for the second time in his life of thirty-three years, a convicted felon.

The prosecution rested yesterday forenoon, Dr. Brainerd being the last witness called by the counsel for the people. The testimony of the witness was largely upon medical lines, in all instances coinciding with and corroborating the testimony of former witnesses for the State.

The only witness called by the defense was the defendant himself. His direct examination was of so sickening a character as to cause one to wonder at the crowded courtroom.

The only points in which his story differed from that of the prosecutrix were those in which she had testified of his advances and intimidations. These statements of the little girl Lee denied, and insinuated her willingness to comply with his requests. It was, taken altogether, such a barefaced, brazen admittance of criminal intention and action, as none but the most depraved would indulge in. Lee's defense was a denial of the actual perpetration of the act charged in the complaint.

Deputy District Attorney McComas gave the defendant such a cross-examination as he will never forget. A detailed account of his queries is unnecessary, when the fact is known that Lee unable to ward off the questions by braggadocio, was about to fly at the District Attorney after leaving the witness-stand, when restrained and quieted by his counsel.

There were three arguments to the jury, each of about forty-five minutes duration. Attorney Del Valle opened for the prosecution, Frank F. Davis, Esq., following him for the defense, and Deputy District Attorney McComas closing for the people. The counsel for the defendant made a strong plea to the jury to change the charge to assault with intent to commit felony, arguing that the felony had not been proven perpetrated, but to no avail.

Warden Hale came down from San Francisco to identify Lee in case the latter denied having served a term in the penitentiary, but the warden was not used as a witness.

Monday at 10 o'clock is the time set for Lee to appear for sentence, but the usual motion for a new trial will be interposed, postponing the event for a greater or less interval.

EMBEZZLER BOUND OVER.

Held to Answer to the Superior Court in Bonds of $1000.

In the case of the people against Pellegrin, the defendant was examined yesterday before Justice Young, on a charged of embezzlement, and held over to appear before the Superior Court in bonds of $1000. According to the testimony introduced, the defendant was treasurer of a chapter of the Ancient Order of Druids, in this city. He disappeared with about $146 of the funds of the order which had been entrusted to his care, and was traced to Sacramento and from that place to San Francisco, where he was arrested. His two bondsmen, who were called upon to make good the loss to the Druids, were his prosecutors.

Pellegrin's story is that he lent the money to a friend, trusting that it would be immediately repaid. His friend fell ill, however, and is now sick in Sacramento, and has consequently been unable to liquidate his indebtedness to the defendant. The bondsmen, who were compelled to pay the $146, are very indignant over Pellegrin's actions in the matter and declare their intentions to make every endeavor to have him punished to the full extent of the law.

MOTION FOR A NEW TRIAL.

John F. Barthelman Granted a Stay of Sentence.

John F. Barthelman, who was convicted of murder in the first degree for the killing of his wife, Mabel Barthelman, appeared before Judge Smith, in Department One yesterday morning. Barthelman was to have been sentenced yesterday, but his counsel, Frank F. Davis, Esq., secured a stay of sentence on account of a motion for a new trial. Attorney Davis first endeavored to secure a stay of sentence on the ground that the information under which the defendant was convicted did not state a public offense. The court refusing to grant a stay of sentence on those grounds, counsel moved for a new trial.

The motion for a new trial was based upon statutory grounds, several counts being cited. Among them were errors of the court, misconduct of the jury and misconduct of the District Attorney while he was addressing the jury in his argument.

The court granted counsel ten days in which to prepare an argument upon his motion.

Barthelman was not looking at all well yesterday when he appeared in court, and was very pale and exceedingly nervous. The convicted man glanced about uneasily, as though he wished to be out from under the scrutiny of the many pairs of eyes watching him. As usual he exhibited no emotion beyond that of extreme nervousness, which he betrayed by his restless movements.

THE CONTESTANTS REST.

The Proponents Have Their Innings in the Alaniz Trial.

Yesterday afternoon the attorneys for the contestants of the will of Mrs. Alaniz rested their case, and the propoents began to introduce their testimony by placing on the stand James W. McDonald, Esq., one of the counsel for Mrs. Casenave and the attorney who drew up the disputed document.

Many witnesses were called by the plaintiffs yesterday, none of whose testimony was of signal importance. Attorney Appel, for the contestants, endeavored to get at the details of a conversation alleged to have been held between Alfredo Pico and one Lavorco, Both were called to the stand, but the court would allowed neither of them to answer the questions asked by the counsel. The conversation, as alleged, was tending to show that a conspiracy had been formed between Mrs. Rubio and certains others, or rather, that Mrs. Rubio was in collusion with others, to procure the execution of the will over which the contest originated.

Nearly all the testimony yesterday was introduced to strengthen and support this theory. A witness named Jesse Avis testified that he had been told by Mrs. Rubio, subsequent to the death of Mrs. Alaniz, that the will had been drawn up at the request of Mrs. Casenave. The witness further stated that Mrs. Rubio told him that it could not be arranged so that the nephews and nieces of the deceased would be able to get anything from the estate on that account. The witness was not at all sure of his statements on cross-examination, and he was addicted to loss of memory, which has been so prevalent among the majority of the witnesses in this trial.

Dr. Joseph Kurtz was called as a medical expert, and had read to him a long hypothetical question, stating the incidents surrounding the latter part of Mrs. Alaniz's life, and her death, from the standpoint of the witnesses who have testified for the contestants. On this hypothesis Dr. Kurtz gave his opinion that the old lady must have been mentally unbalanced.

The contestants rested their case early in the afternoon, and James W. McDonald was the first witness called by the proponents. His direct examination was brief and to the point. He had drawn up the will for the deceased, Mrs. Alaniz, and had been in her presence when she signed the document. Everything, according to his testimony, had been regular, and nothing unusual or out of the ordinary had taken place. The witness was subjected to a very rigid cross-examination, but his testimony could not be shaken as to the facts of the case.

The trial will be taken up again this morning.

SUIT FOR DAMAGES.

Street Railway Company Sued for Twenty-five Thousand Dollars.

T. J. Henderson, as administrator of the estate of Charles C. Odell, deceased, filed a suit yesterday against the Los Angeles Railway Company for $25,000 damages for the death of the abovementioned Charles Odell. Odell was employed as a street-car conductor by the railway company and was killed by a shock of electricity, received while in its employ.

The facts connected with Odell's death were mentioned in the papers at the time the incident occurred, and are given here according to the allegations of the complaint.

During a heavy storm of rain and wind on the night of November 19, 1896, certain wires became crossed in such a way as to transmit the current from the electric light or street railway wires to the telephone wires. The complaint alleges that the wire which did the mischief was running from the main office of the railway company along Spring street. Odell was conductor on the Boyle Heights and Seventh-street run that night, and when he stepped to the telephone at the Seventh-street end of the line, at Alvarado street, and took the receiver in his hand to report the arrival of his car to the car dispatcher, he came in contact with the current, which passed through his body, killing him almost instantly. Odell was a married man, and the blow fell very heavily on his wife.

WAS A LOVING WIFE.

Mrs. Ross Testifies That Mrs. Spencer Loved Her Husband.

Mrs. Helen M. Ross's deposition was taken yesterday before Judge Van Dyke in Department Four. Mrs. Ross was to have been a witness for the defense in the Spencer trial, but her deposition was taken because of her intended departure from the city.

The witness testified as follows: She had known the Spencer family ever since 1882, and had seen them every few days during the period between that time and the date of Spencer's death. They had visited frequently at her house, and she frequently at theirs. As far as the witness had observed they were devoted to each other, and she was of the opinion that Mrs. Spencer was a devoted and affectionate wife.

On one occasion when Mrs. Ross was making a visit at the Spencer house, during a slight illness of Mrs. Spencer, Spencer told her that his wife was ill and feeling very much disturbed on account of her trouble, referring to the Newton damage suit, which was then pending. Spencer also told the witness that Mrs. Newton was one of the worst women he had ever known or seen, and that she had done nothing but blackmail and abuse his wife since the suit had been commenced.

As to the matter of the lewd letters, copies of which were introduced in court by the plaintiff, and which purported to be written by Newton to Mrs. Spencer while the former was in Chicago, Spencer had told the witness that they concerned nothing but business, and were addressed as much to him as to his wife. Spencer further stated that when the letters just mentioned came to the house, Mrs. Spencer was at the ranch, and that he received and opened them and was very well acquainted with all their contents.

On further questioning Mrs. Ross testified that the Spencers seemed to enjoy all the comforts of life, and that Spencer seemed to be cheerful and happy at all times.

CRESCENT LAUNDRY VS. O'NEILL.

Laundry Company Sues for $1000 and All Money Received by Him.

The Crescent Steam Laundry Company has filed a suit against Charles H. O'Neill, to recover $1000 and an accounting of all money received by him from the company while he was in its employ as general business manager. It will be remembered that the company brought suit against O'Neil on a charge of embezzlement not long ago, on which he was discharged.

The complaint alleges that during the seven months the defendant held the position of business manager of the company, he received various sums of money due it, for which he has never accounted to the plaintiff, either by entry on the books or otherwise. The complaint further states that certain business dealings were carried on by the defendant, of interest to the company, but with parties unknown to the plaintiff, concerning which the defendant refuses to give any information, either as to the parties concerned, or as to the amount involved.

FLOTSAM AND JETSAM.

Miscellaneous Driftwood Thrown into the Courts.

SUIT TO QUIET TITLE. A suit was filed yesterday by William L. Wills against Peter Compere and Julia Compere, his wife, to quiet title to the northeasterly forty feet of lot 12 of the Consuelo sub-division of the Celis Vineyard tract.

COMMITTED THIS TIME. Michael Gross, who was examined on a charge of insanity a few days ago and discharged, was again examined yesterday by Drs. Gregory and Mathis before Judge York in Department Six, this time being committed to the asylum at Highland.

TWO CO-PARTNERSHIPS. Two co-partnerships have been filed in the clerk's office, one between Hugh T. Duff and George E. Nolan, to carry on business as the Machinery and Electrical Company, the other between C. C. Kohlmeier and V. Kratz, to carry on business as the Atlas Mill-in Company.

INCORPORATION. Articles of incorporation were filed yesterday for the Phillips Sanitary Grate and Heating Company. The capital stock was stated at $15,000, divided into 300 shares of $50 each, $250 worth of which have already been subscribed for. The object of the company is to manufacture and sell Phillips's sanitary grate, and Phillips's portable heater. The directors are George Phillips, H. D. Thompson, J. L. Bayle, N. A. Thompson and E. J. Whitty, all of Los Angeles.

HE DESERTED HER. Minnie L. Bowles vs. Samuel M. Bowles is the title of a divorce suit filed yesterday. The plaintiff prays for a decree on the ground of desertion.

IS NOW A CITIZEN. John Fonnell, a native of Germany, was admitted to citizenship by Judge Allen in Department Six yesterday.

JUDGMENT FOR PLAINTIFF. In two cases of Blake, Moffitt and Towne vs. the Pasadena and Mt. Wilson Railway Company, Judge Allen rendered decision for the plaintiff yesterday. The amount of the judgment in one case was $200 and costs, and $250 and costs in the other.

SUIT FOR DIVORCE. Martha Riehm filed a suit yesterday for divorce from her husband, Mott Riehm, on the grounds of cruelty, inhuman treatment and abandonment.

Fire at Compton.

An incendiary fire at Compton yesterday morning damaged Harbell's Hall to the extent of about fifty dollars. It was discovered by George Bartlett, who gave the alarm, and the citizens put out the fire.

Robbery at Downey.

The house of S. Adams at Downey was entered by tramps on Thursday evening, during the adsence of the family, and robbed of property worth about $50.

Names Were Mixed.

In the report of the case involving a check written upon the wrong blank, the names were transposed yesterday. It was T. A. Sharp who made the mistake in writing a check which he gave to W. S. Russell.

GOOD Samaritan Mission, No. 759 Upper Main street. Neat and comfortable night's lodging and hearty, wholesome meals, 5 cents each, for men. Freely given to worthy men out of means and work until they get wages. A golden opportunity for the charitable to make a little help go far in meeting pressing need. Cash needed for the charitable work, all sorts of clothing for single men and boys and for poor families. Men will be supplied for all kinds of labor, guaranteed to be trustworthy and competent, and for very moderate wages. Address Times office, or Capt. J. A. Frazier, No. 759 Upper Main street.

Tomorrow.

Today will be yesterday, and the great Manufacturers' Reduction Sale at THE HUB will be a thing of the past. The sale, which started two weeks ago, proved a great success in many ways. Many men bought many Suits and Overcoats, and paid $8.25 for an overcoat or for a full suit of clothes that had been priced down from as high as $14.00. Others bought of the finer and higher grades of apparel, paying only $13.75 and taking their choice of Overcoats and Suits that had been as high as $25.00.

And Today is the Last Day

AFTER TONIGHT THESE PRICES WILL BE NO MORE.

Buy Today--Buy at The Hub--Buy Today.

Men's Suits and Overcoats

Today your last and only chance to choose from all the $10, $12, $14 and $15 Suits and Overcoats in the whole house. Single and double-breasted, round and square-cut, Sack and 3-button cutaway Frock Suits, in Worsteds, Cheviots, Cassimeres and English Plaids. Overcoats of latest imported materials, most fashionably made and tailored, and such garments as were sold at from $10 to $15; all repriced to only........ **$8.25**

Men's Suits and Overcoats

Today your last and only chance to choose from all the $16, $18, $20, $22, $25 and $30 Suits and Overcoats in the house; single and double-breasted, round and square-cut Sacks, 3-button Cutaways, Prince Alberts and Full Dress Suits of Imported English Clay Worsteds, Scotch Cheviots, English and French Worsteds and Plaids; and the very finest line of Overcoats—Meltons, Beavers, Coverts, Clays and Imported Cloths ever offered in this city at from $16 to $30; all repriced to only........ **$13.75**

THE HUB

New Bullard Building. 154 to 200 North Spring St.

The Fashion

Purchased the Entire Stock of

Samples of Ladies' Shirt Waists

From the representative of one of the largest Shirt Waist manufacturers in the United States at LESS THAN ONE-HALF ACTUAL VALUE, because there were not ALL SIZES in the various styles and patterns he carried, THE ENTIRE LOT WILL BE PLACED ON

SPECIAL SALE For Today Only.

Only 380 Ladies' Waists,

Representing over One Hundred Different Styles and Patterns of

THE COMING SPRING AND SUMMER FASHIONS

An Elegant Display in our Large Window.

Waists that will cost $1.00 and more, On Sale for only 50c
Waists that will cost $1.25 and more, On Sale for only 65c
Waists that will cost $2.00 and more, On Sale for only 90c
Waists that will cost $2.50 and more, On Sale for only $1.25

The Fashion

251 South Broadway, Byrne Building.

EVA HARTMAN, Manager. Mail Orders Filled.